

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XIV, NO. 51.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1923.

\$2.00 YEARLY

FIREWOOD—Stove or Furnace Lengths, at \$6.00 per load, delivered. Apply to W. H. Willoughby, Blairmore.

Thursday last was the sixth anniversary of the big explosion that wrecked the greater part of the city of Halifax.

The Catholic ladies of Coleman held a very successful bazaar last evening.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.



ONLY THREE MORE SHOPPING DAYS TILL CHRISTMAS

Let us supply your Xmas requirements in Groceries.

NUTS of all kinds—
Mixed, per lb 25c
Chestnuts, lb 35c
Shelled Brazils, lb \$1.10
Shelled Filberts, lb 60c
Shelled Pecans, lb \$1.50

FANCY FRUIT—
Turkish Figs, lb 45c & 60c
California Figs, lb 30c
Fresh Dates, 2 lbs 25c
Spanish Grapes, lb 45c
Spanish Table Raisins, per pkt. 45c
California Table Raisins, per pkt. 35c
Cranberries, 2 lbs 45c

HOLLY AND MISTLETOE
Leave your order with us now for delivery on arrival at Lowest Prices. Direct from the grower.

For the Xmas Dinner—Head and Leaf Lettuce, Hot House Tomatoes, Brussel Sprouts, Cauliflower, Green Onions, Celery, Parsley

CANDIES—
Xmas Mixed, per lb ... 35c
Bon Bons, etc., per lb ... 45c
A fine assortment of Moir's and Neilson's Chocolates in fancy boxes, from 50c to \$3.

A good selection of Xmas Crackers, \$1.00 to \$2.00 box
Silver Cachons, Silver Leaves and everything you require for decorating cakes.

Fresh Mince meat, lb... 25c
4 lb pails at 90c
Sealers at 60c

CIGARS—
In boxes of 10 at \$1.00, \$1.10 and \$1.25.
Boxes of 25, \$3.25 and \$3.50
Cigarettes in boxes of 100 at \$1.50 and \$1.75. Nice gifts.

XMAS STOCKINGS—
From 5c each to \$2.00
The best we have yet seen.

BUY YOUR XMAS GIFTS AT OUR GREENHILL HARDWARE

FOR THE LADIES—Fancy English China, Tea Sets, Vases, Etc., Cut Glass, nice variety; Queen Anne Silverware, Nice Berry Sets and Odd Pieces, Silverplate in velvet cases, Rogers' "Ambassador" Design, Carvers and Table Cutlery, Hand Bags and Purse, French Ivory Sets, Brass Jardiniers, Dutch Silver Candlesticks and Vases.

FOR MEN—Shaving Sets and Mirrors, Snokers' Sets and Ash Trays, Bronze Book Holders, Playing Cards in fancy cases, Pocket Knives, Razors, Watches and Clocks, Skates and Hockey Sticks, Flash Lights of all kinds. Tools of all kinds, Mitts and Gloves. Thermos Bottles and Kits for workmen.

FOR GIRLS AND CHILDREN—Perfume Sets, Manicure Sets, Electric Curling Irons, Combs and Brushes, Scissors in cases and separate, Vanity Boxes, Hand Bags, Skates, Ankle Supports, Etc., Toys, big variety, Dolls 50c to \$7, Sleds, Skates, Hockey Sticks, Kiddie Cars, Doll Carriages, Games, Etc.

THAT XMAS GIFT WILL COST YOU LESS HERE

YOUR XMAS SHOPPING IN DRY GOODS, SHOES, HOSIERY, MEN'S WEAR AND CLOTHING can be done to your entire satisfaction here.

May we suggest a few of our popular, useful articles that are always appreciated as Gifts?

LADIES' SHOES AND SLIPPERS—We have the newest styles in Log Cabin shade sueded, chocolate and black kid, etc. Ladies' Boudoir Slippers in Fancy Kids and nice bright Felt, Fur Trimmed Moccasins, etc. Children's Slippers in Leather Sole Felt Juliets, pure wool Jaeger Brand and Fur Trimmed Indian Moccasins.

GLOVES AND MITTS—A very large range in women's and children's, in pure wool, mocha, kid, etc.

HOSIERY—In all shades in silks, from fibre at \$1.25 to pure Glove Silk at \$3.50. Also silk and wool and pure wool in a beautiful range of shades.

LADIES' Hand Bags, Handkerchiefs, Vanity Cases, Camisoles, Boudoir Caps, Collars and Collar Sets, Silk Dress Lengths, Silk Underskirts, Waists, etc.

DRESSES—Ladies' and Children's, in Flannels, Homespun, and Serges.

SWEATERS—We have them for the whole family. Special values in all white Pullovers, Sweaters and Toque Sets for ladies.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—New Panel Style Lace Curtains, Scotch Madras in Cream, White and Colors; cream and white Scrims; smart new pattern Cretones, Etc., Table Cloths, Bedroom Towels, Embroidered Pillow Slips, Cushion Forms, Down Comforters, White and colored Pure Wool Blankets, Linoleums and Bedroom Rugs, Etc.

MEN'S DEPARTMENT—Silk knit Mufflers, fur-lined, wool lined and silk lined Dress Gloves, silk and fancy cotton Dress Shirts in special gift boxes. Belts, Suspenders, Garters, separate and in sets. TIES—A larger and better range than ever in individual boxes from \$1.00 to \$2.50. **SHOES AND SLIPPERS**—You will find just what you desire in these.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING—Suits, Odd Pants, Overcoats and Mackinaws. A special cash discount of 20 cts. on the dollar. A very large stock in all these lines and all new goods. A genuine reduction at a very opportune time.

F. M. THOMPSON CO.

PHONES: Main Store 25; Greenhill Store 28.

Blairmore.

A Christmas Message

THE CHRISTMAS SEASON with its feasting and merriment is with us again. We see its influence reflected from the many happy faces as they pass by. There seems to be a subtle magic in the air that is expressed by a heartier handclasp and a warmer welcome.

What a joyous, glad some ring there is to that good old-fashioned wish of "Merry Christmas, that we get from our friends. "The Same to You and Many of Them," we cheerfully answer back, with a sparkle in the eye.

For Christmas is the one season that takes us away from the bickering and care of business, and fills our hearts with human love and understanding and sympathy; and poor indeed is he whose heart or purse does not respond to its magic call. Truly, at this season, "The Bethlehem Message," is a living inspiration.

We feel that we cannot better express our feelings and wishes to our many friends in more fitting words than those of poor crippled Tiny Tim in Dickens' delightful fantasy, "A Christmas Carol"

"God Bless Us Every One."

HOCKEY TO START NEXT WEEK

This season's hockey will be launched next week, the opening game taking place on Lethbridge arena on Thursday between the Lethbridge and Bellevue seniors. The following evening Blairmore will meet Coleman at Coleman ice.

The following schedule has been adopted:

First Section
Thursday, Dec. 27—Bellevue at Lethbridge.
Friday, Dec. 28—Blairmore at Coleman.
Thursday, Jan. 3—Bellevue at BLAIRMORE.
Friday Jan. 4—Lethbridge at Coleman.
Monday, Jan. 7—Coleman at Bellevue.
Tuesday, Jan. 8—Blairmore at Lethbridge.
Thursday, Jan. 10—Bellevue at Coleman.
Friday, Jan. 11—Lethbridge at BLAIRMORE.
Monday, Jan. 14—Blairmore at Bellevue.
Tuesday, Jan. 15—Coleman at Lethbridge.
Thursday, Jan. 17—Coleman at BLAIRMORE.
Friday, Jan. 18—Lethbridge at Bellevue.

Second Section
Monday, Jan. 21—Lethbridge at Coleman.
Tuesday, Jan. 22—Blairmore at Bellevue.
Thursday, Jan. 24—Bellevue at Lethbridge.
Friday, Jan. 25—Coleman at BLAIRMORE.
Monday, Jan. 28—Lethbridge at Bellevue.
Tuesday, Jan. 29—Blairmore at Coleman.
Thursday, Jan. 31—Coleman at Lethbridge.
Friday, Feb. 1—Bellevue at BLAIRMORE.
Tuesday, Feb. 5—Coleman at Bellevue.
Thursday, Feb. 7—Blairmore at Lethbridge.
Friday, Feb. 8—Bellevue at Coleman.
Monday, Feb. 11—Lethbridge at BLAIRMORE.

From Feb. 1 to Feb. 5, 1924—Left open for play-off or protested games in first section. If necessary game scheduled for Feb. 6 could be played

SACRED CONCERT AT COLEMAN

The sacred concert given in the Coleman opera house on Sunday night last by the Coleman Glee Society was a decided success and much enjoyed by the large audience. The hall was crowded to the doors.

The following programme was rendered:

Chorus—"The Song of The Jolly Roger," by the Glee Society.

Solo—"The Glory of The Sea," by Miss Halmie, and encore "Coming Home."

Solo—"The Old Fashioned Town" by Mr. Marsh.

Chorus—"The Spartan Heroes," by the Society.

Solo—"Nervana," by Mr. T. Johnson and encore "Shipmates o' Mine."

Duet—"It was a lover and his lass" by Miss Halmie and Mr. O. Williams and encore.

Solo—"Salamander" by Mr. Alf. Phillips.

Quartette—Messrs. Houghton, Young, Jones and Emmerson.

Chorus—"Crusaders" by the society.

Chorus—"Love's Old Sweet Song" and Soldier Chorus by the Society.

Mr. W. L. Oulmeite kindly officiated as chairman. Mr. O. Williams acted as conductor and Miss Haysom as pianist.

A plant or some choice Cut Flowers make a nice gift for Xmas. Leave your order at Thompson's.

A party attempted to inform us the other day that there was no truth in the report circulated that the liquor recently taken by the police from a freight train at Frank was to be forwarded on to its consignee at Lethbridge.

Insurance Payments

Systematic saving is an easy way to meet life and fire insurance premiums, taxes, and other fixed expenses.

Deposit in a Union Bank Savings Account each month one twelfth of your annual premium and you will have the full premium in the bank when it comes due, plus interest.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Blairmore Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes - J. B. Wilson, Manager
Bellevue Branch and Safety Deposit Boxes - S. J. Loney, Manager
Hillcrest, Sub to Bellevue.



WHERE TO BUY

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

WORTH WHILE

Cutlery of unquestioned mark.

Cut Glass in the newest patterns.

Toys that last and please the little folks.

Aluminum and Brassware that guarantee long use.

A visit to our store will solve many of your gift problems.

Blairmore Hardware Co.

For Cold Weather

Rubbers, Overshoes, Moccasins, Hockey Boots and

all other winter footwear for the whole family.

Also a complete line of Sweaters, Spats, Leggings,

Heavy Shirts and Socks and other warm winter

clothing to fit out the family can be found here.

Blairmore Trading Co.

The Store With the Good Goods

*When it's really cold
there's nothing like
Hot Bovril*

THE OLD HOME IN ONTARIO

Is the place around which centre the tenderest memories of many who are now citizens of Western Canada. All such have now a splendid opportunity to visit the scenes of their youth, to meet and come again to greet their old friends and acquaintances. Beginning 24th of December, the Railways are offering attractive rates to Eastern Canada. Come and bring the wife and children too and when in Toronto stop at the WALKER HOUSE or the CARLS-RITE HOTEL where special attention is given to Ladies and Children who are unaccompanied.

THE WALKER HOUSE

"The House of Pleasure"

where George Wright and 12 Mr. Carroll (both formerly of the West) are proprietors. Attractive rates to Eastern Canada. Come and bring the wife and children too and when in Toronto stop at the WALKER HOUSE or the CARLS-RITE HOTEL where special attention is given to Ladies and Children who are unaccompanied.

THE HOTEL CARLS-RITE

"The House of Comfort"

where George Wright and 12 Mr. Carroll (both formerly of the West) are proprietors. Attractive rates to Eastern Canada. Come and bring the wife and children too and when in Toronto stop at the WALKER HOUSE or the CARLS-RITE HOTEL where special attention is given to Ladies and Children who are unaccompanied.

It Pays To Advertise

Some years ago a comedy under the above name was presented in the theatres throughout the country. It proved extremely popular and had a long and successful run because it was not only screamingly funny, but it was based on truth. That advertising pays is fully recognized by the big business man of the world; in fact, it is because they recognized this truth that most of them are today in the class of Big Business, and it is through advertising that they retain their position there. This is something the man in the class of "small" business should recognize.

We have read of the man who was once induced to place an advertisement in a paper and who was later approached to repeat the experiment. He emphatically refused and when asked for his reason declared that as a result of his advertisement he had sold out his entire stock of the article advertised in one day and had been compelled to get an entirely new article. Then there is the story of the man who declared that advertising had ruined his business, and when a friend remarked, "Why, I never knew you advertised," he replied: "I didn't, but my competitor did." These may be jokes, but they are crammed full of truth nevertheless.

The power of publicity in business development and growth was recently described at a convention in New York. The production of the raisin industry in California was 140,000,000 pounds a year. A national advertising campaign was inaugurated and in four years a full capacity of production has been reached, namely 226,000,000 pounds. The raisin industry is now the original total production. Land for raising growing which formerly sold for \$150 to \$300 an acre, has increased to \$750 to \$1,250 an acre.

Why is it that the people of the United States in 1922 spent \$100,000,000 for chewing gum, \$83,000,000 for cosmetics, \$15,000,000 for scented toilet soaps, \$150,000,000 for hair nets, and \$300,000,000 on patent medicines? Largely because the big business men who produce these articles are among the greatest advertisers in the world so much so that it will kill impossible to pick up a newspaper or magazine without having these articles forced on your attention.

Some years ago the writer of this article had a conversation with the manufacturer of what is probably Canada's best known patent medicine, and out of the sale of which he had amassed millions. This manufacturer stated that out of every package he sold he set aside one-half of the money received as an advertising appropriation to encourage further sales. In the year in question he spent one and a quarter million dollars in advertising. Asked why, with his medicine so well known, he did not stop off say the quarter million and add it to his profits, he emphatically stated that, on the contrary, he would spend even more.

It is sometimes argued by the man in small business that while advertising is all right for Big Business it is a waste of money on the part of a small business. That is just where small business makes its mistake. Advertising rightly directed is never wasted, and the merchant in a small town or village who does not advertise, not spasmodically but persistently and intelligently, and in the best way to reach his own circle of possible purchasers, namely, through his local paper, is neglecting a great opportunity to reduce the volume of his business upon which depends his ability to meet all those expenses he cannot reduce. "Big Business" does not do this; on the contrary, it increases its advertising, positively reduces prices, slightly and goes after increased volume and the largest possible turnover, thereby making more money through increased sales although at a smaller margin of profit on each sale.

Despite "hard times" the pulp and paper business has expanded tremendously and newspaper circulation continues high, the reason being that even in the worst periods of industrial depression newspaper advertising has continued at high levels. During "hard times" the merchant, big or small, who merely waits for business to come to him, instead of going after it, is the one least likely to successfully weather the storm.

Illiteracy Menace in U.S.

One-fourth of the population of the United States can neither read nor write the English language. This is a declaration made by government authorities who are promoting "Educational Week," November 1924, in order to emphasize the growing menace of illiteracy in America. The most exhaustive and the most reliable test of illiteracy, it is pointed out, was made during the mobilization of 4,000,000 during the war, under the draft act.

Britishers Not So Slow

Perhaps the traditional view of the English business man as dealing with deliberation needs revising. Within one hour of the time that a large firm of London engineers signed the contract to feed the 30,000,000 people who are expected to visit the British Empire Exhibition next year, letters were on their way to Wembley Park with the first load of engineering equipment to build the dining halls. —Financial Post.

Nerves So Bad That She Would Sit and Cry

Mrs. Mary Hocking, Madoc, Ont., writes:—

"Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has done me a wonderful lot of good. I suffered from general weakness and was so run down and my heart and nerves were in such bad shape that I would sit and cry and not know what I was crying about. I also used to have weak spells. Thanks to Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, however, I am all well now. I shall always keep a box of the Nerve Food in the house, and recommend it to my friends; they are a wonderful medicine."

(Mr. J. W. Vance, Druggist, of Madoc, Ont., says: "I have sold Mrs. Hocking your Nerve Food, and the medicine has done her much good.")

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

40 Cent a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

First Teeth Are Important

Children Should Eat Considerable Hard Food Says British Doctor. The necessity for proper attention to children's first teeth is not generally understood. This is useful for several reasons: First, the nutrition of the child, as children cannot properly masticate their food with defective teeth. Second, it is essential to keep back the second set of teeth as long as possible to give them an opportunity of maturing. Third, unless the first set are preserved the child's jaw is not properly developed, and the contracted space leads to a crowded and irregular second set, likely to trouble the individual for life. That great British doctor, Mr. Sir Wallace, has done a notable work in pointing out the necessity for giving children the proper kind of hard food to make them exercise their first teeth and develop their jaws. His teaching has spread in all civilized countries, and is now producing good results. He has proved that bad teeth can be avoided by proper dieting in early life.

Sodium Sulphate Mines

Change in Royalty Provisions Has Been Secured. A substantial change in the royalty provisions of the Alkali Mining regulations by a Dominion order-in-council has been made as the result of representations made by Thos. M. Molloy, Commissioner of Labour and Industries for Saskatchewan. Under the new regulations the maximum value of the unrefined product at the point of shipment has been fixed at \$2.00 per ton. Therefore the royalty payable being on the basis of twelve and a half per cent. of the selling value of the salt is now set so that it cannot exceed 25 cents per ton. Under the old regulation the royalties were based upon the selling value of the salts or brine in their natural state, which value naturally fluctuated with the market placing the producer in the position of being unable to determine his royalties in advance, and in addition making possible the payment of a royalty altogether out of proportion of the cost of production.

THE CAUSE OF SICKNESS

Almost Always Due to Weak and Impoverished Blood. Apart from accident or illness due to infection, almost all ill-health arises from one or two causes. One is that people make it in not realizing that both of these have the same cause, the root, namely poor blood. Either bloodlessness or some other trouble of the nerves will be found to be the reason for almost every ailment. If you are pale, suffering from headaches, or breathlessness, with palpitation of the heart, poor appetite and weak digestion, the cause is almost always poor blood. If you have nervous headaches, neuritis, sciatica and other nerve pains, you are not only impoverished, but run down nerves are also a result of poor blood, so that the two chief causes of illness are one and the same.

If your health is poor; if you are pale, nervous or dyspeptic, you should give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. These pills act directly on the blood, and by enriching it give new strength to worn out nerves. Men and women alike greatly benefit from the use of this medicine. If you are weak or illiterate, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is a fair trial and you will be pleased with the beneficial results it will speedily follow.

If your dealer does not keep these pills you can get them by mail at 50 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

French and Germans Fraternize

Engage in Football Match and Cheer Each Other at Conclusion of Game. "We are glad to meet in sport and forget politics" was the greeting of the captain of a German association football team in introducing to other members of his team to the captain of a team composed of French citizens stationed at Mayence, when, for the first time since 1914, German and French athletes met in competition. "Sport makes brothers of us all," remarked the captain of the French players, and the members of both teams warmly shook hands.

At the conclusion of the match, which was won by the French, five goals to nothing, the two teams cheered each other.

Crude Petroleum

The production of crude petroleum in Canada in 1922 amounted to 179,963 barrels, having a sales value of \$538,703. Canadian production of these sales amounted to \$1,012, making the total value \$1,551,706 to the producers. In 1921, the production was 137,541 barrels, having a total value of \$441,523. The average market value per barrel in 1922 was \$2.96, while in 1921 it was \$3.22.

Only a Night Owl

A man went to the university town to visit his son, a first-year student. He called at the young man's boarding house and said to the landlady: "You have a Mr. Jones, a student stopping here, I believe?" "Student?" said the landlady. "Is young Mr. Jones a student? My goodness, I always understood he was a night watchman." —Tale Record.

Radio in the Embassies

Now that John Bull and Uncle Sam can talk to each other over the radio broadcasting route, why bother about having ambassadors? —From the Boston Transcript.

Fill Islanders Put a Certain Dred

in the water which simulates the fish there and allows them to be taken at will.

The oldest frame building in America

is a meeting house in Maryland, built in 1694.

Gift Received By Alberta University

Rockefeller Foundation Grants \$500,000 For Upkeep Of Medical School. The University of Alberta announces that it has received a grant of \$500,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation for the upkeep of the medical school. Dr. Pearce, medical director of the foundation, visited Edmonton some time ago, and was so satisfied with the conditions developing at the University that he recommended that the Foundation pay the yearly interest on \$500,000 to aid in the development of the medical school.

Last year the medical school received class A standing from the American Medical Association, and this autumn Dr. Pearce communicated with the University and stated that he was prepared to recommend to the Rockefeller Foundation the handing over of the capital of \$500,000 to the University. The foundation at a board meeting on December 6 formally approved of the recommendation.

For Aches, Pains The Safe Home Remedy

NERVILINE

When sudden sickness comes, when the kiddies come in with colds, when you have a throat sore from coughing, quick results always follow a vigorous rubbing with good old Nerviline. It cures colds, cures whooping cough, cures influenza, cures diphtheria, cures measles, cures scarlet fever, cures all the ailments of childhood. It brings ease and comfort so quickly. It cures all the ailments of childhood. It brings ease and comfort so quickly. It cures all the ailments of childhood. It brings ease and comfort so quickly.

Great Business Methods

Paying U.S. in Liberty Bonds Saves Britain Nearly \$2,000,000. On December 1, Great Britain paid the United States \$12,000,000 interest and principal on the British debt, and payment was made in Liberty bonds, which was an alternative under the agreement. John Bull's financial astuteness is again shown. The Liberty bonds are acceptable at par, and have doubtless been bought up at a discount. It is said that the British Government will save by this method of payment from \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000. —St. Catharines Standard.

Mother! Give Sick Baby

"California Fig Syrup" Harmsless Laxative to Clean Liver and Bowels of Baby or Child.

Even constipated, bilious, feverish, irritable babies and children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative is so gentle, so harmless, so effective. It cleanses the bowels, soothes the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Consult your doctor or pharmacist for "California Fig Syrup" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits. Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

Livestock Marketed in Canada

Interesting Report Issued by Dominion Livestock Branch. Agricultural representatives, local livestock associations and others, should find the information contained in Report No. 3 of the Markets Intelligence Service of the Dominion Livestock Branch, relating to the origin and quality of commercial livestock marketed in Canada, as it relates to their immediate neighborhood, a subject for serious consideration since it bears directly on the financial returns of practically every farmer in districts from which livestock is shipped. These words, which are mainly taken from the introduction to the report, state the object of the report, its preparation and publication are intended to attain. The report presents statistics to show by classes and grading, the origin, quality and volume of the annual surplus of commercial livestock marketed, at stockyards, direct to shippers, and direct for export from every district in Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec for the years 1920, 1921 and 1922. It reveals the sources of Canada's best and poorest offerings, and, as well, shows the significant changes that are steadily taking place, locally as regards quality and volume of production. In short a study of the figures contained in the report should be enlightening to anyone engaged in the livestock industry of the country. Copies may be obtained on application to the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Canada exports of wheat, including wheat flour, during July amounted to 15,153,650 bushels, an excess of \$12,000,000, or 28 per cent., over July of last year.

Minard's Liniment for Camper

SEVERE PIMPLES

On Face, Caused Intense Itching, Cuticura Heals.

"I suffered great annoyance from severe pimples on my face, which I could not get rid of. I used a great deal of face cream, but the pimples were bad, red and itched. They were scattered all over my face and caused intense itching and burning. My face looked ugly. This condition lasted about two months."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and purchased some. I could see no improvement, and in two months I was healed." (Signed) Miss H. P. McMillan, Mississauga, Prince Edward Island.

Identify your skin by daily use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Cuticura Soap is sold in 10¢ and 25¢ boxes. Cuticura Ointment is sold in 10¢ and 25¢ tins. Cuticura is sold in 10¢ and 25¢ boxes. Cuticura is sold in 10¢ and 25¢ boxes.

Smoke Screen Boomerang

Airplane Can Use Smoke Screen in Attacking Battleships. The smoke screen devised as a defense for battleships against their enemy is being used by the enemy to instead of being a blessing is likely to prove the reverse. This smoke screen can now be spread above the battleships by fast, small planes which makes it impossible for the approach of the aerial scout fleet to be observed. This enables the attacking planes to fly low, when with sensitive flinders they pick up the doomed battleship under bomb, adjust their aim and loose the bomb in safety except for the possibility of a chance shot fired blindly against the smoke. By the anti-aircraft gun on the ship below, it is a strange thing to find the screen employed as a weapon of offense against the very craft which originally produced it as a defensive measure.

For Sprains and Bruises—There is Nothing Better

than Dr. Thomas' Electric. This enables the attacking planes to fly low, when with sensitive flinders they pick up the doomed battleship under bomb, adjust their aim and loose the bomb in safety except for the possibility of a chance shot fired blindly against the smoke. By the anti-aircraft gun on the ship below, it is a strange thing to find the screen employed as a weapon of offense against the very craft which originally produced it as a defensive measure.

Aid To Germany

Should Be Furnished Only On a Business Basis Says Coolidge. Any aid given Germany by the United States, should, in the opinion of President Coolidge, be furnished on a business basis rather than as a matter of charity. This statement of the President's views, made at the White House after a conference between the executive and Ambassador Westfield, of Germany, was taken as an indication that Mr. Coolidge would not at this juncture favor an appropriation for German relief such as that proposed in a bill introduced by Senator Lenroot, Republican, Wisconsin.

Fox Farms in Canada

There are 977 fox farms in Canada valued at \$7,649,877. Of these 434 valued at \$4,692,509 are in Prince Edward Island, 107 valued at \$1,747,047 in Nova Scotia, 88 valued at \$3,399,705 in New Brunswick, 146 valued at \$772,324 in Quebec, 120 valued at \$756,115 in Ontario, 192 valued at \$465,510 in Manitoba, four valued at \$19,825 in Saskatchewan, 24 valued at \$13,532 in Alberta, 21 valued at \$125,850 in British Columbia, and 15 valued at \$102,060 in Yukon Territory.

ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on packages or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product produced by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for Colds, Headache, Toothache, Lumbago, Earache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pains, etc.

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost 24 cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100 tablets. Beware of cheap imitations. In Canada, Bayer is sold by the Dominion of Monroeste of Canada of Salicylic Acid. While you will know that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with the Bayer cross trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

W. N. U. 1508

PROBLEMS OF WESTERN CANADA CAN BE SOLVED

Victoria, B.C.—A country without problems was one not worth living in, and for all the problems of Western Canada there were vigor, hope and youth abundantly available for the solution, said G. H. Hutcheon in his address to the delegates of the Western Canada Livestock Union.

"In reviewing for a moment the agricultural condition of the west this year it was unfortunate that we do not find the picture wholly pleasing. Large crops of straw in Manitoba and Southern Saskatchewan gave promise of a large yield of grain, but there was much rust. The other western provinces gave a good account of themselves in the matter of both fodder crops and grain, which were of the usual high quality. But even now where good crops have been taken off the net returns are relatively small, owing to high cost of operation, especially the high cost of labor during the last season. The situation in this respect is serious and no solution to the problem is apparent at present.

"There are, however, some favorable aspects of the situation. The enlargement of our markets seem to be the only avenue open for present development in that costs of production, as far as labor is concerned, appear to be incapable of further reduction. There are other costs of reduction which may result in being reduced and to this end we are justified in giving the utmost attention.

"The outlook, to my mind, is far from discouraging. We have large problems but no country people are spared as Western Canada, though with a vigorous population endeavoring to cultivate large areas of land per individual unit in so short a time, could be without problems. A country without problems would not be a people without purpose, stamina or force."

Jury's Verdict In Favor of Churchill

Former First Lord of Admiralty Wins Libel Suit

London.—Lord Alfred Douglas, son of the late Marquis of Queensbury, was found guilty by a jury in Old Bailey of criminal libel upon Winston Spencer Churchill, former First Lord of the Admiralty, by his publication of the statement that he had been guilty of a false communique after the battle of Jutland for the purpose of influencing the stock markets.

Lord Alfred was sentenced to six months in prison, at the expiration of which he must, if he wishes to keep the peace, particularly toward Mr. Churchill, falling to find surety he must undergo another six months' imprisonment.

WILL WAIT FOR A SOLUTION OF POLITICAL CRISIS

London.—The solution of the existing complex political crisis has gone over until January, with the government's decision to meet parliament when it reassembles. The only development was that the Labor party, by the official announcement of its various executives, placed on record its readiness to take office whenever called upon.

That the present government has no real hope of being able to retain office for any length of time is seen in its decision to do nothing either to replace or to find seats for the seven ministers defeated in the recent elections. The breaking up of parties by the government's decision to meet parliament is probably welcome to all three parties, as permitting opportunity for consideration and to take bearings without the necessity of committing themselves to immediate action.

Though the leaders of all parties repudiate any intention to seek any coalition, there will doubtless be attempts in the interim, upon the part of the ministerialists, to secure a sort of benevolent neutrality on the part of the Liberals towards the Conservative administration, and as the Liberals are almost as anxious as the Conservatives to keep the Laborites out of office, it would not be surprising to see some unofficial understanding of this kind arranged, especially as there is a general desire to avoid another general election in the near future.

In the meantime, however, the Labor party is taking no chances, and has instructed its electoral organization to prepare for any emergency at any moment.

Premier of Australia Will Go To Ottawa

Ottawa.—Premier Bruce of Australia has called here that he will arrive in Ottawa on January 21 and leave February 3. He is to call from Vancouver on Feb. 3. It is intimated officially that the coming of the Australian premier to Ottawa is specifically to discuss with the Government arrangements for a reciprocal preferential treaty. Last winter, Hon. J. A. Robb visited Australia with that end in view, but owing to domestic political conditions in Australia, little came of the mission. The outlook now is considered to be more favorable, particularly in view of the rejection by Great Britain of the wider imperial preferential idea.

Greater Menace Than War

Appalling Wastage of Life Through Tuberculosis, Says Winnipeg Doctor

Montreal.—"While 50,000 Canadians died overseas during the war 50,000 Canadians died in this country of tuberculosis at home and no armistice or treaty has put an end to that wastage of life. Tuberculosis, like war, kills at the prime of life those who are bearing the burden and heat of the day; those upon whom life and business and industrial and family responsibility rest."

The above was the declaration of Dr. D. A. Stewart, of Winnipeg, in an address before the Rotary Club here. Continuing, he said: "One thousand persons die every year from tuberculosis, while in the province of Quebec the death rate from this disease is over 3,000 yearly. In Quebec also every town of 5,000 people loses six of its citizens each year, the death rate being 120 per 100,000. In Saskatchewan, the speaker stated, the death rate is 43, and in Ontario under 70."

Britain Fighting Cattle Disease

Twenty counties Affected and Daily Loss is \$350,000

London.—The slaughter of animals on a wholesale scale because of foot and mouth disease goes on steadily and animals to the value of at least £70,000 are being dispatched daily in the effort to stamp out the epidemic. A statement to this effect was made by Sir William Johnson-Hicks, minister of health, in a speech. Although 20 counties are affected the worst counties are Shropshire and Cheshire, especially the latter, where more than 20 new cases are developing daily, thus necessitating the virtual devastation of every farm in the country where there is infection.

The officials of the ministry are experiencing difficulty in coping with the situation which is threatening to desolate Cheshire. A special cabinet committee has been appointed to deal with the scourge.

U.S. Is Buying More Wheat From Canada

Large Increase Registered During Past Three Months

Ottawa.—Exports of Canadian wheat last month showed an increase over those of November of 1922, but less wheat was shipped out of Canada for the past three months than during the similar period a year ago. For both periods, however, a large increase was registered in wheat bought by the United States. The United States bought 9,010,143 bushels of Canadian wheat last month, compared with 5,568,178 bushels in November, 1922. While there was not much difference between the amount of wheat shipped to the United Kingdom last November, compared with November a year ago, exports for the comparative three months showed a falling off from \$2,165,550 to \$5,323,834 bushels.

New Elevator For Vancouver

Will Be of Reinforced Concrete and Cost About \$2,500,000

Vancouver, B.C.—Returned from an extensive tour to England where he went to raise additional capital for the Terminal Grain Company, Limited, of which he is president, R. H. Giles stated that he succeeded in completing arrangements for the construction here of a 2,500,000 bushel reinforced concrete grain elevator, to cost approximately \$2,500,000.

Construction, he said, would begin at the earliest possible date, and the plant will be rushed to completion, if possible, by the end of May next.

Trying to Fund France's Debt

Washington, D.C.—Every possible effort will be made by the United States war debt commission to procure funding of France's debt to this government, Secretary of the Treasury Mellon declared in a letter to Senator Borah, Idaho.

Alberta Pool Making Satisfactory Progress

Troubles With Elevator Companies Are Being Gradually Eliminated. Regina.—More than one thousand carloads of wheat are being handled by the Alberta Co-operative Wheat Producers' Limited, and the business of the pool is progressing satisfactorily, according to information received by George W. Robertson, secretary of the Saskatchewan Wheat Producers' Limited.

"The troubles of the Alberta pool with the elevator companies are gradually being smoothed out," said Mr. Robertson, "and at present, the Alberta authorities have practically all the larger elevator companies working under agreement with them and practically every elevator pool in the province is covered by at least one pool elevator. In the case of points not covered the contractors to the pool are mostly within hauling distance of some other point, where there is a pool elevator."

WESTERN EDITORS



J. H. Woods, Editor and Managing Director of The Daily Herald, Calgary, Alberta.

Canada's Need Is A Strong National Spirit

Vancouver.—Greater population, lower transportation costs, development of a strong national spirit in Canada, and realization in the hearts and minds of individuals of the necessity for public economy—these are the necessities which Hon. T. A. Crerar sees essential to success and prosperity in Canada. Speaking before the Canadian Club here, he dealt with outstanding problems of Canada. While he did not "talk shop," barely mentioning the United Grain Growers, of which he is head, and the business which has brought him, with other officers of the company, to Vancouver to look into the possibilities of placing terminal elevator facilities in this port, he stated in definite terms his belief of the greatness of Vancouver as a grain port, and of British Columbia generally.

The Prince As a Farmer

Is Deservedly Most Popular Man in British Empire

London.—In a speech delivered at the dinner of the Farmers' Club and the Chamber of Agriculture, the Prince of Wales said: "You can look upon me as a farmer this evening—farmer both at home and in Canada. I was very glad of the opportunity of going over to Canada and really learning something about agriculture. Many people who pass by fields of stock, for instance, have no idea of the hard work involved in raising them." The Prince expressed sympathy with the British farmers' troubles and also admiration for the way they were holding on. "He was sure the agricultural industry would emerge triumphant from the present trouble. The best British farmers had no equal in the world."

Lord Bledisloe, chairman, said the Prince was deservedly the most popular man in the British Empire. When he was in Canada they heard of Lord Renfrew grooming horses, cleaning out cow stalls, washing down cattle, driving the binder and taking part in the every day tasks of the agricultural worker because he wanted to learn first-hand what the agricultural worker had to contend with. He was giving the country a splendid lead in his conception of landowners and farmers.

Carried Off Honors At Livestock Show

Numerous Premiums For Saskatchewan Exhibitors at Chicago and Toronto

Regina.—Saskatchewan has good reason to feel elated with her successes at the Royal Agricultural Exhibition at Toronto and the International Show at Chicago, declared George H. Williams, assistant agricultural agent for the Canadian Pacific Railway, on his arrival in the city. "Many honors were carried off by this province in the face of exceedingly keen competition," he added. "In both livestock and grain Saskatchewan exhibitors obtained numerous premiums and, undoubtedly, much benefit will result as these facts attract thousands of people, especially agriculturists."

"An interesting feature of the international show at Chicago was the attendance of 3,900 boys and girls representing the winners of boys and girls club competitions held in the various states. Capacity crowds were present throughout the show, thousands of people being turned away every day."

Italy Again Facing Flood. Rome.—After a few days of sunshine and fine weather, torrential rains are again flooding the country, and storms are causing many small vessels, especially off the shores of Sardinia. Light earth shocks indicate that water has penetrated into the craters of volcanoes and into the crevices of volcanic rocks.

Less Unemployment in Britain. London.—The unemployment situation has been steadily improving in recent weeks. Last week it decreased 24,900 and now the total number of unemployed is 1,195,000.

Infant Saved After Eleven Days. Bergamo, Italy.—A babe, four months old, with sunken eyes and too weak to cry, was found by soldiers in its cradle floating down the river Lovere. "The little victim of the recent dam disaster evidently had been drifting about on the river for eleven days without food or drink. Its pinched face told plainly of its suffering."



MUST PIN FAITH ON LEAGUE SAYS HON. G. P. GRAHAM

Toronto.—Canada will do well to reaffirm her belief in the great organization of the League of Nations, for pinning out difficulties that may arise of now exist, and for the prevention of bloodshed, declared Hon. George P. Graham, Minister of Railways and Canals, at a complimentary banquet tendered him here by the Liberals of Ontario on his return from Europe, where he sat as a delegate from Canada in the council of the League of Nations and the Imperial and Economic conferences in England.

"Our friends in the United States do not ignore the League of Nations, but rather use it when it can be of advantage," said Mr. Graham, who instanced the "sitting" in on the committee of Representative Porter of the United States when the option question was under discussion.

Discussing the results of the overseas settlement negotiations at the Imperial Conference, Mr. Graham said that Canada could look for an increased flow of desirable British citizens to this country next year. Contrary to the general view, he said Canada absorbed a greater number of people from the British Isles each year than any of the other British Dominions, and indications are that she will absorb during the present year as many as any two other Dominions.

"From reports that have come to us," said Mr. Graham, "thousands of people who left Canada during the past year or two to find employment in the United States are returning."

In the matter of the Imperial preference, Mr. Graham said it was the opinion of the Canadian delegates that each entity in the Empire should have a sole right to say what its own tariff policy would be. It was pointed out that other overseas Dominions could much more readily throw down the bars against importation of manufactured goods and machinery than could Canada, placed as she was in a position where a large trade between Canada and the United States was found profitable.

Touching on the Canadian National Railways, Mr. Graham said that if the Canadian public accorded to the management of that enterprise fair treatment the deficits of operation will disappear.

Sockeyes Return To Fraser River

Fisheries Department Reports Encouraging Sign for Renewal of Industry

Ottawa.—The collection of over 11 million sockeye salmon eggs this season in Harrison Lake, B.C., is reported by the federal department of marine and fisheries. All the eggs were taken in the vicinity of the Dominion Government hatchery, and the quantity has only been exceeded in the whole Harrison Lake district three times since 1907. It is regarded by the department as a most encouraging sign of the rehabilitation of the sockeye fishery of the Fraser River.

"Lloyds" Decide To Build New Home

Headquarters Have Been In Royal Exchange 149 Years

London.—Lloyds, the famous marine and general insurance corporation, has decided to remove from the Royal Exchange, where its headquarters have been for 149 years, and build itself a new home at an estimated cost of \$1,200,000.

The company has secured an acre of land in the heart of the busiest section of the city. Lloyds had its origin in a small coffee-house about 1688.

Less Unemployment in Britain. London.—The unemployment situation has been steadily improving in recent weeks. Last week it decreased 24,900 and now the total number of unemployed is 1,195,000.

U.F.O. TAKING DECIDED STAND ON PROHIBITION

Toronto.—The "declaration of principles" recently drafted by the Canadian Council of Agriculture was shepherded through the convention of the United Farmers of Ontario here by John W. Ward, secretary, but did not escape a little revision.

Among other things, the council had neglected to include any clause touching upon the temperance question, so the U.F.O. insisted upon inserting one. It was to the effect that they approved of the principle of total prohibition for the Dominion.

W. L. Smith contended that there could never be total prohibition in Ontario until there was Dominion prohibition. The convention agreed with him, and changed the "principles" by inserting the clause.

Opposition to either an embargo or export duty on "pulp wood" was expressed in an adopted resolution; Dominion-wide prohibition and the strict enforcement of the Ontario Temperance Act were urged; a tax on gasoline for motor cars was favored; and a recommendation made that the provincial highways be built and maintained by the provincial government.

Tribute to Lord Shaughnessy

His Personal Integrity One of the Reasons for His Great Personal

London.—Most of the papers in this country have given lengthy obituaries of Lord Shaughnessy, and in every case the obituary has been entirely appreciative. The Daily Telegraph's article on the passing of Lord Shaughnessy, written by T. P. O'Connor, "the father of the British House of Commons," is three columns in length.

"It is true he had great wealth," O'Connor's article concludes, "but it was small what he might have made if wealth had been the sole interest of his life. It was a favorite remark of his that he objected to men accumulating too large fortunes. His perfect integrity was one of the many reasons for the enormous personal influence he exercised. He had warm friendships, though he was too strong, too proud, too sincere a man to be effusive."

NEW PLAN FOR COLLECTIONS TO HELP FARMERS

Winnipeg.—That a plan should be devised whereby mortgage companies, banks and loan companies, etc., would make demands on farmer creditors for fulfillment of obligations in the spring, about March 1, instead of November 1, as at present, was a suggestion made by D. G. MacKenzie, Secretary of the United Farmers of Manitoba, when giving evidence before the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission here.

A system of the kind would lead, two things, Mr. MacKenzie declared. It would lead to a more orderly marketing of grain and eliminate dumping to a great extent, and would probably have the effect of stabilizing prices. It would also enable the farmer to do a great deal more cleaning of grain than he could do at the present, and more screenings would be retained in the country, which would be a great factor in stimulating mixed farming. Mr. MacKenzie declared it was a great injustice to the farmer to force him to meet financial obligations early in November.

The secretary of the U.F.M. spoke in support of suggestions he made before the commission at Brandon for effecting improvements in the weighing, marketing and marketing of grain. Speaking of the special charges made for special binning, Mr. MacKenzie asserted they were not high enough, and in losing money in this respect the operators of the country elevators took it out of the other farmers who sold on the "street."

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No home is complete without a modern and fully equipped bath room. We can install a complete hot water system, bath, etc., on the shortest notice. Estimates carefully prepared. See us at once.

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HOCKEY SKATES, BOOTS, STICKS

A full line of all winter sport requirements. See us before buying elsewhere if you want to save money.

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Complete line of best makes of Tires at lowest prices
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We sell Monogram and Red Indian high-grade Oils.
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THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

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Display Advertising Rates on Application.

W. J. HARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Thur., Dec. 20, 1923

OUR ADVERTISERS

This issue of The Enterprise carries greetings from most of the business firms in the district to their patrons. Among them we find:

The F. M. Thompson Co., general merchants, dry goods, groceries, provisions, hardware, etc. One of the oldest established firms in the district.

W. W. Scott, groceries, fruits, provisions, etc., Blairmore.

Blairmore Hardware Co., all kinds of hardware, furniture, etc.

P. Burns & Co., Ltd., branches at Coleman, Hillcrest, Bellevue and district office at Blairmore. Meats and meat products.

Blairmore Trading Co., dry goods, boots and shoes; ladies' gents' and children's furnishings and novelties. Branch at Bellevue.

The Blairmore Garage agents Overland Cars. New garage just opened with large storage space and specially qualified mechanics. L. Dutil, proprietor.

Blairmore Furniture Store, J. Montalbetti, proprietor. High-Class Furniture, stoves, etc.

J. E. Upton, the Pass Tailor Shop. Best equipped tailoring establishment west of Lethbridge.

The Miners' Grocery, T. Pendelick & Son, proprietors. Full line of groceries, fruits, etc. Also ice cream parlor.

The Bellevue Bakery, catering to the most fastidious. Modern plant where high quality breads, cakes and pastries are guaranteed.

The Blairmore Exchange, W. L. Evans, proprietor. Successor to Greig and Comfort. New and second-hand furniture, stoves, etc.

R. B. Harrison, watchmaker and jeweler, with about fifteen years experience. Formerly at Cowley now of Blairmore.

Crow's Nest Pass Motors, L. L. Morgan, manager. Agents Studebaker and Chevrolet cars. Large storage capacity and competent mechanics.

J. R. Gresham, insurance and commission agent, Blairmore. Office in Orpheum Theatre building.

S. Trono, watchmaker and jeweler. Full stock of ivory and silverware, suitable for Christmas gifts.

Knapman Plumbing & Heating Co. at your service at all times.

E. J. Pozzi, contractor and builder. Full stock of lumber and supplies always on hand at Blairmore.

Alex. Morency, plumbing, tin-smithing and general hardware, Blairmore. The Coleman Garage, operated by Mr. Alex. Morrison, a Pass pioneer. Agents Ford and McLaughlin cars.

West Canadian Collieries, Ltd., mines at Blairmore and Bellevue. Miners and shippers of high-grade steam and domestic coals. Holders of largest and most valuable coal deposits in the district. Capable of producing 4000 to 5000 tons per day.

Crow's Nest Undertaking Co., A.E. Ferguson, proprietor. Successor to T. W. Davies, Coleman and Blairmore.

Blairmore Steam Laundry, Lee Ling, proprietor. South Blairmore.

Gillis & Mackenzie, solicitors, etc., Blairmore.

E. Hinds for general draying.
L. H. Putnam, solicitor, etc. Office next to postoffice, Blairmore.

A. E. Blais, Frank and Blairmore, for painting and decorating.

H. B. Hoar, dentist, over Scott's grocery, Blairmore. Branches at Bellevue and Cowley.

R. K. Lillie, dentist, over Blairmore Hardware store, Branches at Coleman and Hillcrest.

The New Plaza Cafe, just opened.

Jap oranges, per box \$1.05 at F. M. Thompson's.

A real nifty place in which to eat. Next door to Orpheum Theatre, Blairmore.

Kerr Brothers, Bellevue, general merchants. Dry goods, hardware, groceries, boots and shoes, etc. Branch store at Passburg.

J. Joseph, dry goods, ladies' and gents' furnishings and novelties, Hillcrest.

The L. B. K. Store, Lundbreck, A. Carswell, proprietor. High-class groceries, fruits, provisions, etc.

W. A. Beebe, real estate and insurance agent, Blairmore. One of the town's pioneers and former master mariner on the Great Lakes.

The Blairmore Cafe, near C. P. R. depot, for meals and lunches.

J. S. D'Appolonia, Coleman, contractor and builder. Successor to the late Edmund Disney.

The Smith Market Co., meats and provisions. Stores at Lundbreck, Bellevue and Hillcrest.

The Blairmore Iron Works. Fully equipped to handle all kinds of iron and steel work. Manufacturers of mine cars.

The Bellevue Hardware Co., Chas. Emmerson, proprietor. Successor to S. Humble in general hardware, furniture, etc.

The Hillcrest Collieries, Ltd., miners and shippers of high-grade steam and domestic coal. Some of the finest seams in the district have just recently been tapped. William Stevenson, resident manager.

International Coal & Coke Co., Ltd., Coleman. Holders of large tracts of coal lands. Daily output over 1500 tons. O. E. S. Whitehead, general manager; formerly with West Canadian Collieries, Blairmore.

McGillivray Creek Coal & Coke Co., Coleman. George Kellock, resident manager. One of the best producing mines in the district, employing about 700 men.

Coleman Trading Co., J. Michalsky, proprietor, largest departmental business in Coleman. Hardware, dry goods, groceries, meats, etc.

McLaren Lumber Co., manufacturers and shippers of lumber of every description. Saw mills at Sentinel and Blairmore. Head office, Blairmore. Holders of vast timber limits in the district. Harry Burns, resident manager.

Yellow Pennant Taxi, Harland & Cameron, proprietors. Operating continuous automobile, livery service between Blairmore and Hillcrest, Bellevue and Coleman.

Crow's Nest Pass Coal Co., Fernie, British Columbia. Mines at Coal Creek and Michel. W. R. Wilson, resident manager.

C. H. Ericson, Blairmore, building contractor, cabinet maker and general carpenter.

E. M. Neville for general tailoring, cleaning and pressing. Opposite Cosmopolitan hotel, Blairmore.

The Crystal Dairy for reliable milk, cream, etc. Olyver Brothers, proprietors.

The King George Cafe, next door to F. M. Thompson store, Blairmore, for meals, confections, fruits, etc.

Luigi Denolatis, the east end shoemaker.

Plunkett & Savage (Leth.) Ltd. Branch warehouse at Blairmore with Robert Gray as resident manager. Wholesale distributors of groceries, fruits, confections, tobacco, etc.

The Corner Association for pool, billiards, etc.

Art Link, Hartley Upham and Walter E. Ratcliffe, Blairmore's musical artists.

T. Folino, the west end shoemaker and repairer.

The Greenhill Hotel and Grill. Home comforts reign here and good eats always.

Danny Lewis invites you to his billiard parlor.

The Cosmopolitan Hotel. Largest hotel in the district. Dining room in connection. Max Befeky, proprietor. Lach & Michalsky, groceries, fruits, etc., Blairmore.

The Blairmore Pharmacy, Gordon Steeves, proprietor. Successor to G. N. Elwin. Drugs, stationery, toys, etc. confections, etc.

Mar Poy, pioneer of Blairmore, formerly with the firm of Mar On Restaurant, groceries, fruits, con-

Miss Hazel M. Brown

PIANO-FORTE PLAYING AND THEORY

Pupils entered for the Examination of the Toronto Conservatory of Music

Phone 297

Blairmore

BUFFALO MEAT

ON LOCAL MARKET

Shipments of buffalo meat from Wainwright arrived here this week, consigned to Pass branches of P. Burns & Co. and most every home has enjoyed a share of this new delicacy, which is obtainable at reasonable prices.

Try a sack of Robin Hood Flour today. Thompson's.

fections etc.

Mark Sartoris, wholesale distributor of soft drinks, etc., Blairmore.

S. L. Tustian, blacksmith and wheelwright, successor to Paul Barattelli, Blairmore.

Union Meat Market Blairmore, H. Zak, proprietor. All kinds of meats and meat products.

The Blairmore Bakery for breads, pastries, etc. J. Nastasi, proprietor.

R. F. Barnes, solicitor, notary, etc. Offices at Coleman and Macleod.

Crow's Nest Flour & Feed Store, Martin Kubik, proprietor.

The Orpheum Theatre, Blairmore, for high-class moving pictures and vaudeville. P. Umberto, proprietor.

The Palm Cafe, N. Sallas, proprietor. One of the finest cafes in the province.

The Empire Hotel at Coleman offers excellent board and lodgings at moderate rates. Jack McDonald, proprietor.

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

Walter Smith is spending a few days with relatives here.

Bonnie Laurin, of the Union Bank staff, has been transferred to the Pincher Creek branch.

Mr. McLaughlin, of North Fork, has returned from a Calgary business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. Connor, of Wrentham, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Roland Easterbrook at present.

Mr. George Ritson and Master Billy are spending a few days in Lethbridge.

A dance was held in Tustian's hall on Monday night. The Melody Five orchestra was in attendance. Only a medium size crowd turned out. It appears that this dance was poorly advertised.

The piano recital given by Mrs. Donald on Thursday evening was a grand success. Each number was skillfully and carefully rendered. Mrs. Donald deserves a lot of credit for the untiring interest she has taken with her pupils. A neat sum was realized, which goes toward the skating rink.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Betts; Miss Gwendolyn Taylor, Mr. Ed. Baines, Miss Gladys Baines, Miss Muriel Murphy, Mrs. Christie and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bundy attended the play entitled "The Shepherd of The Hills" at Pincher Creek on Saturday evening. They report an enjoyable time.

JUNIOR HOCKEY LEAGUE

At a meeting held in the Blairmore Tuxi club room on Monday night a junior hockey league was formed. The league comprises three teams—Blairmore Tuxi, Bellevue Juniors and Hillcrest Tuxi.

The officers of the league are, Rev. W. T. Young, Blairmore, president; Rev. C. Pinder, Hillcrest, vice-president; Charles Howe, Blairmore, secretary-treasurer; C. Eccleston, Bellevue, executive member.

The schedule will likely be announced in a few days.

J. A. Panter, of Kenora, formerly of Calgary, succeeds Mr. H. M. Smith as trapmaster on this division.



Blairmore Lodge, No. 68, meets every Tuesday night at 8 p.m., in the Oddfellows' hall. Officers for the ensuing term: N.G.—M. B. Huffman; V.G.—T. S. Dawson; Sec.—E. McEwen; Fin.—S. H. James; Treas.—J. Montalbetti.

Crow's Nest Encampment No. 8, meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of the month in the I.O.O.F. hall at 8 p.m. Officers for ensuing term: W. Patterson, C.P.; James Crowder, S.W.; R. Oliver, R.S. and F.S.; Jos. Montalbetti, Treas.

Crowview Rebekah Lodge, No. 10, meets the first and third Thursday of the month at 8 p.m. Officers: Sister Evans, N.G.; Sister Joyce, V.G.; Sister James, F.S.; Sister Hood, F.S.; Sister N. Evans, Treas.

Crow's Nest Undertaking Co.

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Increasing Demand For Canadian Produce Is Shown On The British Market

Dr. J. H. Grisdale, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, has returned from his recent visit to Great Britain in an optimistic mood as to the future of Canadian stock cattle.

"The stocker trade of ours has met with many setbacks," he says, "and has had many obstacles put in its way, but it looks to me as if we were now over the hill. I am confident that very much more certain returns may be expected from now forward."

In company with Duncan Marshall, Commissioner of Agriculture, Dr. Grisdale went to Great Britain with special view to improving conditions under which stock cattle are admitted, and an announcement in this connection will be issued by the department. Many British farmers welcome Canadian cattle, and speak highly of them. Dr. Grisdale reports, while many others are evidently doing all they can to improve the reputation of Canadian stockers. "Nevertheless," he adds, "our cattle are making steady progress in the estimation of the British feeder, and I have no doubt but that in a short time they will be as good as good. It is not a better reputation than they ever did. According to the salesmen in Great Britain, Canadian stockers being sent over now are quite equal to, and in many cases superior to, those that found their way across 20 years ago."

The deputy holds out the hope that improvements may be brought about very soon in the question of open space and its cost. Referring to this end, he says, are being made in both Britain and Canada. Dr. Grisdale does not look for any great development in the near future in the overseas business in Canadian chilled beef. The greatest problem, he said, is the high cost of distribution of the finished product. This, in the case of beef in Great Britain, is often more than 200 per cent.

The trade in fat cattle from Canada shipped alive has been fair, he states. There is at present a great opening for cattle for immediate slaughter, and, as a rule, the trade is fairly profitable. Furthermore, Dr. Grisdale thinks that this trade will soon be entirely in the hands of Canadian exporters, since the United States, the only other country taking part, has been gradually decreasing her shipments year by year.

The trade in Canadian bacon is improving, he says, and the product is meeting with considerably less criticism than was the case a year ago. The price has advanced a little, and the quality is also higher, with some measure, he believes, to Canada's new grading regulations. Canada's bacon won't vary easily at the recent London dairy show in competition with exhibits from the other countries. The great trouble is the limited quantity of bacon exported, says the deputy. There is no reason why, he thinks, the amount now going over should not be increased three or four times. The minister believes that the number of legs in Canada might easily be doubled. With improved quality and a greatly increased output, he feels assured that Canadian bacon would take its rightful place on the British market and successfully compete with that from Denmark.

Canadian dairy products, he comments, seem not to have made much progress on the British market during the past year. Canadian cheese, he says, has been standing up better this year than for some time, and as a rule has commanded a higher price than the cheese from New Zealand. At the London dairy show, furthermore, Canadian cheese carried off both first and second prizes.

The Canadian butter-trade, he says, is very small, and "in rather ill repute." The great difficulty is the lack of uniformity in quality and packing. This, he adds, is one of the matters which was considered at the dairy conference held in Ottawa.

Canadian eggs are looked upon as an excellent article in Britain, but the quantity going forward is too small, he says.

"Canadian apples were arriving in London in great quantities when Dr. Grisdale was over there, and he was pleased to note that they were held in high regard. He thinks, however, that packing methods need improvement."

The demand for Canadian apples can be materially increased if the right article is sent over and properly handled there.

"On the whole," concluded Dr. Grisdale, "I am of the opinion that Canadian agricultural products are commanding more and more the attention of the British consumers."

Some Bumper Crops

Alberta Farmers Secure Big Yields in Certain Sections

Some of the record crops of wheat harvested in Southern Alberta this year are the following: Messrs. O. F. Mainberg, of Blackie district, had 47 bushels of wheat that averaged 47 bushels per acre; 530 acres which suffered a 5 per cent. hail loss averaged 41½ bushels; 100 acres suffered a 50 per cent. loss yielded 25 bushels per acre. W. H. Fletcher, Brant, Alberta, had 100 acres yield him 61 bushels to the acre. He had altogether 1,600 acres which yielded very high. Thomas Margerit, Brant, had 110 acres of wheat that averaged 58 bushels per acre. R. C. Hoak, Cayley, Alberta, had 140 acres under Marquis wheat from which he threshed 8,000 bushels, which was an average of 57.1 bushels per acre. G. G. Coote, Cayley, threshed 1,835 bushels of wheat from 25 acres. John Jacobson, of Vilean, had a 45-acre field of wheat average 66 bushels per acre and around Vulcan that average was not very unusual. Farmers of the Vulcan district will ship upward of 2,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, and Blackie and Brant will come near that mark. They have had remarkable crops this year. L. C. Boomer, Nanton, Alberta, has a 100-acre field of land had 120 acres of wheat summer-fallow land that averaged 50 bushels of wheat that graded No. 1 hard and weighed 64 lbs. to the bushel measure.

B.C. Manual Training Schools

Stand Second Only to Ontario in Manual Training and Domestic Science

British Columbia stands second only to Ontario in manual training and domestic science work in public schools in Canada, according to the Minister of Education for the province. In the last year 12,217 pupils attended manual training classes as against 10,511 in the previous year. Pupils receiving manual training in elementary schools of "wired" 10,507 this year, as against 8,820 last year, while those in high schools number 1,564 this year as against 1,540 last year.

Our Canadian Winters

Are Seasons to be Enjoyed and Not Feared

The winter is not the time to huddle away from the cold, but should be used as the time to enjoy it. To those who have been used to anti-diptheria apparatus of "wired" with their, the advice may be offered to get out into the open and make friends with it; it will be found to be a jolly old fellow when its acquaintance is once made. Join up with some of the snowshoe aggregation, and trail out where a fire can be built and a supper can be had in the open; get in with a skating club, or, at any rate, take long tramps and learn the beauties, as opposed to the terrors of winter.—Fort William Times-Journal.

Dominion Patents

Big Increase in Number of Patents Issued During Last Fiscal Year

There were 12,542 patents issued by the Dominion Patent Office in the last fiscal year. This is the greatest number ever issued by the office in a single year, and is an increase of 5,194, or almost seventy per cent. more than the previous year, according to the report. The total net receipts were \$184,478, an increase of \$28,822 over the net amount received in the previous year.

Deaths From Diphtheria Reduced

The lives of hundreds of little diphtheria patients in New York hospitals have been saved by a new invention, a tiny electric suction pump that clears the throat of choking membrane and allows the patient to breathe. The pump is the invention of the late Dr. Henry I. Lynch. Doctors credit it with reducing the diphtheria death rate from 32 per cent. to 10 per cent.

Best He Could Do

Hearing a commotion in the street, a woman looked out a window and saw a Chinaman beating a poor horse.

"Haven't you any humanity?" "No, madam—nothing but vegetables and fruit today."

Among the natives of South Africa there is a general belief in the split soul. One tribe believes in three souls—one in the head, another in the stomach and a third in the big toe.

Praise For Woman Journalist

Eastern Writer Makes Complimentary Reference to Edmonton Lady

A prettily turned paragraph—what one woman newspaper writer thinks of another—is found in a recent number of the Globe, written by Mrs. John Lawrence, president of the St. John, N.B., branch of the Canadian Women's Press Club. Anent the Vancouver Triennial and the women speakers, she says:

"Praise is especially due along these lines to Mrs. Miriam Green Ellis, editor of the agricultural page of the Edmonton Bulletin, who before going to the triennial had just completed a 1,400-mile trip through the farming districts of Alberta to get an estimate of the year's crops. Mrs. Green is an expert in her line, and her address before the Vancouver Board of Trade was authoritative, optimistic and witty. The only fly in her ointment during the whole session was that she received an invitation from her neighbor, Baron Rostow, to have lunch with him and by no trick of either the C.P.R. or the C.N.R., or of the imagination could she cover the distance between Vancouver and Stony Creek. The loss was Baron Rostow's, for in Miriam Green Ellis he would meet a charming type of the progressive Western Canadian woman."

Mrs. Ellis recently lectured before the Women's Canadian Club of Winnipeg on a 2,000-mile trip taken last summer down the Mackenzie River system.

Immigrants From Sweden

Swedish Emigrants Will Turn Their Faces to Canada

The first regular direct passenger traffic between Scandinavian countries and Canada will be established by Sweden early in 1924. The first vessel in the new service will be the S.S. Stockholm, which will carry passengers direct from Gothenburg to Halifax, thence proceeding to New York.

There has been an unusually large exodus of Swedish emigrants to the United States since July 1, and it is reported that the full quota of about 20,000 allowed for the fiscal year will be practically filled by next January. A great number of Swedes who would be shut out from the United States until the latter part of the next calendar year are now evidently going to seek their fortunes in Canada.

Pays to Clean Wheat

Value is Increased by Cleaning Wheat At Threshing Time

Cleaning wheat at threshing time added 7.2 cents to the value of each bushel threshed in a series of experiments in Minnesota and the Dakotas, the Department of Agriculture announces.

Various types of cleaning machines were operated in connection with thrasher and farmer co-operatives with the most successful reclaimer gained an average of 7.3 a bushel on each bushel threshed. No charge was made to cover the operation of the reclaimer, but it is pointed out that if a charge of as much as two cents a bushel had been made the grain would have averaged 5.3 cents a bushel net.

Good help has a thousand tongues—and they all work overtime.

To Make Dash For North Pole

U.S. Navy Department to Make Attempt by Air Next Summer

A dash by air for the North Pole will be launched by the United States navy department during the coming summer. Secretary Denby announced that President Coolidge had given his specific approval to the project as of "great practical value."

A special board of naval officers, headed by Rear-Admiral William A. Moffett, chief of naval aeronautics, has been appointed by Secretary Denby to prepare a detailed plan.

Admiral Moffett's board has at its disposal all the government's records of previous Arctic explorations, as well as information that the American Geographic Society is able to furnish. On the map of the Arctic, as well as records of weather conditions in the Arctic, will be founded a recommendation as to whether the last lap of the journey shall be undertaken in aeroplanes equipped with skis for landing on the ice, or with the great naval dirigible, Shenandoah. Naval officials feel that the Shenandoah in many ways would be the most desirable ship for the dash, particularly because the dirigible can hover over the Arctic regions while motion picture records are made, or scientific data, otherwise, is obtained.

An announcement by the navy department as to the instructions given to Admiral Moffett's board, said that the purpose of the study would be "to devise plans for an extensive exploration over unknown regions adjacent to the Pole."

Evidence Of Prosperity

British Traveller in Canada Compares Living Conditions Here With Old Country

Sir Robert Clough, former member for the House of Commons for Kellogg, Yorkshire, who has returned to England from a visit to Canada, comments on the appearance of prosperity to be seen everywhere in Canada.

"During the visits I have paid to Canada," says Sir Robert, "I have noticed a standard of prosperity which I would be gratified to see among our own workers. Everybody there is well dressed and all seem to go about with an air of prosperity. General contentment is self-evident, which is contrary to the gradual and general lowering of the standard of living, recently so regrettable a feature in this country. Almost all the inhabitants in Canada seem to have money for the purchase of automobiles. I was informed by one of my hosts that his landlady came to work in her motor car. If there is any suffering at all in Canada, it is only from tightness of money which at the present time is universal."

Swiss Practice Grape Cure

The "grape cure" is practiced in Switzerland by persons who are troubled with gout or liver diseases. The time they spend among the grapes of St. Peter, above Vevey, or Bex-Bains, seems to benefit and calm patients. The juicy white grapes of Switzerland is most beneficial because of its easily digested skin.

Good advice is well enough in its way, but a hungry man can't make a meal of it.

United Empire Loyalists Will Celebrate Greatest Event In Canada's History

Natural Gas At Edmonton

Installation of System Made in Record Time

Recently thousands of Edmonton people saw the official opening of the Edmonton gas system, when Mayor Duggan lighted the flame on the high pressure line crossing the Fifth Street bridge. Northwestern Utilities Limited, the gas company, is starting out with 5,000 customers. In the installation of their system this company made an Alberta record for rapid work. The gas is piped about 85 miles, from Viking. Starting work in July the long pipe line was completed by the end of October, the city distribution system being ready for service a few days later. The gas supply in the proven area at Viking is estimated at sixty million cubic feet. The ten wells drilled for the Edmonton system have a daily flow of forty million cubic feet. The gas is high in B.T.U.'s.

Increase \$300,000,000

Total Value of All Grains Produced in Canada Shows Big Jump

That the total value of the different grains produced in Canada in 1922 was nearly three hundred million dollars greater than ten years previous, is graphically shown by a new elevator map of the prairie provinces, just issued through the natural resources intelligence service of the Canadian department of the interior. A diagram showing production per year and value of the various grains for the past fifteen years, is one of the features of the new map, which has been prepared chiefly to show the storage capacity of each grain elevator throughout the three provinces. By figures underneath the name of each city or town with elevator facilities, the capacity of the nearest thousand is indicated. Points outside of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta where grain warehouses have been established, are also illustrated through an inset map. Those in a position to use a map to advantage will be provided with a copy, free of charge, upon application.

Dairy Products to Britain

Denmark during the nine months ending September 30, shipped 1,339,470 cwt. of butter to Britain; Australia, 444,571 cwt.; New Zealand, 940,123 cwt.; and Canada, 10,714 cwt. The Netherlands, including Denmark, shipped in the same time to the same destination 149,007 cwt. of cheese; Australia, 29,284 cwt.; New Zealand, 1,211,986 cwt.; and Canada, 558,030 cwt. A leading British firm reports that recent shipments of butter from Canada have been very satisfactory and that quotations are 18 to 190 shillings per long hundredweight, or a little over forty cents a pound.

There are lots of big boys and small men in the world.

Japan has fourteen national holidays.

Next June there will be celebrated in Canada one of the greatest events in the history of Canada and of the Empire, namely the anniversary of the settlement of Upper Canada by the United Empire Loyalists. June 16, 1824, will be the 140th anniversary of this great event. One hundred and forty years ago there was no Upper Canada or Ontario; as that territory is now called. The war between Great Britain and the thirteen American colonies, which resulted in their independence and the establishment of the new republic of the United States of America, was brought to a close by the treaty in 1783. Many thousands in the new republic had had, exposed the cause of Great Britain, desired to live under her laws and enjoy her freedom and principles of justice. Some went to England, West Indies and other places.

Several shipments of the Loyalists set sail from New York for the then uninhabited and unknown wilderness of Upper Canada on September 8, 1783. They proceeded upon the Atlantic coast to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, thence up the river St. Lawrence to Sorel, Quebec, where they wintered in shacks and tents, while they constructed flat-bottomed boats called batteaux, to enable them to complete their journey. In the spring when the government had completed surveys in the territory around the Bay of Quinte, they proceeded to that territory, arriving June 16, 1784, and settled along the shores of that bay. Later, small parties came in canoes by way of the Hudson River and other waterways to Lake Ontario and thence to various parts of Upper Canada.

These early pioneers are called United Empire Loyalists. By an order-in-council of the Canadian Government, passed Nov. 9, 1789, when Lord Dorchester was governor, a record was directed to be kept of those people, and a "mark of honor" conferred upon them and their posterity, so that the United Empire Loyalists are the only persons upon whom an hereditary title was ever conferred by the Canadian Government, and it is not likely there will ever be another hereditary title conferred by a Canadian Government.

This title was not created and conferred because the recipients had accumulated riches, attained political distinction or basked in the sunshine of a prince's favor, but because the recipients had lost all worldly possessions, had sacrificed everything for a noble principle and served well in a good cause. As time goes on it will no doubt come to be regarded as the most exclusive and honorable title in the Empire.

The action of the United Empire Loyalists made possible a British North America with its two million British homes. The event which will be celebrated next June at the city of Belleville in the Bay of Quinte district, is therefore one of the greatest events in the history of the Empire.

Not only Canadians but citizens of the United States of America are taking an interest in the celebration. Already a number of prominent citizens of the United States have expressed their intention of being present, including General Putnam, of Vermont, a relation of one of Washington's generals; Hon. Mr. Justice Clarke, of the supreme court of the United States; Rear-Admiral Sims, and Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. The governor of New York state has written that he will be present or send a representative. The governors of a number of other states have sent similar messages.

Lord Rosebery's Tact

Many years ago, when Lord Rosebery was giving a dinner to some of his tenants, an old man who sat next to him helped himself to a huge piece of ice cream. When he regaled his breath he exclaimed, "Why this pudding's froze!"

Lord Rosebery tasted a little from his own plate, and then, his face a wonderful study in genuine astonishment, remarked, "Good Scott! 'Bo it is!"

"Surely an unparalleled instance of consummate tact!"

Anxious Old Lady (on river steamer).—"Say, my good man, is this boat going up or down?"

Sirly Deckhand.—"Well, she's a leaky old tub, ma'am, so I shouldn't wonder if she was going down. Then, again, her bilers ain't none too good, so she might go up."

Parry, the British explorer, was the first to negotiate the open passage between Greenland and the Bering Sea.

Magnificent Specimen of Moose Head



This record moose head from an antler shot in Northern Ontario has been secured by the Canadian National Railways to be placed in their building at the British Empire Exhibition in London. The head has been specially mounted for display and is one of the finest specimens ever secured. As far as is known only two large moose heads have ever been secured and one of these was presented to the late King Edward VII.

by Canadian sportsmen.

The particulars of the head shown in the photograph are interesting. The spread of the antlers is 70½ inches from tip to tip. The weight of the antlers, before mounting, was 84 pounds. The length of the right antler from the base of horn to the tip is 37½ inches and that of the left antler 39 inches. The width of the left palm at the widest point is 16 inches and that of the right 14½ inches.

The points total 32 in number, there being 14 on each antler. The weight of the animal was 1,400 pounds.

Before being shipped to England the head will be displayed in the window of ticket offices of the Canadian National Railways in various cities. It is now on exhibition at the ticket office at the northwest corner of King and Yonge Sts., Toronto, where it is attracting much attention and comment.

We take this opportunity of thanking our many patrons and friends for their patronage during 1935 and beg to solicit a continuance of the same.

WISHING ONE AND ALL

*A Right Merry
Christmas and
A Happy New Year*

F. M. THOMPSON CO.

Main Store Phone 25. Greenhill Store Phone 28.
General Merchants. Blairmore, Alberta.

READY-MADE AXIOMS

FOR THE NEW YEAR

Business neglect is often lost. Above all, that I be not a coward. The bull dog wins because he hangs on.

A merry heart doeth good like a medicine.

High interest generally means low security.

Let yourself and not your words speak for you.

There is nothing in the world worth doing wrong for.

A man's true wealth is the good he does in the world.

When speed sacrifices safety twice better to go slow.

To be of use in the world is the only way to be happy.

Impossibilities are merely the half-hearted efforts of quitters.

Happiness is neither a vested right nor a self-sustaining state.

A customer offended is harder to win than a strong city.

The biggest room in the world is the room for improvement.

Being everlastingly on the job beats carrying a rabbit's foot for luck.

If you see good in everybody, nearly everybody will see good in you.

No one is useless in the world who lightens the burden of it for anyone else.

The man who says he never makes a mistake probably doesn't know one when he sees it.

They that forsake the law praise the wicked. But such as keep the law contend with them.

GIFT TO MEDICAL COLLEGE

A gift of the sum of \$500,000 from the Rockefeller Foundation has been made to the medical college of the Alberta University, according to word received last week. A special gift of \$5,000 has also been given by the Rockefeller Foundation to aid in the extension of the use of insulin.

BUILDERS

Isn't it strange that Princes and Kings And clowns that caper in sawdust rings, And common folks like you and me, Are Builders for Eternity?

To each is given a bag of tools, 'A shapeless mass and a book of rules And each must make, as life has flown

A stumbling block or a stepping stone.—Selected.

LABOR DELEGATION

Delegates from the Alberta Federation of Labor met the members of the Provincial Government the past week and presented requests for certain changes in legislation. Premier Greenfield announced that a study was being made of the Workmen's Compensation Act with a view to some changes.

HOME BANK DEPOSITORS WILL RECEIVE 25 p.c. ON SATURDAY

We are asked to announce that 25 p.c. of interest will be paid depositors at the local branch of the Home Bank of Canada on and after Saturday, December 22.

LAST MINUTE CORRECTION

The F. M. Thompson Co. wish to state that the price of Jap Oranges, advertised at \$1.05 per box, is an error and that the price is now 95c per box.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, BLAIRMORE

Services—Sunday, December 23rd—Holy Communion at 11 a.m. Baptism at 2:30 p.m. Rev. J. Merrick, M.A., of Macleod.

Services Christmas Day, December 25th at 11 a.m.

THE TWO BITS

I am twenty-five cents, I am not on speaking terms with the butcher,

I am too small to buy a quart of ice cream,

I am not large enough to purchase a box of candy,

I cannot be exchanged for a gallon of gasoline,

I am too small to buy a ticket for a movie, or to buy a drink from an Alberta bootlegger,

I am hardly fit for a tip. But—believe me,

When I go to church on Sunday I am considered SOME MONEY.

SPECIAL CURE

Hon. George Hoadley, minister of health and agriculture, has made application to the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, in New York,

to secure the use in Alberta of the drug called try-panamide, which is said to be a cure for paresis and locomotor ataxia.

The drug which is one of the recent discoveries, is now being used in certain eastern hospitals, and it is Mr. Hoadley's hope that he may be able to obtain a supply for use on selected patients in the public hospitals and clinics in this province.

A couple of weeks ago a report was circulated to the effect that Fred Henson, who recently opened up a meat market at Cadomin, had been burned out by the fire which destroyed the Burnett premises. We are pleased to learn from Mr. Henson that such was not the case, that his new store was not at all endangered and that business is going on well.

To the People, of the
Crows' Nest Pass we extend our
Heartiest Greetings.

**Merry Xmas
and Happy
New Year**

**Plunkett & Savage
(Leth.) Limited**

—SOLE DISTRIBUTORS IN THE CROWS' NEST PASS FOR—
BLUE GOOSE ORANGES and GANONG BROS.
(G.B.) CHOCOLATES

WISHING YOU ALL A
MERRY CHRISTMAS and
PROSPEROUS NEW
YEAR

The
**Blairmore Trading
Company**
BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

THE CROSS ON THE MOUNTAIN
Travellers approaching the town of Harriman in eastern Tennessee are attracted by the sight of an illuminated cross that stands on top of one of the many mountains surrounding that railway centre. The cross is twenty-eight feet high and is lighted by sixty electric lights of fifty candle power—making three thousand candle power in all. It is so placed that you can see it from any of the passenger trains that pass through the town. Moreover, it is visible for ten or twelve miles. The city furnishes the current free, and an automatic switch turns it on every evening.

The idea of placing the beautiful symbol where all might see it originated in the mind of little five-year-old Dan Denny. Having received a small cross to play with one day while visiting at the house of a neighbor, the child hung it up in a window and called his mother to come and see

it. "Why did you put the cross in the window?" asked the mother.

"Because someone might see it and think about Jesus and try to be good," replied the little boy.

His mother was so much impressed with the idea that she spoke of it to her friends and suggested that a large cross erected at some suitable place might do a great deal of good. The churches of the town took up the matter, and the cross was set on the mountain top.

And so that great shining symbol of sacrificial love stands like a sentinel above the city, and its message seems the more tender and beautiful because it had its birth in the mind of a little child.

May the Best be Yours this
Christmastide.

HARTLEY UPHAM
Barber Blairmore Shoemaker Blairmore

The Season's Greetings

T. FOLINO

Best Wishes of the Season

ALF. LINK

Christmas Greetings to
Everybody.

W. A. RATCLIFFE

The Miners' Grocery
Wishes its Patrons A
**Merry Christmas and
A Happy New Year**
T. PONDELICEK & SON

PHONE 79

P. O. BOX 158

BLAIRMORE

We extend the heartiest
Compliments of the Season
to one and all.

**MERRY XMAS AND
HAPPY NEW YEAR**

Open invitation to every-
body to spend Christmas at

Corner Association

W. Knight, Prop. Blairmore

PROTEST SIX PER CENT SALES TAX

TORONTO, Dec. 15.—The Mail and Empire says editorially today:

"If there were no other reasons for bringing on the next session of parliament as soon as possible in the new year, the fitting protests from all parts of Canada against the six per cent sales tax that is to come into effect on January 1 would be a sufficient one. Such an outburst of public opinion might well have warranted the government in calling parliament together in special session to deal with the matter. In fact the whole question of fiscal economy and trade policy is now pressing for attention at the hands of parliament. Not since the war has it been so necessary as at the present time that the country's financial and industrial problems should be dealt with in the broadest spirit of statesmanship."

CAPITAL OF ICELAND IS BECOMING MODERN

Great Changes Have Taken Place in Recent Years

Reykjavik, the capital of Iceland, is looking up, falling into step with the modern world. The city fathers are about to pipe the waters of the geysers into town, to heat the buildings, to supply the laundries and for hygienic purposes, as these volcanic springs are sulphurous and radioactive. When Lord Bryce visited Iceland in 1872 Reykjavik was a forlorn place, with a population of 1,500 and the most primitive of accommodations. It did, indeed, have one policeman, but he seemed to be superfluous, there being no criminals to apprehend and only two lawyers to stir up litigation. However, by 1900 Reykjavik was becoming metropolitan in a sense, and according to the statistical Karl Rudolph, it then had 10,000 people and two hotels, the island and the Reykjavik—no spiritual liquors at the former. Also two bookshops, photographic studios and shops retelling jewelry and antiques. There was at least one handsome street, Austurstræt.

The boom at Reykjavik set in when Denmark granted the country self-government. Dr. John Stefansson, writing about the island in 1902, said that the revenue was six times as large as it was in 1874, that there was no debt, and a surplus of 1,000,000 crowns. More money had been expended on the roads since that year "than in all the centuries before." In 1874 the old Parliament was re-established. Now Reykjavik is a natural hot water on tap. It will not be necessary for the women to go a mile from town to do their washing at the public laundries, where the water boils up through the lava. Reykjavik has long had telegraphic connection with Denmark and Great Britain. Of course it has radio today and moving pictures. It still lacks modern hotel accommodations, but if the city fathers persevere, in the present year water will never fall the tourist in the three months of summer (mean temperature 53 degrees Fahrenheit). The chill of the hotels and pensions can be driven away by the janitor who will lay on the stream from the neighboring spring. If Iceland is the "Land of Fire," it is cold at night—even in high summer.

Dr. Jon Stefansson's enthusiasm about the country is tremendous. A temperate climate, an atmosphere as clear as Italy's: "No country on earth of equal size contains so varied and wonderful natural phenomena," the glaciologists of Switzerland, the fjords, salmon rivers and midnight sun of Norway, the mineral springs of Germany, the geysers of New Zealand, the largest waterfall next to Niagara, the De-

troits. The healthiest of all countries, says he, and the cheapest. On \$20 a year a good old clergyman lived to be 113. An educated, genial people, in whom the artistic spirit is developed to the highest degree. Reykjavik would be a magnet to tourists if it only had the modern conveniences. And now the geysers are to be harnessed for hostilities and homes. With a gross agent as buoyant as Dr. Stefansson, Iceland should soon be as full of summer visitors at Nantucket. From the New York Times.

Bank Was Considerate

Willing to Waive Interest on Note and Charge Storage

A gentleman in a southern town, well known as brilliant but careless, was persistent in his applications for loans and extremely tardy about repaying them. He had induced a local bank to let him have \$40, and gave his note therefor.

At the end of each go-day period he invariably appeared and asked that the note be renewed, and as there was nothing else to do the bank always renewed it.

One day he appeared and said to the cashier:

"I'd like to renew that paper of mine you have here."

"Certainly," replied the cashier, "I'll fix it up for you."

The cashier made the proper preparations for the renewal and then he said:

"Say, the directors were talking about this paper of yours the other day. They decided they wouldn't charge you interest on it any longer."

"That's very considerate of them," was the reply. "I'm mighty glad to hear it. I certainly am under obligations to them."

"Yes," continued the cashier, "we're not going to charge you interest, we're going to charge you storage!"

Increase in Revenue

The close of the first half of the present year sees an increase of approximately ten million dollars in the revenue of the Dominion of Canada, as compared with last year. For the six months of the present fiscal year which ended September 30 last, revenue totalled \$213,092,087. On September 30, 1925, the corresponding total was \$203,107,918. The increase amounted to \$9,984,169.

An Insinuation

He—Don't you think that Miss Thirly-odd looks awfully sweet this evening?

She (Jealous)—Oh, I suppose so, but I never did care for preserves.

Steamships sail regularly from the port of London to 274 ports all over the globe.

SOME GOOD RULES

Britisher Has Right Idea for Making Good in Canada

"If England only realised what chances lay before youth and enterprise in Canada," the Prince of Wales is reported to have exclaimed on his arrival home in Britain. And with the dispatch comes a letter written by a British harvester in Canada, telling of hard work, but good treatment at the hands of the western farmer. The letter laid down six cardinal rules for success, which are worth repeating:

1. To get away from the cities.
 2. To show a willingness to work.
 3. Don't expect easy money.
 4. Adapt yourself to Canada.
 5. Forget the way you did things in the Old Country.
 6. Digest the Canadian point of view.
- Indeed, after all is said and done, the rules laid down by this British chap, who used to belong to the Air Force, are rules which would bring success anywhere.—St. Catharines Standard.

Origin of Coal Oil

While coal is the carbonized product of an ancient vegetation, crude petroleum is believed to have had an animal origin. The conclusion that it has come from great deposits of fish, possibly destroyed by volcanic action, has been reached by Dr. J. M. Macfarlane, of the University of Pennsylvania, after 50 years of special study.

The Man Got Away

Miss Passie—I discovered a burglary in the parlor last night.

Miss Keen—Gracious! Did you faint?

Miss P.—Oh no, I tried to catch him, but—

Miss K.—But you had your usual luck eh?

When the average man makes a mistake he tries to justify himself by referring to his good intentions.

Doctrines and Beliefs Of Ancient Egypt

Cairo Expedition Will Copy Hieroglyphics For University of Chicago

An attempt to discover the ancient doctrines and beliefs of the 4,000-year-old religion of Egypt will be made by the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago, in sending an expedition to Cairo, Egypt, in December. The expedition will be led by Professor James Henry Breasted.

It is planned to make hand copies of the Egyptian hieroglyphics found inscribed on the inner surfaces of the sides and top of coffins. These texts contain the religious beliefs prevalent in Egypt at 2,000 B.C., according to Professor Breasted. No extraneous will be made.

Says Eskimos And Indians Same Race

Arctic Explorer Reached Conclusion Through Similarity of Music

The Norwegian Arctic explorer, Christian Ingebrigtsen, has returned from Greenland bringing back a remarkable ethnographic and zoological collection for the Peabody Museum in Brooklyn, New York.

Liedtke believes that he has conclusively proven that Eskimos and Indians are an identical race. He arrived at this conclusion through the similarity of music.

That Started It

Mrs. Gabb (reading)—Do you know, my dear, that there are approximately 700,000 words in the English language?

Mr. Gabb—Only 700,000! Why I thought you used a great deal more than that every day!—New York Sun.

The arguments of most men are sound—and that's all.

Evaporated milk has been condensed without the addition of sugar.

Tubers Were Valuable

Disease-Resisting Potatoes Shown in Glass Case at London Show

Amid all the wealth of beautiful flowers and luxuriant fruits displayed and seen by many thousands of visitors at the Royal Horticultural Society's autumn show in Holland Park, London, N.W., not even the rarest orchid or choicest rose was honored so much as a small basket of potatoes which was shown in a glass case.

The potatoes were a sample, about 25 lbs., of Messrs. Sutton's new disease-resisting tuber. Ben Cruachan, which won Lord Derby's gold medal for the last year's best potato certified immune from the dreaded wart disease. Messrs. Sutton made them the centrepiece of their exhibit of 200 dishes of their vegetables.

Visitors smiled to see them in a glass case, but it was pointed out that the tubers were far too valuable to incur the risk of one being pilfered from the basket, taken home and propagated.

To raise a new potato of which one can be sure is a task of at least five years, and for every one thousand new varieties grown, about 999 are ultimately thrown away.

Pinnacles Monument

Spire-Like Rock Form Awe-Inspiring Landmark in California

The name of the Pinnacles National Monument in California is derived from the spire-like rocks which form a landmark visible many miles in every direction. Many of the rocks are so precipitous that they cannot be scaled. A series of caves, opening one into the other, lie under each of the groups of rocks. There are several specimens of "balancing rocks," and the pinnacles, domes, caves and subterranean passages of the monument are awe-inspiring on close inspection.

Some people murder the truth, while others never get near enough to it to do it bodily harm.

Vancouver's Fourteenth Story Garden



Roof Garden of Canadian Pacific "Hotel Vancouver."

Above—On occasion tea is served in the cool recesses.

Below—From every side a panorama such as only the picturesque coast of British Columbia can provide.

Fourteen stories above the rushing traffic of Vancouver's busiest streets is a verdant sanctuary for the tired traveller and sightseer. The fresh salt breezes of the Pacific blowing in off the Straits of Georgia fan the clusters of chestnut, cedar and catalpa trees, and mingle with the fragrance of a hundred varieties of flowering plants. An oasis in the heart of the city's industries, shops and office buildings, is the roof garden of the Canadian Pacific Hotel Vancouver. An elevator carries you up swiftly from the noise and bustle of the lobby depositing you in the noiseless shade of this aerial retreat. From the stone parapets you can look down upon the living streets, with motor cars, street cars and hurrying pedestrians moving silently to and fro 160 feet below.

From every side a panorama such as only the picturesque coast of British Columbia can provide invites the eye to dwell on violet yellets mountains and sunbaked water. Stanley Park, Vancouver's famous forest playground, reaches out its peninsular arms to the ships of all nations which come and go through the picturesque

Narrow. Beyond the harbor waters of Burrard Inlet behind the slopes of North Vancouver, three yawning canyons lure the hiker, the motorist and the angler. To the south the lovely homes of Shaughnessy Heights all but cut off a bird's eye view of the Fraser River Delta, and to the east and west the city's paved streets and shaded avenues spread out in geometrical pattern. False Creek, Kitsilano Beach and English Bay contribute miles of waterfront and wide expanses of golden sandy beach. In the harbor a group of familiar yellow stacked steamers, Canadian Pacific coastal steamships, cluster round Pier D. A big Empress liner, also yellow, is moored, its tied up at the Immigration shed, and smaller craft, looking like busy beetles, move regularly from pier to pier.

For twelve months in the year the flowers bloom on trellis, wall and pergola in the roof garden. Drooping wisteria combings with Boston and English ivy. African marigolds flit with the dainty French legion of honor, and pastel shaded petunias grow up through the variegated stripes of

WESTERN HORSES SHIPPED TO EASTERN CANADA

Horse More Than Holding His Own Against Tractors

So far as farm work is concerned the horse is more than holding his own against the encroachment of traction engines and motor-trucks. This opinion is held by officials of the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, who made a study of the situation with special regard towards the materialization or otherwise of the prediction once made that the gasoline tractor was old Dobbin's death warrant.

Attention was drawn to the successful battle which the horse is waging against his mechanical opponent, the internal combustion tractor, at a recent hearing before the Dominion Railway Commission when that body was asked to grant a twenty-five per cent reduction in freight rates on horses.

Records dealing with horses show clearly that the three prairie provinces no longer look to Eastern Canada for their supply of horses but are in a position to turn the tables upon Ontario and Quebec. It is estimated that over five thousand horses were shipped to Eastern Canada from Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta during the last year and there is every indication that the traffic will continue.

In explanation of this phenomenal change in conditions, livestock officials refer to figures showing the number of horses in the various provinces when the war occurred in comparison with the number at the present time. Before the war Ontario had 900,000 horses and at the present time there are less than 675,000; Quebec records a slight gain while the Maritime Provinces and British Columbia lost, though the decrease was slight in comparison to that experienced in Ontario. Very few horses were shipped from the provinces during the last few years. When the war began Alberta had 680,000 horses and this number has increased to over a million; Saskatchewan was recorded an advance from 530,000 to 750,000 and Manitoba also showed a substantial gain.

A survey of the market during the war years shows that not more than 85,000 horses were taken from Canada for war purposes. Farmers at that time became greatly interested in the possibilities of the tractor and motor-truck. Circumstances combined to discourage the breeding of horses until 1920 and 1921 when money was scarce and agriculturists turned again to what livestock officials believe is the cheaper agency—the horse.

A Post-War Drama

German Cavalry Officer, Who Befriended Canadian Prisoners of War, Is Brought to Canada

Gratitude for sympathy and kindness extended to a number of Canadian soldiers while prisoners in a German prison camp by Sergeant-Major Willie Hatzemann, a Prussian cavalryman, has resulted in the German soldier being brought to Canada by those he saved from starvation.

Trooper Harry Deacon, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, has been the central figure in this little post-war drama. On receipt of a letter from Hatzemann last spring, in which he told of his straitened conditions, Deacon and others interested in the case came forward with money and sent it to the German cavalryman, enabling him to come to Canada.

"This chap is one of the cleanest, whitest men I ever met, and so say all the British who were in prison camp with me," said Trooper Deacon. "He was the friend of British soldiers at the time when friendship was needed. He asks only to be allowed to make a living under the wonderful prosperous conditions of this country compared to the ruin and chaos of his own."

Bealish of Accuracy

"You have heard what the last witness said," persisted counsel, "and yet your evidence is to the contrary. Am I to infer that you wish to throw doubt on her veracity?"

"The polite young man waxes a deprecating hand."

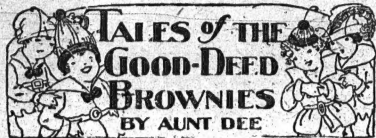
"Not at all," he replied, "I merely wish to make it clear what I claim is what I believe the truth."—Passing Show.

A Match For the Volcano

An American happened to be in Sicily during the recent eruption of Etna. "You've noticed that in America, have you?" said an Italian friend of his with obvious pride.

"No," replied the visitor, "we haven't, but we're dead-Niagara Falls, and they'd put that flaring thing out in five minutes."

"One of the rarest gems in Queen Mary's collection is a green diamond of marvellous beauty. It has never been set."



TALES OF THE GOOD-DEED BROWNIES BY AUNT DEE

Herbert Mende Mr. White Rabbit's Machine.

"After Mrs. White Rabbit had rubbed the Rabbit Babies dry and they had stopped whimpering and felt all happy again, she said to them:

"Now, Babies, I hope this will be a lesson to you. The Good-Deed Brownies were trying to entertain you. Chuckles thought you would enjoy seeing him—dive into the swimming pool, but my gracious me, he never thought you would try to copy him. I am surprised at you! Do you want to spoil all the Brownies' fun while you are here? There are a great many things they can do that Rabbit Babies can't. Surely you don't want them to feel every time they do the things they enjoy you will try to copy them and be in danger. If you are up to any more tricks like you just played I will have to start right home with all three of you, and Daddy can remain here and have his visit."

The Rabbit Babies hung their heads. It wasn't often that their Mother scolded them, and she only did so when they really deserved it, so they knew to receive such a scolding they must have been very naughty. Then also they were having such a beautiful time at the Good-Deed Camp that they didn't want to leave, and it would have been particularly hard to leave their Daddy there. They loved their Daddy dearly and missed him very much when he had to be away from home. So they told their Mother they were very sorry they had tried to dive into the swimming pool and promised not to be naughty once again during their visit.

Mrs. White Rabbit then told them each then, for she didn't like to scold them any more, but when they really deserved it.

"Come," she said, "We shall go to remember it had broken and

wouldn't send messages. Herbert exclaimed it carefully and then looking up at Mr. White Rabbit said:

"Out and join the others. I know that now my Babies will be good."

When they got out to the big field under the tree they found Mr. White Rabbit there with about two dozen Good-Deeds clustered around him. He had brought out his radio machine and was showing it to Herbert Handy.



"I think I know what's wrong with it," Mr. White Rabbit. If you will come over to my shop with me I think I can mend it for you in a few minutes. And he did that very thing. It took Herbert exactly five minutes by the Brownies Co-oo clock machine on the wall to put that machine in perfect order. He certainly was a clever Brownie.



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A CHURCH UP AGAINST THE GERMAN MARK

At a conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church in New York City a few days ago, the decline and fall of the German mark was injected into the conference by Bishop E. G. Richardson, of Atlanta, who explained that in 1920, when the mark's value began to drop, the church's 600 pieces of property in Germany were mortgaged for \$2,000,000, which was about 8,000,000 marks, par value.

"A dollar then was worth about 17 marks," he said. "Scenting a bargain, the board sent five of us over there and we wiped off the \$2,000,000 mortgage for \$116,000 cash, American money. If we'd waited until today we could have paid them off for one three thousandth of a cent."

Bishop J. L. Nuelson, of Zurich, whose jurisdiction includes Germany, said: "Just before I called to attend this conference one of my churches gave a grand festival for the benefit of charity. Weeks were spent in

AMERICAN CONSULAR SERVICE

The American Consul at Fernie reports the receipt of general instruction No. 912 from Washington, D. C., a part of which is of interest to shippers and the general public. The instruction announces that the following classes of merchandise will be admitted to the United States without the necessity of a consular invoice:

1. Merchandise not exceeding \$100 in value, including such merchandise imported through the mails.
2. Household effects used abroad and personal effects, not imported in pursuance of a purchase or agreement for purchase and not intended for sale.

3. Articles sent by persons in foreign countries as gifts to persons in the United States.
4. Tools of trade of a person arriving in the United States.

5. Personal effects of a citizen of the United States.

preparation and the festival was quite an affair. We took in 400,000, 000 marks—about 9 cents."

of the United States who has died in a foreign country.

I heard the bells on Christmas Day,
Their old familiar carols play,
And wild and sweet,
The words repeat
Of peace on earth, good-will to men!
And tho' 't is now, as the day had come
The belfries of all Christendom
Had rolled along
The unbroken song
Of peace on earth, good-will to men!
—Longfellow.

Great interest is being manifested in the International Dog Derby to be run at Quebec during the Winter Carnival on February 21st, 22nd and 23rd, 1924. The race is for teams of huskies driven by Indians, trappers, traders, mail carriers and others. At present ten entries have been received and others are expected from the north shore of the St. Lawrence and from the Abitibi mining district. As civilization will soon close, it will be necessary for entries from the latter district to march 400 miles to reach Quebec. About five American teams will probably take part, their object being to register in the gold cup for the United States.

What might have resulted in a very serious train wreck was avoided in the nick of time by the Canadian Pacific Railway Patrol, Sound subdivision, by section foreman Connel, who while patrolling the track near Brignall recently discovered two large iron nuts on top of the rails, securely fastened with bay wire. The foreman had just time to unfasten the wire and remove the nuts to clear the track for a train was due in five minutes. Two boys in the vicinity admitted, after questioning, that they wired the nuts to the rails. They were sentenced to the local shelter for one month and their fathers were required to give bond and report to the authorities for two years.

Evidence given by farmers before the U.S. Tariff Commission showed that under American railway rates a bushel of wheat could be hauled only 35 miles for one cent, while under Canadian rates the same amount of money would move the same amount of grain 66 miles. American farmers claim that this is a saving in favor of the Canadian producer of 14 per cent, or about 8 cents a bushel. The reason given for the difference is that in the United States grain rates are based on cost of moving it to-day, while in Canada they are based on 1897 costs, when the Crow's Nest Pass agreement was made between the Government and the Canadian Pacific.

Canada Lures World-famous Stars



That the two-fold attraction of Canada's audiences and Canada's scenic and climatic allurements, especially at Banff, is proving irresistible to many great concert-theatrical and movie stars is well brought out by the above photographs reproduced above, which represents some of the famous artists who have recently visited Canada. The majority of the originals of these pictures need no introductions to Canadians. Sophie Breslau, that brilliant contralto singer, who is shown about to start her tour of this country from the Canadian Pacific Railway's Windsor Station, Montreal, made a great hit everywhere. Dame Clara Butt retains her place in the hearts of British audiences. Calli Curci's golden voice has enraptured millions. Elsie Janis, internationally known impersonator, and her "Mamma" foregathered with the Mounties at the C.P.R. station at Banff and got a big thrill. Jack Holt, famous movie star, snapped off duty among the Indians at Banff, is lyrical on the subject of Canadian scenery. Jascha Heifetz was on his way to the Orient when he posed for the Canadian Pacific camera-man. The perennial Pavlova expresses her appreciation of services rendered aboard the Empress of France. Doug and Mary had the time of their young lives holidaying at the Canadian Pacific hotel at Banff, where the picture reproduced was taken.

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Province Of Alberta Grows Phenomenal Grain Crop That Excels All Previous Records

In a year that has been outstanding from an agricultural point of view is that the Dominion with a smaller acreage than that of the previous year has produced a uniformly greater crop than even the record of 1922, the most signal and noteworthy feature would seem to be the phenomenal grain production of the province of Alberta. This province, which stakes its hopes of prosperity rather in diversified farming than in grain growing, has achieved feats in grain production that will doubtless be set down for all time in the cereal production history of the American continent.

There is no doubt but that this year in all respects Alberta has achieved not only a record yield for the province but a remarkable one in agricultural annals, this not alone in the aggregate crop but in the average acreage and general uniformity. Wheat weighing over 60 pounds to the bushel has been reported from all parts of the province, whilst there are frequent occurrences of oats weighing more than 40 pounds to the bushel and barley 50 pounds to the bushel. The few following cases, taken from different sections of Alberta, will give some indication of the phenomenal yield.

At Lacombe, a wheat yield of 63 bushels to the acre is recorded, grain weighing 64 pounds to the bushel and grading number one northern.

At High River, 500 acres of wheat yielded 55 bushels to the acre, weighing 66 pounds to the bushel and graded number one northern.

At Wheat, a yield of 40 bushels of wheat to the acre is recorded, grain weighing 65 pounds to the bushel and grading number one northern.

At Claresholm, a field of 80 acres yielded 37 bushels to the acre, weighed 64 pounds to the bushel and graded number one northern.

At Valcartier, over the entire district the average wheat yield runs from 35 to 51 bushels to the acre, weighs on the average 62 pounds and grades number one northern.

In the Brant district there is a farm of 800 acres which has not been threshed, on which the wheat is expected to yield 60 bushels to the acre and the oats from 125 to 135 bushels to the acre.

Most extraordinary yields of grain are reported from the Provincial School of Agriculture at Olds, Alberta. On a one acre patch, 150 bushels of Marquis wheat were threshed, which is believed to be a record for this crop exceeding the 52-bushel yield of Seeger Wheeler, which was considered as being unsurpassable. From an acre seeded to oats, 205 bushels were threshed. Barley similarly yielded exceptionally. On a field of 27 acres an average of 70 bushels to the acre was secured, which on an other, 10 acres of a different variety, a yield of 80 bushels to the acre was recorded.

The record crop has taxed almost to capacity the rolling stock of the transportation companies which were preparing early in the season for its movement. The Canadian Pacific Railway placed a large number of new locomotives in the grain belt, and for several months, at the Angus shops alone, turned out twenty-one new freight cars daily. These new cars were worked West on completion and became units in trains which for length and tonnage were greater than the west had known before. On October 5th the world's record for grain trains was shattered by the Canadian Pacific with a monster of 125 carsloads of wheat, over a mile long, which operated between Stouffville and Arcola. The contents of the cars, 185,000 bushels, weighed 5,546 tons.

All grain loading records in Alberta were completely smashed by the Canadian Pacific on October 10th when the Company loaded 753 cars, representing at least 1,045,200 bushels. If these cars were piled together, they would make up a freight train about 53 miles in length, and a baker's dozen of these trains would extend from Calgary to Banff, a distance of 82 miles.

Presence of Mind

Mr. Smart (at mistake).—That sounds like the devil.
Lady near him.—Sir! That is my daughter singing.
Smart.—As I was about to say—the developed and matured vocalization of a Melba.

Yes, indeed

Teacher.—What does the boy see teach us, Charlie?
Charles.—Not to go too near the fire.

They are bees in some parts of the world whose honey is poisonous.

Climbing Mountains in Ship

Marine Locke Lift Steamers Over High Hills in Sweden

Climbing mountains in a ship was the unusual experience of many American visitors to the Gothenburg exposition when they made the trip over the historic Gotha Canal from Gothenburg to Stockholm.

Marine locks in flights of five or six carry tourist ships through the granite hills from river to lake, until the canal reaches an altitude of more than 300 feet to the highlands of picturesque Southern Sweden, and then the ships begin their trip down stairs until they make their way to the level of the Baltic Sea, and after a short voyage on the open sea finally enter the great gulfs and slip into the harbor of Stockholm through the water.

It takes two and a half days to make the inland journey of 300 miles from Gothenburg to Stockholm. The actual canal is only 51 miles long, but 55 locks are passed in avoiding the high falls in rivers and ascending to the high lakes in the interior.

Queer Society in London

"Pearly King" Parade Sundays Collecting Money for Hospitals

"Schillingling" is a dull word to describe the world's "Pearly King" when he appears of a sunny day in his suit of 32,000 pearl buttons. It took two years to sew the buttons on his costume, for there are 2,000 on his high hat, 400 on each of his coat, 32,000 on his trousers, 32,000 on his shoes, 32,000 on his socks, 32,000 on his gloves. This particular pearly king has no less than 32,000 pearl buttons. He is 65 years old, has been collecting money for hospitals for 15 years, and is a very famous man.

To encourage this form of collecting the Canadian National Express has instituted a special rate of three dollars per box of apples, some measuring one cubic foot eight inches, and weighing 60 pounds, to all points in Great Britain and Ireland. This rate holds good from the ports of Montreal, Quebec, St. John and Halifax and includes delivery charges on the other side of the Atlantic. Shipments of this nature should be carefully packed. All Christmas packages sent in care of the Canadian National Express are insurable to the consignee's address by means of a special through insurance policy.

How to Store Potatoes

Valuable Advice Given By Dominion Horticulturist

"Thousands of bushels of potatoes are lost annually by careless storing," by being put in wet in comparatively warm and poorly-ventilated cellars and by being piled in great heaps. Touching on this matter the Dominion Horticulturist in Bulletin No. 10 of the Dominion Experimental Farms, that is to be had on application to the Publications Branch, Ottawa, furnishes advice that could profitably be well heeded. In the first place potatoes should be stored as far as possible in perfect darkness in a cool, well-ventilated cellar. Instead of heaping the potatoes against the wall slats should be nailed, a little apart, about six inches or more from the wall. A temporary door should be laid about a similar distance above the permanent floor with cracks between the boards. This plan will permit air to circulate under and through the pile. If large quantities have to be stored and the piles have to be made very large, square ventilators formed of slats and running from the top to the bottom of the heaps can be placed here and there, which, with the ventilation derived from the spaces below and the slats, will keep the potatoes in far better condition than if they are packed solidly. Another plan for storing the tubers is to put them in large crates made from slats with small interstices between. The temperature is an important point. While every precaution should be taken against frost, the heat should not exceed from 33 to 35 degrees F. A further matter of importance is to provide some means of lighting in cool air when spring is at hand to prevent sprouting. The best method is to let the cool air in at night and keep the cellar closed during the day. G. E. McIntosh, Commissioner.

What the War Cost Canada

Few people keep in mind the terrible cost of the war to the people of the Dominion of Canada. The amount spent last year was no less a sum than \$109,586,544, made up as follows: Interest on war loans, \$95,000,000; soldiers' civil re-establishment, \$17,781,200; soldiers' pensions, \$43,328,787; soldiers' land settlement, \$2,282,712; demobilization, \$9,171,626; war graves, \$622,115.

The pouch of a peacock is large enough to contain seven quarts of water.

When money takes the majority of us hear only the echo.

Early Seeding Best

Increased Yields On Land Planted Early in the Spring

A very important factor, says the Dominion Field Husbandman in his annual report, in increasing the yield of crops is early seeding. With an additional labor or seed, the yield on land planted early the spring is very much larger than on land seeded later. It is obvious, he adds, that this increased yield is reflected in larger returns and greater profits. A table in the report recording six sowings shows 52.5 bushels of oats, 35.4 bushels of barley, 17.9 bushels of spring wheat, and 30.4 bushels of peas per acre, for the first sowing, and 50.5 bushels of oats, 34.2 bushels of barley, 20.5 bushels of spring wheat, and 32.9 bushels of peas for the second sowing, seven days later. The reduction for each sowing made later is gradual but very decisive. Commenting upon this fact Mr. E. S. Hopkins, the Field Husbandman, points out that while the second date of seeding at Ottawa gave the highest yield in every instance, it must be remembered that this land was drained, and, perhaps, with many farmers, especially in fields containing wet potatoes or water courses, their first seeding would more nearly correspond as to date with the second seeding at the Central Experimental Farm. Inasmuch as the land and the seed were uniform, the decrease in yield for potatoes or water courses, their first seeding would more nearly correspond as to date with the second seeding at the Central Experimental Farm. Inasmuch as the land and the seed were uniform, the decrease in yield for potatoes or water courses, their first seeding would more nearly correspond as to date with the second seeding at the Central Experimental Farm.

Women Inventors Are Busy

American Women Granted Five Thousand Patents in Ten Years

To learn just what part women were taking in inventions, government officials recently undertook a survey that showed over 5,000 patents had been granted to them in ten years, more than the total for 100 years previous. The first patent granted an American woman was given by the British Government to the wife of a Pennsylvania planter, for a device to clean and cure corn. Labor-saving machines are said to make up the majority of women's inventions, one making an apparatus for scattering fertilizer, another an outfit to stir sugar cane, while an anti-justable horse collar was made by a Montana woman. For the kitchen, a pie pan was brought out that prevented juices from overflowing the rim, and a wooden mixing bowl was invented that would not spill. Almost every line of business was included, but 1,385 patents were for articles of housekeeping. Popular Mechanics.

Base of Naval Supplies

Fuel for Ships Will Be Stored at Singapore

Singapore is not defended for its own sake, and may never be. It is for imperial purposes, a base for the navy, the footing on imperial lines of communication with Pacific, from which the fleet could start and return. Above all, it has to be the storehouse for the stock of liquid fuel without which the fleet cannot start and return as unassailable as a motor car is without petrol or a substitute. Singapore Free Press.

An Economical Way For The Farmer To Make A Start Towards Forming Dairy Herd

Livestock Market

Falling Off of Receipts of Hogs, Calves and Lambs

Cattle received at the public stock yards up to the end of August totaled 457,554 head compared with 459,475 in the corresponding period last year. Receipts of hogs totaled 437,892 head compared with 473,165 head last year. Calves totaled 162,511 compared with 177,025 last year, a decrease of upwards of ten thousand. Receipts of sheep and lambs during the eight months were upwards of sixty thousand less than last year, the total being 169,372 compared with 229,448. Commenting upon the latter fact the monthly review of the Dominion Livestock Branch says, "This falling off is worthy of serious consideration, being common to all provinces and not justified by conditions in any. During 1922 the sheep market was the strongest trade in the market, and under much heavier supplies than now." Prices responded to this state of things, for while cattle were at a little up compared with last year, hog prices according to Toronto 65.00 compared with 56.87 per hundred in 1922, hogs were off rather more than two dollars per hundred. On the other hand calves were up nearly ninety cents, the average for July calves being 110.04 compared with 10.17 last year, and good lambs selling at 11.75 this year against 9.06 last year, and light sheep at 55.06 compared with 44.85.

Drought in South Africa

Fountaining Go Dried and Famine Threatens Hundreds of Cattle

The Daily Telegraph's Tisbury (Nat.) correspondent says South Africa is in the grip of a most disastrous drought. From all parts of the country come stories of hardships and loss.

"The northern part of the Orange Free State has been swept by a series of intensely hot and scorching winds, causing fountains to dry up, while the hatching of beetles is on an unprecedented scale. At Bloemfontein, despite its unlimited water supply, it is hard to keep flowers and trees alive. Unless rain falls soon no cattle will be left alive in the affected sections, it is predicted.

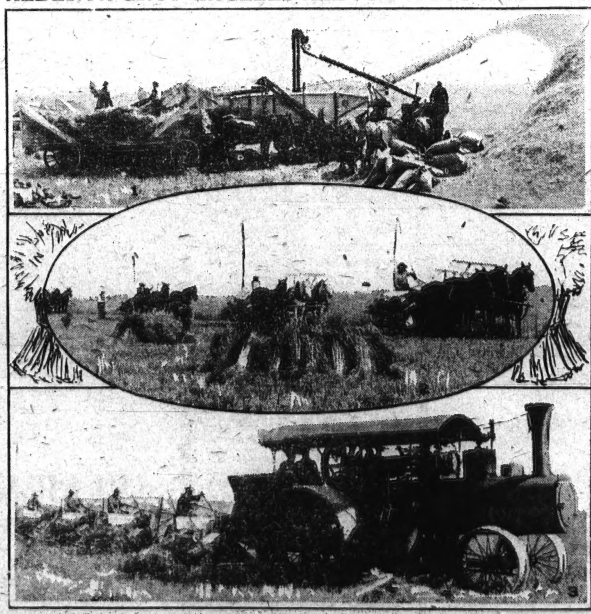
Shun the Very Appearance

An order was issued, requiring proprietors of downtown coffee shops to do away with swinging balconies, bar rails and other fixtures reminiscent of the old-time saloon in Chicago.

Didn't Need One

Chauffeur.—Is there an ordinance limiting the speed of autos in this town?
Native.—No; they can't get through too quickly to suit us.

ALBERTA CROP EXCELS ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS



1. Threshing phenomenal crop. 2. A battery of reapers on an Alberta farm. Horses alone did not suffice to garner the grain. Tractors have found great favor with the prairie farmers.

(By W. W. Frazer, Livestock Commissioner, Manitoba Department of Agriculture, Winnipeg)

Rather than buy expensive cows, ready in freshen, farmers should consider the advantages of buying heifers approaching their first calving. At present a cow ready to freshen will cost from \$75.00 to \$100.00, while a heifer that does not carry sufficient flesh to attract the butcher can be bought in the Winnipeg Stockyards at 24 cents per pound, weighing 700 to 800 pounds, the costs \$15.00 to \$20.00. Frequently, it occurs that the beginner has \$15.00 or \$20.00 with which to buy a cow, but has not \$75.00 or \$100.00.

It is true that during the first year the heifer will not give as much milk as a cow; but she should not be expected to do so, as she involves but one-quarter the investment. On the other hand, the cow is just as liable as the heifer to require a bad quarter or any other trouble; and besides this, she may prove a short date milker, and, therefore, be unprofitable. This can be avoided in the heifer, providing the owner takes proper care of her and continues to milk her for a long term at her first calving period. Some of the dangers in buying cows are: The cow that aborts; the irregular breeder; the short date milker; the hard milker; and the poor producer.

Good cows can be bought; but do not forget that there are fifty or more common cows for every good cow. A good dairyman does not sell his good cows.

"The purchase of heifers means 'growing into the ownership' of a herd of cows rather than 'going into' such ownership, and I believe that this is the only safe way. When this is done, increased knowledge of the work is acquired at a minimum cost, and success is much more certain. If many cases it would have been better if people had not been able to borrow money to buy the expensive animals. Procure some of these heifers referred to, take good care of them, and they will make money for you. They will sell at a good profit when ready to freshen. Cows are absolutely necessary to the welfare of every farm home. Now is the opportunity to procure some of these heifers; and they will develop into a nice herd at a price within the reach of every farmer. In building up a herd, aim at one type. Where twenty or more breeding heifers are purchased at the Winnipeg Stockyards, free transportation is granted from here yards to the railway station of the purchaser. The railway fare and necessary hotel expenses of the man coming to the yards to purchase them are paid by the Federal Department of Agriculture. Where one person wants only a few animals, we suggest that two or more neighbors join and make up a carload of twenty or more animals, and they will have the aforementioned privileges. This should be a great incentive to those wanting to start a herd of good cattle. The same arrangements applies to the establishing of a herd of best cattle or a flock of sheep.

Lifeboat Is Speedy

"Wooden Whale" Attains Speed of 60 Miles an Hour

Many interesting inventions are on view at Olympia, where the Shipping, Engineering and Machinery Exhibition is being held.

A machine is shown for developing and fixing photographs automatically at the rate of 1,000 an hour. Another part of the exhibition is devoted to motor boats. In order to illustrate the progress that has been made, Messrs. Thornycroft exhibit a "Steam launch which has been in the water since 1878.

"One exhibit is a boat which has been christened the "wood whale." It can be used as a fishing craft or a lifeboat; in the latter capacity it is claimed for it that it can be dropped overboard in the roughest sea and right itself. Its speed is anything up to 60 miles an hour.

Pearl Fisheries in India

Twenty miles of pearl oyster beds in the Gulf of 22-coral, between Ceylon and the southernmost coast of India, have been discovered. The beds are still young and the earliest date of maturity is 1925. The only other pearl fisheries of any importance in India at present are along the extreme southern coast and the Maldive Islands off Southern Burma. These latter are exploited by Japanese divers and the production enters, but slightly into Burmese exports.

Misconducts conduct services in London in 16 different languages.

GREETINGS OF THE SEASON

May You and Yours Enjoy A
Happy Christmas and all
Prosperity in 1924.

West Canadian Collieries

Limited

BLAIRMORE

GREENHILL

BELLEVUE

BLAIRMORE

The Gateway to the Mountains. Is situated in the Most Beautiful, Broad and Open Valley in the Crows' Nest Pass.

The following history of Blairmore was contained in a special advertising edition of the Calgary Daily Herald of June, 1910, and may be very interesting at the present time:

Blairmore is served by the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Blairmore presents no bare, treeless prairie landscape; but is instead abundantly endowed with trees, shrubs, and grasses, making of the country one far-reaching park, which relieves and delights the eye.

Blairmore combines prairie, foothill and mountain scenery; such as offers to the poetic fancy all that is ideal in artistic nature.

In the distance the far-famed Crows' Nest Mountain rears its giant head into the skies; and on both sides of the town clear, rushing, mountain streams tumble down in noisy confusion over their rough boulder beds, to

join the historic Old Man River as it winds its way through valley and hamlet on its journey to the vast prairies to the east.

Its alluring surroundings indeed call for the soulful admiration of poet and artist, or even for the undemonstrative appreciation of those less sentimentally inclined.

Blairmore has excellent opportunities for trout fishing and big or small game hunting in its immediate environs.

Blairmore has a climate which is incomparable. The warm, balmy summer days are relieved by the cool, refreshing evenings; and the coldest days in winter are invariably tempered by the warm, chinook winds which are wafted from the Pacific Ocean over the mountains, bringing with them the feeling of spring.

Blairmore, because of its unparalleled location, holds such tempting and unusual advantages that the most practical minds of the industrial and commercial world cannot fail to discern that there, at last, is the strategic point where rich returns can be gained for the investment of capital.

Blairmore can make tempting offers to any industry wishing to establish itself here, both as to land and to taxation.

Blairmore has the finest industrial sites in the Canadian West.

Blairmore has soil which produces all kinds of farm products.

Blairmore has broad acres of the most desirable land either for industrial or residential sites.

Blairmore has cheap coal, of the bituminous, steaming variety. It is of a quality unsurpassed anywhere in the world. The coal is sought everywhere throughout western Canada and the United States.

Blairmore possesses in this cheap fuel the talisman which carries with it assured success and prosperity to the town as an industrial centre.

Blairmore was chosen as a site by the West Canadian Collieries, Ltd., where to open up and develop their large holdings of coal lands at this point. They are already producing from the South Side of the valley, immediately contiguous to the townsite, from 700 to 1,000 tons of coal daily, with the output rapidly increasing.

Next they propose to attack their immense deposits on the north side, also within the townsite.

This, with the advent of coke ovens and by-product plants, makes for a stability and permanence to this rising young town, which may well be envied by her less fortunate rivals.

The West Canadian Collieries, Ltd., Pass for the past eight years, and at Blairmore, and as it is a very strong company financially, they therefore mean business. They have been operating in the "Crows' Nest Pass" for the past eight years, and already have three successful collieries in operation, but their greatest faith is pinned to the coal deposits at Blairmore.

Blairmore although a coal mining town, is one of the cleanest, prettiest and brightest spots in the west. This is due to the fact that, although ad-

joining the townsite, the mine plants are so situated with regard to the prevailing winds, that no dust is scattered round or in its homes.

Blairmore has in the hills immediately to the north and south of the valley over 150,000,000 tons of coal available for mining. Mined at the rate of 5,000 tons per day will give to the town a lease on life of over 150 years, were it dependent on its coal industry alone. Note this important fact.

Blairmore has a cement plant. The Rocky Mountain Cement Company here produces 50 barrels of Portland Cement daily. This cement is unequalled for grade, quality and test. The purest limestone and shale are quarried at the plant, and because of the cheap fuel which can be procured at their door, this company today puts out the best cement at the least cost of any of its competitors.

Great credit is due to its promoters for their splendid foresight in selecting such a point of economy as Blairmore for their installation.

It is their intention to enlarge the works so as to increase the production to 1,000 barrels per day.

Blairmore has a saw-mill.

The Honorable Senator Peter McLaren, of Ottawa, has timber limits in the neighborhood, and cuts and markets a product for which there is greater demand than supply. This in itself speaks for the quality of the lumber which they produce.

Blairmore has a brick works.

The shales from which the "Blairmore" brand of building brick is produced are of such composition that all throughout the west this commodity is well and favorably known, and spoken of in the highest terms.

An up-to-date plant with ponderous crushers, mixers, presses, etc., is doing the work.

Blairmore has lime kilns.

The quality of limestone obtained from the Rocky Mountains in portions around Blairmore, gives a lime product which is very superior. The demand for Blairmore Lime is in-

THE SEASON'S GREETINGS TO ALL
THE PEOPLE OF THE CROWS' NEST
PASS AND DISTRICT

Mark Sartoris

SOFT DRINKS DISTRIBUTOR FOR THE PASS
PHONE 238 BLAIRMORE

creasing rapidly.

Blairmore has within a radius of eight miles as many as ten working and producing collieries with a present capacity of 10,000 tons of coal per diem.

Blairmore has a monthly pay-roll within a radius of eight miles, of \$300,000 paid out to miners alone by the various collieries.

Blairmore is the natural centre and distributing point for all these collieries.

Blairmore is assured of a street railway system, which will eventually connect up all the towns from Fisher Creek to Crows' Nest Lake with this important centre.

Certain parties are today negotiating for a charter.

Blairmore also has parties negotiating for the privilege of serving it with a waterworks system. The purest of water is available at small cost.

Blairmore has a very enterprising Board of Trade and edits a newspaper called "The Blairmore Enterprise."

Blairmore today has the following: Coal mines, cement works, lumber mill, brick works, lime kilns, bank (branch of the Union Bank of Canada), a newspaper, board of trade, contractors' supplies, four churches, one large public school, three hotels, mer-

cantile houses of all descriptions and to serve all needs (prices moderate), liveries, blacksmith shops, etc., Electric light.

Blairmore requires: An iron foundry, a saw and floor factory, a steam laundry, a cold storage plant, a concrete block manufacturing, a match factory, a factory for the manufacture of overalls and coarse underwear, wholesale houses of all description, any industry which can find a ready market, either in British Columbia or Alberta.

HA! 'TIS DIR-R-ET-Y-WORK

"Once there was a murderer with yellow eyes. And his wife said to him: 'If ye murder me you will be hanged.' And he was hanged on Tuesday next."—Literary Times.

DIDNT KNOW HIS LUCK

A political candidate was incensed at certain remarks which had been made about him in the leading paper of the town. He burst into the editorial room and exclaimed:

"You have been telling lies about me in your paper and you know it!" "You have no cause for complaint," said the editor coolly. "What would you do if we told the truth?"

We Extend the
Season's
Greetings
To One and All

May the New Year bring all
Happiness and Prosperity.

Hillcrest Collieries, Ltd.

HILLCREST, ALBERTA

The Bellevue Hardware Company

WISH TO THANK THEIR MANY PATRONS

For business during the past and solicit a con-

tinuance of the same during 1924.

MERRY CHRISTMAS AND HAPPY NEW YEAR

C. EMMERSON, Mgr.

BELLEVUE

TO the Citizens of the Crows' Nest
Pass and District we take pleasure
in extending hearty Holiday Greetings.



Merry Christmas
and
Happy New Year



International Coal &
Coke Co., Ltd.

COLEMAN,

ALBERTA

CHRISTMAS

Through all the ages the winter solstice has had its religious significance. Perhaps every religion has observed the passing of the old year when the days cease to shorten and a new year and a new hope are born. The festival is universal, as also are the thoughts that its observance gives rise to. The time calls for a cleansing of the spirit, & will to let the old year take the soiled mantle and depart while we ourselves put on the new garment of resolution. Let us lift up our eyes and hearts; let us cry out and be glad.

It is in that wonder time of the year that Jesus was born at Bethlehem. Christians, observing each year the time and the strange story of his birth, have associated the winter holiday with the happiest ideals of the Christian belief. The herald angels who appeared to the shepherds singing, "Glory to God in the highest and on earth peace, good will toward men," sounded the challenge and the promise. The true followers of Jesus have ever since been trying to understand and to make manifest the two commandments of Jesus. Thou shalt love thy God with all thy heart and Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. But how little the world yet

follows that fundamental principle of Christianity! How little it even tries to follow it!

Once a year, Christmas! On that day, in a lowly manger, watched over by the humblest and simplest people, was born the Light of the World. Who sees the gleam Who in the world Who in celebrating the end of the old year and in the beginning of the new one can even for a day lay off the soiled mantle of selfishness and put on the new garment of Christ? Who can love his neighbor as himself? Who can go into the highways and gather together as many wayfarers as he finds, that the wedding be furnished with guests? Who really opens his heart?

Christmas is the holiday for all people—not family, not party, not country, but all humanity. If we would celebrate Christmas, we must reach out and touch another's life, perhaps the life of one of the lowliest. Organized charity? Yes, but let the poor be fed for surely each one of us on Christmas needs to spend the impulses of his Christian love. Awake, rejoice! And let your joy gladden the day for another. Merry Christmas!

ANIMALS AT CHRISTMAS

Let us, especially at Christmas, remember that animals are worthy of

being numbered among our friends and companions since they were the companions of the Christ child in the lowly stable at Bethlehem. Because they are our friends, we must do all we can to make them happy. This we can do at all times, and at such a special season of gladness let us share with them our joy and happiness. You know how a dog, for instance, can show his happiness and can express his gratitude for kindly attention, and also how, alas, too often, he shows his fear of bad treatment! All animals can feel pain. They can also feel pleasure, and it is only right—just as we hate giving pain to our human friends—that we should avoid anything which may hurt our animal companion.

Let every living thing, if possible share in the joys of Christmas! Do something to make it a happy time, at least, for every living thing with which you have anything to do. And by so doing we can all try to make it a season of real loving-kindness to one and all. Let us be determined that every living being with whom we have anything to do—our human friends and our "lower brethren"—shall be somehow, the happier because of what we—you and I—have been able to do for them. You remember that Jesus said: "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me." (Matt. xxv, 40).

TO A FUR SCARF

The trap jaws clanked and held him fast;
None marked his fright; none heard his cries.
His struggles ceased; he lay at last
With wide, uncomprehending eyes.

And watched the sky grow dark above
And watched the sunset burn to gray,
And quaked in anguish while he strove
To gnaw the prisoned leg away.

Then day came rosy from the East,

But still those steel jaws kept their hold
And no one watched the prisoned beast
But Fear and Hunger, Thirst and Cold.

Oppressed by pain, the dread grew numb;
Fright no more stirred his flapping breath,
He longed in vain to see him come,
The awful biped, bringing death.

The day plapped past on hoary wing.
He saw the shadows longer grow,
A hopeless, wrecked and dying thing
Encircled by the trampled snow.

Then through the gloom that night came One
Who set the timid spirit free.

"I know thy anguish, little son,
So once men trapped and tortured me."
—F.F.V. in New York Tribune.

DO YOU KNOW THIS?

That a World Conference on Education was held last summer in San Francisco, representing more than 30 racial groups and over 50 national divisions, and that the specific objectives of the Conference were thus formulated:—

1. To promote friendship, justice, and good-will among the nations of the earth.
2. To bring about a world-wide tolerance of the rights and privileges of all nations, regardless of race or creed.
3. To develop an appreciation of the value and the inherited gifts of nationality through centuries of development and progress.
4. To secure more accurate and satisfying information and more adequate statements in the text-books used in the schools of the various countries.
5. To foster a national comradeship and confidence which will produce a more sympathetic appreciation among all nations.

WISHING OUR MANY PATRONS A
MERRY CHRISTMAS AND HAPPY NEW YEAR
and assuring them of the same efficient
service for 1924.

The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars

PHONE 105

BLAIRMORE

6. To inculcate into the minds and hearts of the rising generations those spiritual values necessary to carry forward the principles emphasized in the Conference on Limitation of Armaments.

7. Finally, throughout the world, in all schools, to emphasize the essential unity of mankind upon the evils of war and upon the absolute necessity of universal peace.

THE SPARROWS IN NORWAY

All the stalks by the reapers forgotten

They glean to the very least,
To save till the cold December,
For the sparrows' Christmas feast.

Of a sudden the day before Christmas,

The twittering crowds arrive,
And the bitter, wintry air at once
With their chirping is all alive.
They perch upon roof and gable,
On porch and fence and tree,
They flutter about the windows

And peer in curiously.
On the joyous Christmas morning,
In front of every door
A tall pole, crowned with clustering grain,
Is set the birds before.

And which are the happiest truly
It would be hard to tell;
The sparrows who share in the Christmas cheer
Or the children who love them well!
—Celia Thaxter.

A LONG SERMON

Colored Maid (returning from the gmas service): "Dat man sho' did preach long; he must a-preach from Generous to Regulation."—Boston Transcript.

The time that you save, like the money you save, is useful only if you know how to spend it.

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS!
THEY CONTAIN NEWS.

Greetings of the Season

May you all have joy this Christmas
Season and throughout the New
Year and may Prosperity and
Contentment attend you
in all you do.



To Our Many Friends and Patrons of the Crows'
Nest Pass we extend Christmas Greetings and Best
Wishes for a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Goleman Trading Co.

"THE LEADING STORE OF THE PASS"

COLEMAN

ALBERTA

McGILLIVRAY CREEK COAL &
COKE CO., LTD.

COLEMAN,

ALBERTA

Hudson Bay Resources

Unlimited Water Power on Nelson River in Reach of H. B. Line

Since the commencement of the agitation for the construction of the Hudson Bay railway line there has been a dearth of information concerning the district through which the line traverses, an also of the navigation possibilities of Hudson Bay itself. This lack has in part been supplied by a recent publication of the National Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior on the "Hudson Bay Railway Belt and Hudson Bay." From various sources the information contained in the report has been secured, which in a large measure, official reports have been used in the compilation; certain unofficial information has also been made use of.

As an indication of the wide range of research necessary in the preparation of the publication it may be stated that no less than twenty-seven authorities are quoted on the debatable point of the period of possible navigation of Hudson Strait.

The physical features of the Hudson Bay area are dealt with as also are such interests as agriculture, mining, water power, game and fur, fisheries, forests and climate. Of the minerals the report says:

"The most outstanding mineralized area yet discovered is a belt 125 miles long and 20 to 40 miles wide, extending east and west from Herb Lake, Manitoba, to Amisk Lake, Saskatchewan, and crossing the Saskatchewan-Manitoba boundary just south of latitude 56 degrees. This is known as 'The Panthalassic belt.' This is a similar formation to the mineralized portions of Northern Ontario."

Enormous quantities of hydraulic power are within transmission distance of the Hudson Bay Railway Belt, the Nelson River alone being capable of producing about two and one-half million horsepower at ordinary minimum natural flow. Suggested uses for this power, none of which has been as yet developed, are the smelting of copper and iron ores in electric furnaces, production of fertilizers by fixation of atmospheric nitrogen, and pulp and paper enterprises. These industries depend almost entirely upon a cheap power supply, such as is available in the Hudson Bay country.

The report provides a useful compendium of information to those interested in Hudson Bay and its development. It is accompanied by a map of the region and its resources. Copies may be had on application to the Superintendent, National Resources Intelligence Service, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

Where Bees Get Honey

In Canada and U.S. Clover is Commonest

When strangers go to Trinidad, a city in Asiatic Turkey, on the Black Sea, the inhabitants of the locality warn them against gathering honey from the trees in the country. It seems the bees collect their honey from poisonous flowers, and to eat it is dangerous.

In the United States, the greater part of the honey comes from the west. The bees suck the pollen of the sweet clover, white sage, and other mountain flowers, and store it in combs they make, or, if they belong to a bee farm, they deposit the golden syrup in combs of beeswax placed in the hives by the farmer.

Honey in the central states is made from white clover, Spanish needle, and heartsease. In the south, cotton, mesquite, horsechestnut and sweet clover are prey for the busy insect. In the various sections of North America the bee haunts also orange blossoms, asters and hawthorn.

In the east and north and in Canada buckwheat or white clover is usually the mace of the bees.

The bees of Scotland gather their honey from the heather. Narbonne honey, of France, is like our white clover honey. In Mt. Hymettus in Greece, near Athens, is celebrated in masterpieces of prose and verse for its fine honey, which comes from the wild thyme.

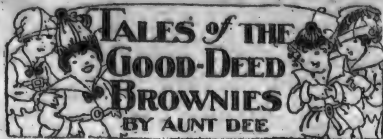
The Green-Mohr says these eggs weren't up to grade, but I'm too busy to talk about it.

Mrs. Chatterbox: Who asked you to talk about it? I'm doing the talking, you listen.

The paper used in printing Bank of England notes is manufactured at a special mill in Hampshire, where no worker is allowed to enter any part of the building other than the room where he is employed.

Queen Victoria once wrote to one of her grandsons reproving him for the sin of extravagance. He replied: "Dear Grandson—Thank you so much for your kind letter of advice. I have said it for five pounds."

M. N. U. 1487



The Cruel Brownies Chase Chuckles.

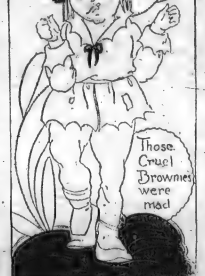
Down the hill ran Chuckles when the Cruel Brownies discovered him, and after him ran the Cruel Brownies. The poor little Good-Deed was really quite scared. If he could get to his bicycle before he was captured he would be safe, for he could ride much faster than the enemy could run, but he hadn't much head start, and they were close behind him.

"I have spoken of how slippery the earth was when it had rained the night before, and I tell you it wasn't much fun to have to run down that slippery place with the cruel enemy close behind you. Of course the Good-Deed Brownies were all graceful and light on their feet, while the enemy were all awkward and heavy, for they were so lazy. This helped Chuckles, for he lightly jumped from rock to rock, while all the Cruel Brownies chasing him were tumbling over each other at a great rate.

Just as Chuckles began to feel he was getting ahead and would soon be safe on his bicycle an unfortunate thing happened. He was on a rock ready to jump to the next one when his foot slipped and instead of jumping he fell and slid down the hill quite a way. Of course he was still ahead of the enemy, but it took some seconds for him to jump to his feet and pick up his magic wand, which had fallen out of his hand. By this time it really did look as though he were going to be captured, for the biggest Cruel Brownie was just within arm's length of him and they all were shouting with glee. But Chuckles wasn't going to give up so easily, so what did he do but give a great big jump. Only a very brave little fellow would have dared do it. But he was mighty glad he did for it landed him at the bottom of the hill. He jumped up quickly, for he had fallen on his hands and knees, and in two jiffys

was on his bicycle, had turned it around facing home and was off down the road.

My, those Cruel Brownies were mad! You should have seen their expressions. And then what do you think the biggest one did? He picked up a rock and threw it after Chuckles. Yes, sir, he did. Wouldn't you know he was a coward by that? Luckily it wasn't a bit good throw, so it didn't come anywhere near the



brave Good-Deed Brownie. He turned around on the bicycle seat and laughed back at the enemy, who really did look comical they were so mad.

Chuckles rode on his little Brownie heart singing with happiness, and looking down at his bicycle he gave it a loving pat. "The first time he had used it it certainly had proved a great help."

"Antique" Furniture

Dealer in Europe Pays Big Price For Wormy Oak

A consignment of oak was sent to Europe. It was found to be wormy and there was no market for it until the consignor happened to visit an antique furniture factory. The manager of the factory was busily engaged in manufacturing "antique" grandfather clocks, boring the wormholes by hand. He was very glad to buy the wormy oak and paid a much better price for it than for sound oak. A profitable connection was established between the exporter and the antique manufacturer.

Many a man has nobler aims—but it is the hits that count.

The Value of Cow-Testing

Experiments Conducted in New York State Show Surprising Gains in Production

Appropos to the value of cow-testing, it is an record that while the average production of all cows in eleven associations in New York States in 1921 was 6,403 pounds of milk and 235.30 pounds of fat, in 1923, the average production of 2,189 cows in sixteen associations was 7,267.3 pounds of milk and 261.3 pounds of fat, an increase of over thirteen per cent. in milk production and of eleven per cent. in fat. The average milk production of all cows in New York State is given as 4,567 pounds.

The foregoing facts lead the Dominion Dairy Commissioner to observe that if the average production of Canadian cows was equal to that of the New York State cow-testing associations, we could produce the same quantity of milk with very few more than half the present number of cows, and that the savings of labor, feed, time and money invested would make an inestimable total.

Ruins of Ancient City

Archaeologists Think Discovery May Ante-Date Romans By Thousand Years

Ruins of an entire ancient city believed to ante-date the Romans, by perhaps a thousand years, have been discovered near Ferrara, Italy. More than a hundred tombs have been uncovered, in which wearing apparel and numerous jewels and vases with elaborate artistic designs were found. Traces of an immense temple were also discovered.

Some experts point out that it may be an Etruscan city, the language of which is still unknown, as no traces are left to form sufficient material as a basis for translation, while others believe it to be the ancient town of Spina.

Aviator's Thrilling Climb

Crawled Over Plane to Seize Controls When Pilot Stricken

A thrilling climb over the fuselage of an airplane to prevent disaster when his pilot was stricken with sudden illness was the experience of the aviator, Copra, who arrived at Bologna, Italy, for the aerial celebration. The machine was speeding toward this city from Rome at an altitude of 6,000 feet, when Copra, in the observer's seat, became aware that it was out of control. Crawling forward to where Pilot Naduschi slumped, Copra, who had gripped the controls and brought the plane safely to the ground.

Gift of Appreciation

Hon. G. P. Graham, Canadian Minister of Railways and Canals, made the presentation recently to the members of the Royal Automobile Club of London, Eng., of a portrait of the club's chairman, Sir Arthur Stanley, the gift being from the Canadian officers who enjoyed the hospitality of the club in wartime.

This Should Bring More

Finding Permanent Jobs For Old Country Harvesters Is Good Immigration Propaganda

For the 12,000 British harvesters who came west to help gather the western crop, so states an Ottawa dispatch, the total settlement record has found 16,974 winter jobs. That must astonish even the most sanguine, as it utterly confutes the pessimists who thought Canada could not "assimilate" so many immigrants at once. Scarcely half of them were ready to declare, when they arrived at Quebec or Montreal that they intended to reside permanently in the Dominion. Now it appears that the mere visitors are a small minority, and there is steady work for all who have chosen to stay. The Soldier Settlement Board has done valuable service by listing open jobs. "Spook-feeding" newcomers is of course to be discouraged but they should be helped to the extent of showing them opportunities for earning their living and settling down.

The decision of most of the 12,000 to remain will prove to be one of the best advertisements Canada has enjoyed in Great Britain for several years. It coincides happily with the return to the old lands of the Beatty boys, the members of the Young Farmers' Club of England, whom Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, brought out on a tour of inspection and experiment to the west. They will take back to their homes and communities word of Canadian opportunities. The harvesters' decision to build their homes here will make a deep impression on Britishers who look anxiously for an escape from unemployment or profitless drudgery. An immigration wave of appreciable size can be looked for in the spring of 1924.—Regina Post.

To Visit South Africa

Prince Plans Trip to Only Big Dominion He Has Not Seen

Already one of the most traveled young men in the world, the Prince of Wales, has plans for still more voyages to lands beyond the sea where lies the Union Jack. He had hardly disembarked from the ship bringing him home from his Canadian travels when he was again rounding out a programme for another long trip, this time to South Africa, the only big dominion of the empire he has not yet seen.

It is expected that the Prince will pay a formal visit to this state some time next spring. A few weeks ago the colonial secretary informed the Union Government that the Prince was looking forward to a visit to South Africa "at his earliest opportunity."

The Prince already has travelled more miles both on land and sea, than any member of a British royal family, past or present, with the sole exception of his father, who, as a naval officer, in his younger days, made numerous long voyages.

Using the Bone

Household Economy Did Not Leave Much for the Dog

An example of household economy following should serve as a model to all wives leading to be extravagant: Provided the family not enough to eat at each meal, there should have been no complaint from anyone, with the possible exception of the butcher and the dog.

"Mary!"

"Ma'am."

"What about that ham bone I brought home the other day? Can't you cut a few scraps of meat from it for dinner this evening?"

"I cut off all the meat I could night before last for dinner."

"Well, then, you might boil it this evening. 'We'll have soup.'"

"Yes, ma'am, and what do you want me to do with it, then?"

"Tomorrow morning you might see if you can't get enough marrow out of it to grease the griddle for pancakes."

"Yes, ma'am."

"And, Mary, after that you might give it to the dog."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Power of a Smile

A young woman carelessly tossed an apple core out of the automobile she was riding in and a motor-cycle cop who was speeding past received it full in the face. He stopped and turned to her with a scowl, and the young woman had visions of an interview with the magistrate. But she smiled at him and her smile won his heart, for he said with a grin: "Lady, I'm glad you are not a bricklayer," and remounting his wheel he sped away.—Boston Transcript.

"Why," tenderly inquired the young man with wide ears, "do the roses fade so easily?"

"Well," replied his unimaginative sweetheart, "it's pleasant that if they went off like fire crackers, you know!"

Need Conservation To Protect Game

Wild Life of Saskatchewan Is of Great Value to Province

"Many people do not realize the importance of conserving the wild life, natural resources of Saskatchewan," says Fred Brodhead, chief game warden. "Conservation has been well defined as meaning the utilization of these resources under such regulations and control as will prevent waste, extravagance and monopoly and at the same time promote and encourage game use and development as will serve the general interests of the people."

"Taking the records of last season as a basis for calculation, something like 40,000 porcupine found recreation in incorporating exercise in the beautiful pursuit of game in Saskatchewan's forests, fields and marshes, incidentally replenishing their larder with toothsome wild fowl and venison. In addition, 20,000 citizens who depend almost entirely upon trapping as a means of livelihood during the winter months will be actively engaged in snaring the humble muskrat. More than one million pelts were shipped to the manufacturers last year as Saskatchewan's contribution in the endeavor to appease the insatiable demand for furs."

"This big fur industry is merely a subsidiary, although an important branch, of the publicly-owned wild life resources of Saskatchewan. As a means of improving exercise in the big game and game birds as a food supply; as a revenue producer for the government, for transportation companies, for dealers in skins, ammunition, clothing, footstuffs, etc., as a means of driving the tired farmer and the nervous city man away from the cares of business, while of even greater economic value are the hosts of song or insectivorous birds acting as nature's insurance for our crops against the ravages of insect pests."

Great Britain's Burdens

American Paper Suggests Way For States to Help

In their contemplation of the sufferings of Europe it would be well if the American people would give some thought to the case of Great Britain, the only nation in the war on the victorious side that is today seriously in distress. There is nothing that we can do about it, unless in an hour of enlightenment we should lower our tariff walls—which ought never to have been raised to its present lofty height—to the advantage of both Britain and America, and of the American farmer, Great Britain is probably the most heavily taxed country in the world. The industry is sorely burdened, and there is little or no inducement to start new or to expand old industries. The British debt is enormous, and the people are being taxed to pay it, and are paying that part of it due to this country. There are said to be at least 2,000,000 unemployed in England. Burdened and suffering as she is, it is to the everlasting credit of Great Britain that she promptly acknowledged her debt to this country, arranged to pay for it, and is paying it.—The Indianapolis News.

Rules For Successful Marriage

County Clerk Supplies Printed Rules Free With Marriage License

County Clerk John Niendorf, of St. Joseph County, Mich., believes that a county clerk's responsibility does not end with the issuance of marriage licenses. He has had printed a supply of cards containing his rules for a successful marriage, and each couple is given one.

One side of the card carries the county clerk's blessing: "May all your days be as happy as your wedding day."

On the reverse side appear ten "rules" to insure happy marriages. They include:

"Keep up the courting. Go 50-50 on the money and 60-50 on the love. Make your own home and don't live with relatives. Beware of the boarder. It can't be a tightwad."

"They're all good rules," Niendorf said, "I have tried them in my own home, and I know."

Learning By Degrees

Foreman:—Yes, I'll give you a job sweepin' an' keepin' the place clean.

"But I'm a college graduate."

"Well, then, maybe you better start on somethin' simpler."—Life.

He—"I wonder why a girl can't catch a cricket ball as easily as a man?"

She—"Oh! I suppose it's because a man is so much bigger and softer to catch."—"Yes," London.

Mr. Edward Bok, who offered a money prize for the best plan to avoid crime, seems to have overlooked the fact that we still have the Ten Commandments.—Punch.

When Lace Is Employed



For the dinner or dance frock a most youthful and charming effect is produced in plain colored all-over Chantilly lace draped over cloth of silver.

To all the citizens of Blairmore and the Crows' Nest Pass, we extend the Season's Greetings



McLAREN LUMBER CO.

LUMBER MERCHANTS

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

A Pioneer Pension System

The Canadian Pacific Railway is this year celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the foundation of the Company's system of pensions for the employees.

It was in 1902 that the Board of Directors, under the Presidency of Lord Shaughnessy, looked into the future for the benefit of those who were laying the foundations of the service that was to take so large a part in the re-building of Canada.

In December, 1902, the directors passed a resolution stating that a time had come when provision should be made for officers and permanent employees who, after long years of faithful service, had reached an age when they were unequal to the further performance of their duties, and announcing that a plan of superannuation had been determined upon.

The plan was a generous one. The Company provided all the money necessary, and the employees were not called upon to contribute to it in any way whatever. In 1903 when it was first put into effect Canadian Pacific employees numbered about 40,000. To-day they approximate 90,000, and every one of them, from the humblest stationer, office boy, or "track walker" or even the minor employee at some far-off outpost in China or in Canada, has old-age sustenance guaranteed so long as he or she stays with the Company.

Some Statistics

The Company's first contribution to the pension fund was \$250,000 which was supplemented by annual grants starting at \$80,000 which have, from time to time, been increased, until for some years past it has been \$500,000 annually.

To the end of 1922 the Company had contributed a total of \$4,716,000 to the fund while payments on pensions had amounted to \$3,857,802, leaving a balance to the credit of the fund of \$1,640,103. In 1922 the total payments made amounted to \$508,061, and at October 1st of this year the total number of the Company's pensioners was 1,182, each of whom was drawing an average of \$53.32 per month. It is of interest to note that since the pension fund became operative, 577 pensions have become operative through the death of the beneficiaries.

Having in view conditions of increased living costs which have prevailed the world over, the Company in 1919 allowed the pensioners an additional bonus of twenty-five per cent. of their regular allowance. This went into effect on May 1st of that year, and continued until the end of 1922. In view of the modification of the condition that made it necessary, that bonus is this year set at twenty per cent.

We extend to the People of the Crows' Nest Pass
our Heartiest Greetings for the Christmas Season
and may the New Year bring Happiness and Prosperity.

Yellow Pennant Taxi

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE — CLOSED CARS

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

The operation of the fund is simply itself. Upon reaching the age of 65 every employee who has joined the staff before reaching the age of forty is entitled to retirement if the Company so desires and can claim a pension of one per cent. of the average monthly pay received for the ten years preceding retirement for every year in which he has been in the Company's service. This is as the system was first devised twenty years ago, and there has been but one amendment to its provisions. In 1908 it was found that in some cases the amount of the pension so calculated was insufficient to protect the recipient against want as was intended, and it was provided that from thenceforth the minimum amount of pension paid would be \$20 per month.

That this system has been a big factor in fostering the efficiency so largely identified with Canadian Pacific operation is undeniable. Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Company, speaks of it not only as a prime necessity in these days of sociological progress, and as an inherent right of those who give lives of faithful work to Canadian Pacific service, but also as one of the things that has helped to bring into existence the high standard of cooperation that exists between all branches of the Company's service.

It is helping to make contented employees," says Mr. Beatty, "and it is the first requisite of faithful, efficient service."

THE FAMILY HERALD'S OFFER

Readers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal are noted for the enthusiastic support which they give their paper, their enthusiasm and trust seem to be well placed. They never look upon the \$2.00 subscription as an expense, but rather as a safe investment which pays them big dividends every year. They also no doubt right when they claim that each issue of the Family Herald and Weekly Star contains money-saving and money-making ideas which will pay the subscription price over and over.

Readers of the Family Herald and Weekly Star are indeed lucky, because it is now announced that, heaped upon the phenomenal value already contained in the journal itself, the publishers are giving free to each new subscriber who renounces their present subscriptions for another year, a most beautiful picture entitled "The Wonderful Heroine." The reproduction of the original masterpiece in colors has been done to perfection. In size the picture is 15 x 24 inches, on rich, heavy paper.

The life story of the Wonderful Heroine has been printed in booklet form and a copy can be obtained cost free by any of our readers who send a postal card to the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal.

It is a wise woman that will both take a compliment and forget it.

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS!

THE PASS FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

(Frank Poper, 1908)

December 24—The Workmen's Compensation Act comes into force with the new year. The act applies to men engaged in or about any railway, factory, mine, quarry or engineering work, or upon any building more than forty feet in height in whose construction scaffolding or mechanical power is used. It does not apply to men whose salaries exceed \$1200 per year, nor to casual employees. In the event of injury, the workman is entitled after the second week to an allowance weekly equal to one half his former earnings. In the event of death, his dependents are to receive a sum equal to his wages for three years preceding.

The Bellevue Christmas tree will be held in the town hall on December 24th. The children of Bellevue and Maple Leaf, under the leadership of Mrs. Ashdown, will go through a program of songs, recitations, illustrated dialogues, etc. W. H. Chappell, senior, will act in capacity of Santa Claus.

An interprovincial hockey league was formed at Nelson on Thursday last, in which Coleman became a member. The league is composed of six teams with two divisions, Rossland, Nelson and Grand Forks on the west end, and Coleman, Fernie and Moyie on the east end. Each will play a series of games and the successful teams play for the championship. A shield is to be offered as the trophy, to belong to the club winning same twice in succession.

A report is current that labor trouble at a Pass mine is impending and the secretary of the local union has been notified that after January the first the company will insist on a reduction of the prices for pillar work and timbering. The price for pillar work is now fifty cents and for timbering five cents a foot. It is proposed to cut the price for pillar work to forty cents and for timbering to two cents a foot. The men will likely de-

cline to accept such a reduction.

General Manager O. E. S. Whiteside, of the International Coal & Coke Co., Coleman, returned Sunday morning accompanied by his bride, formerly Miss Claris, of Sarnia, Ontario. Mr. and Mrs. Whiteside will reside in the manager's residence on the bench and are at home to their friends from this time.

December 31—The Masons of Frank and Coleman held impressive ceremonies Monday evening in commemoration of the anniversary of St. John the Evangelist, in conjunction with the joint installation of officers of the two lodges. The ceremonies were conducted by Past Grand Master A. McLean, of Hillcrest, assisted by past masters W. L. Ouimet, of Coleman, and C. P. Hill, of Hillcrest. The officers installed were:

Sentinel Lodge, Frank—T. M. Burnett, W.M.; D. C. MacKenzie, S.W.; George Pattinson, J.W.; J. H. M. Church, secretary; A. C. Beach, treasurer; W. P. Williams, chaplain, C. Chestnut, S. D.; Alex. McLeod, J.D.; S. J. Watson, S.S.; F. G. Hart, J.S.; Alex. May, tyler.

Summit Lodge, Coleman—John Price, W.M.; J. O. C. McDonald, S.W.; John Powell, J.W.; John Mathan, secretary; Alex. Cameron, treasurer; D. J. Hill, chaplain; D. J. McIntyre, S. D.; David Roberts, J.D.; Wesley Johnson, S.S.; Edwin Barnes, J.S.; William Craft, J.G.; John Gill, tyler.

Pete Barnack, a miner, formerly in the employ of the Leitch Collieries at Passburg, will spend six months in jail at Macleod as the result of a stabbing affray which took place at Passburg on Christmas morning.

James A. McLean, of Gillingham, left on Christmas morning for his former home in Almonte, Ontario, and will be absent about three months.

George Pattinson won the Crows' Nest Pass Hardware Co.'s guessing contest by guessing nearest to weight of the hen. His guess was 62 ounces, while the actual weight was 60½.

Here and There

In appreciation of its wonderful exhibit at the Toronto Exhibition this year, the Canadian Pacific Railway has been awarded a special medal.

The Prince of Wales' Ranch at High River, Alberta, contributed the highest priced bull at a recent fall sale in Calgary, Princeton Crusader, which fetched \$285.

Canadian wheat exports for the twelve months ending September 30th, 1923, amounted to 255,747,281 bushels, valued at \$25,445,216, while for the twelve months ending September, 1922, they were 160,637,898 bushels, valued at \$19,577,125, according to a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Exports of bacon from Canada to Great Britain increased almost 2,000,000 pounds during the first nine months of the current calendar year. For this period, during 1922, there were 70,588,000 pounds of Canadian bacon shipped to the British market, while this year the corresponding figure rose to 72,934,000 pounds.

The value of the asbestos exports of Canada for the 12 months ended August, 1923, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, exceeded the value of those of the previous year by nearly \$3,000,000. These exports for the last year amounted to 202,646 tons, valued at \$3,375,249, compared with 122,285 tons, valued at \$8,804,551 in 1922.

The first consignment of 1,000 pounds of British Columbia Douglas fir seeds, has been shipped to the British Forestry Commission, London, by the Dominion Forestry Branch, from its plant at New Westminster, British Columbia. The seeds were extracted from the recently gathered in the Fraser Valley districts.

The year 1923 will see a new record in Alberta coal production. It is expected the total production for the year will reach 7,000,000 tons in comparison with less than 6,000,000 last year. The production up to November 1st is 1,600,000 tons greater than the production for the same period last year. The record production previously was in 1919, when 6,400,000 tons were produced. The pay-roll this year is expected to exceed \$15,000,000.

Brandy for your plum pudding at the Frank Wine & Spirit Co's.

A baby boy was born to the wife of David Kemp on Christmas morning.

TO the Citizens of the Crows' Nest
Pass and District we take pleasure
in extending hearty Holiday Greetings.



Merry Christmas and Happy New Year



Crows' Nest Pass Coal Co.

Limited

FERNIE,

BRITISH COLUMBIA

English Speaking Nations Must Work Together As Trustees Of Civilization

The United States was called upon by Right Hon. David Lloyd George, in his farewell address in the new world, to perform along with the British Empire, its full duty to the world.

"You responded to Europe's need in 1917," he declared, "but the work is only half done, and if not completed civilization is doomed within this generation to a catastrophe such as the world has never seen."

"Your country and ours have very largely the same problems to contend with and to confront. There is a natural delineation in England to get entangled in European politics. It is traditional. We have said: 'We are an island in the Atlantic; we have got the sea between us and you,' and in the past it has proved to be just as difficult to cross the Straits of Dover as to cross the Atlantic Ocean, when the British fleet is absent."

Describing the terrible toll of life and property taken by the world war, and admonishing the United States not to think too largely of Europe, he said: "There were empires in Europe that were like the planets in the heavens that have been rolled down into utter endless darkness. There were countries that were like the fixed stars in the firmament that have crashed into atoms. The earth quivers in Europe, and no one can tell how far it has been shocked by its fall. It is our duty to be hard on Europe."

"What is the real problem in Europe today? I will tell you. In spite of the war, because Europe has been left so much to herself, she still believes in force. Why? 'France says, 'Justice never gave Alsace-Lorraine back. We had to lose a million of our young men; you, in the British Empire, had to lose 900,000 of your young men. France gave it back to us.'"

"Poland says, 'Europe came at the end of 150 years, and unlocked the door of our nationality.'"

"The Russian peasant says today: 'I've never seen my land so free until the revolution came with his power, and blew out prison walls down.'"

"What does Germany say? Germany says: 'We trusted to justice. We trusted to treaty. We are broken; we are shattered. Why? We are disarmed. We have no force.'"

"That is why Europe believes in force. That is why Europe believes in violence. What is the remedy? Give Europe 'disarmament' that right in anyone over force. Who is to do it? There are only two countries on earth who can establish that conviction, and those are the United States of America and the British Empire."

"There have been times in the history of the world where you have two or three nations that for the time being have been the trustees of civilization. One after another they have failed. Now nations spring up to take their place. The commission of trusteeship for civilization does not come from rulers or princes; it does not come from senates and parliaments, nor councils. It comes from the will of the people."

"That commission is yours and ours today. The scope is a divine occasion. You responded to the invisible message in 1917, and we already had done so; but the commission is not fulfilled. The work is only half done. It is not discharged fully—civilization is doomed within this generation to a catastrophe such as the world has never seen. But if you here, this mighty people, if our people throughout the British Empire, resolutely, firmly, courageously, without flinching, carry out the message, then I have no fear but that humanity will climb to higher altitudes of nobility, of security, of happiness, than any it has ever yet known."

A Wonderful Woman
The majority of people, except those who are residents in Australia, have never heard of Mrs. Elizabeth Mahoney, yet she is one of the most wonderful women in the world. Trader, engineer, builder, farmer, stock breeder, shipowner, and mine owner, she is the uncorrupted queen of an island known as Suva, near New Guinea, where she has lived for the past 32 years.

Liquid, All Right
The Mississippi banker asked a man who was trying to borrow money: "How much have you in the way of immediate liquid assets?"
"To which the customer cautiously replied: 'About a chap and a half.'"
—Southern Lawyer and Banker.

Broadcasts Price of Furs
One of the new uses of the Calgary Herald's broadcasting station is to give prices of furs for the benefit of trappers in the far north.

Control Of Insects

Natural Enemies Should Be Used to Help Fight Farmers' Pests

The value of the natural enemies of injurious insects as a means of successful control was the topic of an address at a meeting of the Entomological Society of Ontario, given by Dr. A. F. Burgess, of the Entomological Branch of the United States at Montreal, Mass.

Dr. Burgess has made a special study of the eggs and brown tail moths for a number of years, and is one of the authorities on their history, habits and control. He said that the natural enemies of these insects were powerful means of control, and that in the case of all other injurious insects natural enemies should be introduced from the native soil of the pest so as to keep them under control.

Norman Criddle, Entomological Branch at Freshburg, Mass., spoke of two problems in natural control and mentioned the wheat stem sawfly as the most serious pest of wheat in Manitoba. It was a grass pest before wheat was grown. The parasites to control in grasses have not yet followed the sawfly into the grain fields, but evidence has been produced to show that they are gaining control in the grain to some extent. They will have to increase more rapidly, however, to be of any real value.

Reference was made to a caterpillar which, in Southern Saskatchewan, depleted enormous areas this past summer and the parasites that controlled it.

To Enforce Game Regulations

Patrolling Posts for Game Guardians in Saskatchewan

Advices from Northern Saskatchewan this year will be a prolific one as an abundance of moose and woodland caribou has been met with in the north. To make certain that the game regulations will be observed the government authorities have evolved a plan for the erection of game guardians' cabins at various strategic points and at the present time have fifteen of these put up. They are located at places where trails cross or where trail meets river and so arranged that hunters going into the country or coming out will have to pass them when the guardian will be able to check up on their game bags.

These cabins are built about twenty-five miles apart while under arrangements made with the forestry department so that the game guardians are also available to the provincial game department men. As a result of this arrangement a complete chain of observation posts is now practically established across big game country in the north.

By-Products From Milk

100 Pounds Can Be Utilized in Many Ways

Some interesting figures have been compiled by the United States department of agriculture to show what can be made from a definite quantity of milk. Using 100 pounds of milk which tests 4 per cent, it has been found that this quantity will make about 4.5 pounds of butter, 11 pounds of Cheddar cheese, 45 1/2 pounds of condensed milk, 125 pounds of whole-milk powder, 8.5 pounds of Swiss cheese, or 23 pounds of Camembert cheese. The exact amounts of these products that can be made from 100 pounds of milk vary with the richness of the milk in fat and other solids. A number of by-products are also formed by the different processes.

Keeping Butterflies On Ice

Remarkable Experiment Is Being Tried By London Zoo

Nearly 1,000 butterflies are being kept "on ice" at the Zoo to be "thawed" for public exhibition as required during the winter.

This remarkable experiment is being tried owing to the losses hitherto incurred by allowing the insects to remain in the outdoor enclosure, where it is impossible to make adequate provision for hibernation.

The butterflies—Red Admiral, Peacocks and Tortoiseshells—on being taken from the ice safe in which they are confined will be placed in a case containing flowers sprayed with honey, under the glare of a powerful artificial sun.

Germans Using Private Currency
Much business in German cities is done with privately issued currency. Some of the more popular of these positions does the size of metal coins. Not a legal tender, they are circulated freely as money within areas where the issuing business firm is known.

Handbook Of Saskatchewan

Information Regarding Natural Resources Of Provinces and Other Interesting Information

A revised edition of the Handbook of Saskatchewan has been issued by the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, and copies may be obtained free on application to the Superintendent.

The more intensive immigration movement that is now taking place is creating a demand for authentic information on Canada's particular provinces, and in the above handbook circles has been taken that nothing of a flimsy or too enthusiastic nature be included. The report sets carefully into the natural resources of the province and their present state of development, the agricultural conditions and statistics of production, climate, government, transportation and communications, educational facilities, and what is of especial value to the newcomer, a concise description of the survey system under which the prairie provinces are being laid out. Urban and rural opportunities are also given attention. The volume is suitably illustrated and contains a number of maps and charts of the province and its resources. The handbook is one which would be very suitable for intending settlers and it is suggested that residents of the western provinces who are interested in having friends settle in Canada send the names of the prospective settlers to the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior and have copies of the Handbook of Saskatchewan forwarded to them.

Raising Chickens
Professor Figured He Could Crowd People Off the Earth
A professor of mathematics decided that he would supplement his meagre income by raising chickens. With that enough money to buy a hen and a setting of eggs he made a beginning, and then sat down after dinner one evening to figure out his expected increase. If ten chicks were hatched and half of them were pullets, he would have in a few months six hens and the same backs again thirty-six, and another year two hundred and sixteen. From there on his progress would be rapid. By eight o'clock he had several thousand acres devoted to coops and pens. By nine o'clock he had spread beyond the boundaries of his own state. Just before bedtime he was reaching out for more land in South America, at which point he went out and killed the hen, for he had hit the heart, to crowd the human race off the face of the earth. It is unfortunate that he made the last two or three computations; if he had stopped just short of them, he could have qualified to write prospectuses and so made a comfortable living without working. —Youth's Companion.

Plans King Tut Lecture Tour

Howard Carter intends to make a tour of the principal cities of the United States and Canada next spring and deliver lectures, illustrated by his unique photographs, of the marvels of Tut-ank-Amen's tomb. He probably will start from New York about April, when the exploration season in Egypt is over.

Good Reason For Refusal

"Do you wish the court to understand you refuse to renew your dog license?" asked the magistrate.
"Yes, your Worship, but—" "You want no 'buts.' You will be fined. You know the license has expired."
"Yes, but so has the dog."

The Shoemaker's Last
The word "last" as used in the shoemaker's trade has nothing to do with "last" in the sense of latest, but is derived from an old Saxon root, a "last" meaning a footprint, or shape of a foot. Though the word dropped out of general speech centuries ago, it has, by some freak of language, been retained as a technical word meaning the foot shape on which the shoemaker builds up his boot.

Some people boast of their blue blood, but the red brand is good enough for others.
The ordinary person's lungs contain 76,000,000 air cells.

A Serviceable Model

The coal dress is the thing for autumn, as it is very practical and at the same time quite chic. Here is a charming model of navy tulle.

Harvesters Get Jobs
Over 10,000 Men From Overseas to Remain in Canada
Of the 11,000 young men who came from the British Isles to help harvest the crops in Western Canada, only about 400 have returned, the balance have decided to take advantage of the offers of employment made to them and remain in Canada. There have been 15,074 jobs found available for the 10,600 harvesters. Over half the number, or 7,400, are for farm jobs, 6,334 are for lumbering and bush work, 1,600 are required by railway construction in Saskatchewan, while there are openings for land clearing and mining in British Columbia and Alberta, as well as some work opportunities in a number of the trades. It is pointed out that the opportunities for winter employment are necessarily restricted to certain industries. There is not the same range of choice as there would be in the spring when many branches of industry become more active. There is no question that the overseas harvesters who are anxious to remain in Canada over the winter and be on hand for more remunerative employment in the spring will be quick to accept the opportunity presented, at reasonable wages rather than return to the Old Country.

Oil In Western Canada
World's Greatest Oil Fields in Alberta, Is Geologist's Assertion
A New York special dispatch says: Chester Thompson, noted geologist and president of the Royal Canadian Syndicate, declared he had found "the greatest oil field in the world without exception which is now in process of development in Southern Alberta, Canada."

This new field is located on what is known as the Egret, Grass Arch which extended from Northern, Montana into Central Alberta. The Keweenaw-Sunburst belt in Montana, where about 100 new wells have been brought in so far this year, is located at the extreme southern end of the structure. The greatest production of oil is expected in the Lake Pakowit district where the top of the arch is located.

Concerning developments in Southern Alberta, Mr. Thompson said that the next six months probably would see sensational progress in what he described as "the biggest potential oil supply in the world."

Never in his experience, he said, had he seen a more promising situation and investigations already completed have proved conclusively the existence of oil in large quantities. At the present time 12 wells are being drilled in Southern Alberta.

Parcels For Germany Dispatched Via England

Direct Parcel Post Service Has Been Temporarily Discontinued

Direct parcel post service to Germany has been discontinued, according to information contained in the Post Office weekly bulletin of October 27.

The bulletin states: Postmaster are informed that the direct parcel post service to Germany has been temporarily discontinued. Parcels for Germany may, until the resumption of the direct service, be accepted for transmission via England at the rates given in the October Supplement.

The Editor Surrendered

The revival of "Pinafore" in London recalls a good old story. Once "Pinafore" became a favorite London, after its initial failure, everybody began saying: "What, never?—Well, hardly ever."

Increased Production of White Arsenic

White arsenic, made from ores, was the most important item in production of non-metallic minerals throughout Canada during 1922, according to a statement issued by the Bureau of Statistics. The quantity turned out last year was 2,576 tons, with a value of \$21,037, compared with 1,955 tons during the previous year.

Charles the Fifth of Germany, ruler over more kingdoms than any other European monarch before or since.

The Traffic In Munitions Requires The Earnest Study Of All Friends Of Peace

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White arsenic, made from ores, was the most important item in production of non-metallic minerals throughout Canada during 1922, according to a statement issued by the Bureau of Statistics. The quantity turned out last year was 2,576 tons, with a value of \$21,037, compared with 1,955 tons during the previous year.

Charles the Fifth of Germany, ruler over more kingdoms than any other European monarch before or since.

Before dissolving, the Fourth Assembly of the League of Nations voted to make another attempt at securing international agreement for better control of the trade in new implements. Failing to secure the approval of the United States Government, the St. Germain Convention, drawn up in 1919, has become a dead letter. To be practical such an agreement must have the backing of all the principal arms-producing powers; otherwise, the manufacturers of the countries staying out would have the market all to themselves. An invitation will be sent to Washington to designate delegates for the negotiation of another convention which shall be more acceptable to the American Government. As in the case of the opium traffic, here is another opportunity for the New World to take the initiative and make its views prevail. The trade in arms is no less dangerous than the trade in drugs.

The main purpose of the St. Germain Convention was to prevent private firms from selling firearms to the so-called backward peoples. The sale of firearms ought equally to be prohibited. It did not go so far as to secure any degree of disarmament, nor would it have prevented, as Secretary Hughes emphasized in his letter of refusal to sign, the various powers from supplying each other with arms. In making effect, like that of all the other Paris treaties, would have been to aid the victorious powers in preserving their dominion. Near the main manufacturing plant of the biggest French munition firm is a luxurious club, where the members are entertained by customers. Among the trophies of the main entrance hall are framed photographs of half the great sovereigns of Europe, with their relatives, who had come there to purchase artillery and other war implements. It is a gruesome sight.

In the meantime the whole subject of traffic in arms needs the earnest study of all friends of peace. Under what circumstances is the sale of a cannon to be permitted, a machine gun, a tank, a bomber? To reach unanimity of these subjects is not easy. So much depends on the point of view. The advertisements of the revolver manufacturers, for instance, always picture the goods offered for sale as being used in the defence of peaceful homes. They never hint that the weapons recommended also meet the requirements of the housebreaker and murderer. The international situation is similar. Appropriations for armaments are always asked for in the name of peace, for defensive purposes. And yet there are wars. Likewise, it will be urged that if war implements are not to be bought, how can oppressed races ever hope to gain independence? Modern war cannot be made except by elaborate machinery, but they can easily be smuggled.

The obvious side of the shield is the secret aid given by some powers to the rebellious subjects of another power. Though perhaps justifiable under certain circumstances, it is always asked for in the name of peace, for defensive purposes. And yet there are wars. Likewise, it will be urged that if war implements are not to be bought, how can oppressed races ever hope to gain independence? Modern war cannot be made except by elaborate machinery, but they can easily be smuggled.

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Craneberries a Profitable Crop

The most profitable crop per acre in the United States is cranberries. In 1922 the average return was \$283 an acre. Next in line came tobacco, bringing \$177 an acre as an average, followed in turn by hops, \$160; potatoes, \$85; rice, \$27; cotton, \$25; hay, \$19; corn, \$18; wheat, \$11; barley, \$10; oats, \$11; rye, \$10. The high return for cranberries is accounted for by the fact that they have to be grown in a bog and are picked by hand.

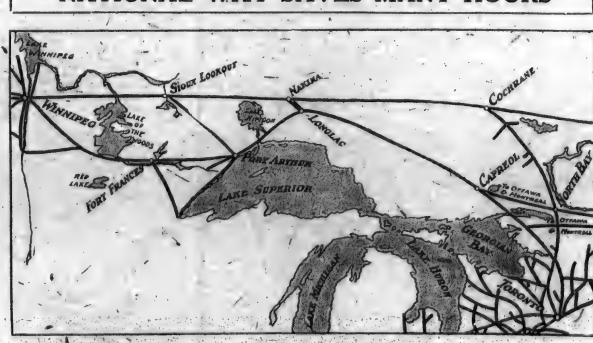
High Grade Wheat

Federal Inspector George White reports that one shipment of wheat from Irricana, Alta., weighed 67½ pounds to the bushel. This is the heaviest of the season.

Another Addition to Knowledge

An investigator has figured that a bee, to agitate one pound of honey, must travel 48,716 miles—From the Kansas City Times.

NATIONAL WAY SAVES MANY HOURS



Giving the shortest direct line between eastern and western cities, and not only reducing cost of operation to the railway, but also saving many hours for business men travelling between Eastern and Western Canada, the Long Lake cutoff of the Canadian National Railways will be ready for operation on December 1st, it is expected. By constructing 39 miles of a cutoff, joining the former Canadian Northern main line through Ontario with the Canadian National Transcontinental line, a saving of 70.5 miles will be made in the distance between Winnipeg and Montreal, while the saving between Winnipeg and Toronto will be 102.5 miles. Instead of having to follow the bend of the former Canadian Northern line down to Fort Francis and Port Arthur, trains to Toronto will travel over the Transcontinental line to Nakina and thence down the cutoff to Long Lake, the most northerly point of the Canadian Northern former main line. Business men travelling to Montreal from Winnipeg will thus have three hours and those travelling to Toronto slightly over four hours.

TOYS

MECHANICAL TOYS—

Including Autos, Jumping Jacks, Sandy Andys, Dapper Dams, Ducks, Clowns, Dogs, Donkeys, Engines and Tracks, Telephones, Etc. From 35c to \$2.00

Meccano Sets, from \$2.00 to \$4.00

Building Blocks, from 50c to \$3.00

Savings Banks, from 10c to \$5.00

Xmas Stockings from 15c to \$1.50

Cooking Sets, from 75c to \$2.00

Tea Sets, from \$1.25 to \$3.50

Dolls, from 50c to \$12.00

Balls, from 20c to \$1.75

Horns, from 25c to \$1.25

Toy Pianos, from \$2.50 to \$5.00

Sleighs, from \$1.00 to \$3.50

Rattles, from 20c to \$1.00

Rocking Horses, Kiddie Cars and Ironing Boards.

XMAS PAPETERIES, box 50c to \$5.00

All kinds of Xmas Tree Decorations.

Xmas Greeting Cards, from 5c to 50c

A discount of 10 per cent will be allowed on all Cash Purchases of Xmas Goods

JAPANESE CROCKERY—

Vases, Ash Trays, Flower Bowls, Incense Burners.

Wicker Baskets, from 40c to \$2.00

Lamp Shades, from 35c to \$5.00

Pipes, from 50c to \$5.00

FANCY CHINA—

Cups and Saucers, Fruit Bowls, Bon-Bon Dishes, Cream and Sugars, Gravy Bowls, Cake Plates, Etc.

Complete Range of French Ivory and Ebony Goods.

Eversharp Pencils, from \$1.50 to \$6.00

Fountain Pens, from \$2.50 to \$10.00

CHOCOLATES, box, 50c to \$6.00

BOOKS—Excellent Gifts—

Children's Books, from 10c to \$4.00

Burgess' Bed Time Stories, ea. 70c

All the Latest Fiction.

The Blairmore Pharmacy

Gordon Steeves, Prop.

BLAIRMORE

Phone 110

CHRISTMAS

How shall we come to the Christmas of 1923? Shall it be with despair in our hearts of the final triumph of good over evil, or dare we, despite the voices of the present and the dark fears of the future, declare our faith in the words of Browning's innocent child, and say:

"God's in His heaven;
All's right with the world!"

The answer is simple. Leave Him out of His heaven, and out of His that, though mighty empires have

world, and Christmas, with its "glorious song of old," is little less than a mockery. But hold to the faith, that has stayed and steadied unnumbered multitudes of earth's finest spirits in days when those about them were saying "Where is now thy God?" and you will greet the dawn of the new Christmas with a deep and satisfying peace. Here is an optimism that will hail the coming Christmas not because it ignores the facts but in spite

of the facts, an optimism that knows of His heaven, and out of His that, though mighty empires have

come and gone, the darkness settled over many a nation like an impenetrable gloom, the world has steadily, if slowly, rolled out of darkness into light. This is not the only era of human history when civilization has seemed to be drifting toward the rocks, with no watcher at the bow and no hand at the helm.

Would any of us like to go back to the days when man was emerging from his arboreal life? Do we pine for the civilization of Babylon or Egypt, or Rome, with the world mostly slaves? Have we made no progress even through nights of French Revolutions and Russian horrors? Look back over human history and trace the upward climb, and mark the larger world into which humanity has come since that first Christmas Day, and despair will give place to hope, and the song of Browning's little maid will not seem so mad a dream.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.



A joint of buffalo for the Canadian Christmas dinner may soon become as typical of the feast as turkey and roast beef have been for so long. A large number of surplus animals from the Dominion reserve in Alberta are now being slaughtered for the Canadian market, and as soon as meat is available it will be placed on the menus of all Canadian Pacific dining cars and hotels. The test to which the buffalo meat will thus be put will definitely decide whether the herds can be commercialized or whether the sentiment alone justifies their preservation.

THE LOCAL NEWSPAPER

Our innate modesty would prevent expression of this sentiment, but as it was written by another, we pass it on:—Stand by your town newspaper. If there is anything in your town worth while talking about, ten chances to one your little town newspaper had a hand in putting it there, and if there exists any unsightly or unsavory nuisance, twenty chances to one it will stay there until your town editor sees it or smells it and wipes his pen on the town board's breeches. If anybody beyond the walls of your burg ever learns that there is such a place as your town it will be through the town oracle.

Every town gets its money's worth through the town newspaper. It's the wagon that carries all your goods to market. It ought to be kept in good repair. It will pay to grease it, paint it, and keep its running gears in good shape and shelter.

Stand by your local newspaper. It's the guardian and defender of every interest, the forerunner and pioneer of very advance movement, and the sturdy advocate of law and order. Take it away and it would not be six months before the town would look as if it had been dooped. Business would drag, society would yawn, and grass would grow between the cobbles.

The marriage took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Borritt, Bellevue, on Wednesday of last week, of Miss Emma Jane Winnifred to Mr. Thomas Wesley McKay, of Pincher Station. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. J. Hartley, of Calgary.

Dr. Cook visited what he thought was the North pole and on his return reported; and since no report has been received from the dentist who a few weeks ago entered the cavity in McVey's face, we have been wondering whether or not that dentist ever returned.



GREETINGS FROM

The Blairmore Garage

Agents For

Overland Cars

PHONE 64

L. DUTIL, PROP.

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

Best Wishes for A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year.

C. J. TOMPKINS

Agent for Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. Blairmore.

We greet you one and all and offer you the best menu that Christmas can provide.

PLAZA CAFE

D. Lewis, Prop.

Blairmore.

Merry Christmas

To Smith & Jones, Ltd.

Ford Dealers

Arranged please deliver Ford Sedan to

Mrs. James Brown on or about Xmas Day.

Order accepted

Dated December 25th, 1923

Smith & Jones, Ltd.

Ford Dealer

James Brown
Signed

May all good things come your way this Xmas and New Year.

All interested in Billiards call in and see the finals of billiard tournament this week end.

DANNY LEWIS

Pool and Billiard Parlor.

Blairmore.

WE WISH THE PEOPLE OF THE CROWS'

NEST PASS A

Merry Christmas
and
Happy New Year



Greenhill Hotel
and Grill

AT YOUR SERVICE—

—BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

Ford and Christmas

Your wife—your children—your mother—your sister—some of them need a car—a Ford Car.

It would come as a matter of course next spring or summer. But—imagine the shining eyes if a signed delivery order for that Ford model you intend to buy were placed beside someone's plate at the breakfast table Christmas morning.

The special Christmas Delivery Form is reproduced above.

Delivery may be specified now—or later—at your convenience.

The new Ford models have appeared at a particularly fortunate time—to give you a wide range for selection in open and closed models—the highest quality Fords ever produced—at the lowest of low Ford prices.

Payment may be arranged on the deferred payment plan.

Ford Weekly

Purchase Plan
Inquire about an enrolment on the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan as a Xmas gift.

Ford

CARS—TRUCKS—TRACTORS

Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, Ford, Ontario, Canada.

Detective

Delinquents

Mentally Defective Should Be Segregated and Given Special Training

(By J. G. Shearer)

In a previous article we discussed the "criminal imbecile." The defective delinquent is largely a juvenile criminal imbecile, a boy or girl who either in general has become incorrigible and lawless, and so comes into the hands of the officers of the law, or having a strong tendency or passion in some one direction such as sexual indulgence or inclination of extreme cruelty has not the moral power to control these tendencies or passions and in consequence gets into trouble for violating society's laws for social welfare.

There comes to mind a young fellow who had a mania for setting fire to buildings, streets and the like. No amount or kind of punishment had any effect in curbing this mania. On examination he was found to be mentally defective. He was put in a training school and in due course was given charge of the furnaces in the heating plant. From that day to this (and he has passed three decades of life) he has given no further trouble and is thoroughly contented and happy.

I recall another case where a boy had a passion for cruelty and would cut up a worm or any small creature he could capture. He was discovered cutting up inch by inch a live chicken and by and by attacked a little child. Had that boy been allowed to continue at liberty in his own home day after day he would have been a great danger to himself and to others. He was examined by a mental specialist, and those who are mentally defective thus discovered and given such specialized care and training as will at least protect society against their natural criminal tendencies.

The mentally defective delinquent constitutes one of the most serious and difficult of the social problems of today.

What is to be done about it?

Clearly when recovered in delinquency or crime they should be segregated. All offenders, not merely murderers, should be examined by specialists—not merely mental specialists but specialists in mental measurement and when mental defectiveness is established they should never again have the liberty that affords opportunity to exercise their criminal tendencies. They should, however, as a rule, have the care, treatment and training which is possible only in a training school, for that sort of offender needs imprisonment as in a prison or penitentiary, and they ought to be exempt from execution.

But prevention is always better, immeasurably better, than mere cure or control after the mischief is done. There should, therefore, be every provision for mental specialists—medical men—who shall co-operate with the regular medical inspectors of schools to examine and discover the mental defects of children. Then they should be taught and special classes by specially trained teachers and when they leave school they should proceed to industrial training schools where their training can be completed and they can in whole or part become self-sustaining and give good liberty until they are proven after long study to be able to live in liberty and even then to be let out only on parole. These methods are no longer experimental.

The ordinary medical inspectors of schools is not always a safe guide in judging mental defectiveness. I have before me the report of one such who says that out of 6,000 children under his care there are only three certain cases of mental defect and ten others slightly under but capable of making good progress in school. In such a case there is either something quite abnormal in the mental health of the children or that particular city or community is in a theocratic state.

The affliction of the Pharisees of our Savior's day and there was no sin he so scathingly denounced as the closed mind of the members of that sect. "A madman's training in science ought to have him from it though it does not by any means do so."

The London Zoological Garden in Regent's Park has a giraffe with a neck so long that the animal is unable because it is too high to pass through railway tunnels when boxed for shipping.

Married men are the best liars. There is no excuse for a bachelor being a good liar.

W. N. U. 3592

Natural Resources Bulletin.

No Change in Climate of Western Canada, Says Sir Frederick Stupart

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, says:

The effect of climate and precipitation upon the prosperity of Western Canada is so important that Sir Frederick Stupart, Director of the Meteorological Service of Canada, has given special consideration to the subject. In the course of a public address, among other things he has said:

"As to the possibility of changes of climate, it had been found that the climate in Southern Europe and Southern Asia had not changed in the last 2,000 years. The climate of Syria and Egypt and the Mediterranean was today almost identical with that of 2,000 years ago. There was no reason to suppose that the climate on the North American continent would permanently change. Prof. Gregory, Huntington and many others were of this belief, and he believed that we may not look for any permanent change either one way or the other. In the west there had been periods of drought and wet weather and he believed similar conditions would obtain in the future. Some had thought that cultivation of soil might have an effect. This was a question to which particular attention had been given, but so far they had not been able to say, even in the east, that the climate had changed, or would change."

There was perhaps some slight indication that the temperatures of the summers was just a trifle warmer and the winters a trifle colder. Increase in heat may be traced to deforestation, but Sir Frederick's opinion was that the effect was very small. In Ontario it has been noted that in the early days of settlement there seemed to be a greater liability to summer drought than today. "I have studied the temperatures of the west since about 1856," said Sir Frederick, "to the present and cannot see that there has been really any appreciable change in the date of the last frost or spring and the first of fall. Sir Frederick said he could not imagine any portion of the world where there was less chance of a change than in the western provinces. The great Pacific Ocean was to the west of the mountains and the great weathering immediately to the east. One could scarcely believe that any small thing that man could do in cultivation would have any effect in altering the climate. The agriculturist would have to find means by which he could make the best of conditions as they exist. He was not a believer that man could do anything to encourage rain."

Forcing Vegetable Crops

Lack of Available Plant Food Results in Slow Growth

Question—I should like to get some information on forcing cucumbers, tomatoes, peppers, cabbage and squash. I succeeded in raising the plants but not in getting rapid growth especially with the cucumbers. They should be taught and special classes by specially trained teachers and when they leave school they should proceed to industrial training schools where their training can be completed and they can in whole or part become self-sustaining and give good liberty until they are proven after long study to be able to live in liberty and even then to be let out only on parole. These methods are no longer experimental.

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W. N. U. 3592

When Mildly Seeks Comfort.



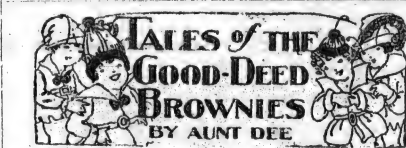
Lives in Prison—George Thompson, 71, has just begun his twenty-fifth term of imprisonment. This is his third term in Sing Sing. His prison record, dating back 54 years, started in Joliet, Ill., since 1889 he has known but six years of freedom.

Patience Prover

Ger.—How do I know you will be patient and forbearing when we are married?

Bert.—Well, I can put a fourteen and a half collar on a fifteen and a half shirt and wear it without saying a word.—New York Sun.

The first thing we receive from nature is the instinct of self-preservation.



The Good-Deeds Rescue Teddy Brown Rabbit.

We last saw the twelve Good-Deed Brownies and Mr. White Rabbit marching down the road to rescue Teddy Brown Rabbit who was in hiding in the woods on the East Hill. And march they did, I can tell you. They knew that the sooner they got there the better, because, as I have told you, Teddy was really quite a young bunnie and might get tired any moment of waiting and come out from his hiding place. As they went along at top speed Harry Happiness asked Mr. White Rabbit to hop at his side as he wanted to make plans in the rescue. Happiness made a splendid captain; he always knew just what to do. They all decided that Mr. White Rabbit must be most careful not to show himself to the hunter. Then Happiness said he thought that he would stay at the bottom of the hill and keep a look out for other hunters he would help them more than he could in any other way. Of course, he did this to keep Mr. White Rabbit out of danger, but that Bunnie never suspected this. He was so anxious to do just as these kind friends thought best, however, that he consented to stay at the foot of the hill. Of course, being such a brave little creature he would much rather have gone right up and found Teddy, hunter or no hunter.

Then came the question of how to get Teddy from the woods without letting the hunter see him. This was a hard problem to solve. The Brownies would, of course, like to go in and rescue him, but the poor little Bunnie couldn't do this. At last Contentment suggested a splendid plan. He said he thought if one of them would hide behind a bush or a stone near where the hunter was waiting and then throw some pebbles into other bushes that the hunter would hear the noise, and thinking it was the bunnie turn his attention to the bushes. If they could find bushes that would be in the direct line from where Teddy was hiding it would be splendid, for while the hunter was watching the Brownies could help Teddy creep from his hiding place and they could run down the hill and be out of sight before the hunter discovered his mistake. The other Brownies were over-delighted with Contentment's plan and Happiness said they would

Increased Coal Output

Outlook in Coal Industry for 1924 Is Very Encouraging

It is estimated the coal production of Nova Scotia this year will reach at least 6,200,000 tons. Hon. E. H. Armstrong, Premier of Nova Scotia and Minister of Mines, announced recently that the total production last year was 4,415,000 tons, the increase this year will be more than 1,500,000 tons. The outlook for 1924 is encouraging. The Chief Inspector of Mines recently announced that Alberta's coal production for 1923 had increased 1,500,000 tons over 1922. There have been increased shipments from Alberta to Manitoba, Ontario, British Columbia, Saskatchewan and the United States. The big crop movement in the west is reflected in the increased amount of railway steam coal used in 1923.

New Pulp Mill

Huge Plant Is to Be Erected at Fort William

An agreement has been reached between the city of Fort William and the Great Lakes Pulp and Paper Co., whereby the latter will undertake the erection of a plant within the city to cost not less than \$2,000,000, one unit of which, the pulp mill, will cost \$800,000, said to be completed and in operation within one year, and the paper mill to cost \$1,200,000 is to be completed and in operation within two years. The plant will have a capacity of 100 tons of newsprint daily and not less than 600 men will be employed for 250 working days each year.

Toll of the Automobile

Deaths from automobile accidents numbered 11,066 last year in the census registration area of the United States which contains 95 per cent of the total population, an increase of 1,498 over the previous year.

The total killed reports a death rate of 12.5 per 100,000 population, increase of 1.0 for every 100,000 over 1921, when the rate was 11.5.

It isn't always safe to marry a girl who looks good enough to eat. A wife disagrees with a man's opinion that a dinner.

Each stem of the wild poppy has from 10,000 to 60,000 seeds.

Publicity Work Of

Saskatchewan Government

W. A. MacLeod Is Expert Who Disseminates Valuable Information For the Agriculturist

In connection with the agricultural work of the provincial government at Regina and the university at Saskatoon, our sister province of Saskatchewan has devised a very efficient method of publicity.

An outstanding feature of all their activities is the coordination of all those whose work comes under the jurisdiction of the provincial government. There is a noticeable absence of overlapping of effort, and in consequence, time and money are saved, and results are obtained not only at less cost but with greater efficiency.

One of the most difficult problems of the administrative, the executive and the experimental agriculturist, is the getting over to the public in a reasonable and easily understood form the various points which they want stressed.

In Saskatchewan, Mr. W. A. MacLeod, who is known as the commissioner of publications, is made solely responsible for this work. He collects from the government and the university information of every description to which it is desirable to give publicity. This information is, of course, prepared by those who are specialists on the various subjects, and Mr. MacLeod first sees that it is issued to the public press in presentable form. After that various methods of publicity are followed. Some times bulletins are issued, which on application to the government at Regina or the university at Saskatoon, will be sent to any farmer of the province without cost.

A recent innovation in Mr. MacLeod's department is that of using the moving pictures as a means of bringing before the public agricultural subjects of an educational nature. In this respect there is close co-ordination between the three western provinces, so that films can be used by all of them, thereby making the expense to each province lower than it would be if the provinces used only their own films which they themselves had produced.

Mr. MacLeod is a good Canadian, born in 1872 at Lake Megantic in Quebec, of course on a farm. He must have been very clever in order to have been the start, for as soon as he left public school he ran a country weekly and later became city editor of the Boston Journal and special correspondent of the Boston Transcript.

Thus the career of the west got him, and he has been in Saskatchewan for three years, but the lure of the press was too strong and a little later we find him on the Phoenix at Saskatoon. Then in addition to the literary editorship of that paper he ran the Saturday Press at Saskatoon and continued this work until he was appointed by the Saskatchewan Government to his present position of commissioner of publications.

The railways of the province are to be congratulated on having this work done by Mr. MacLeod. He not only knows the publicity business from the ground up, but he is a man of pleasing and efficient personality, which eminently fits him for the work.—Manitoba Free Press.

How Wales Greeted Prince

Banner Arranged Unique Demonstration in His Honor

By turning every one of the towering mountains that encircle it into a volcano, a small Welsh village gave the Prince of Wales the most wonderful welcome he has ever received.

The village of Blaenau Ffestiniog which rambles through a mountain valley is closed at both ends by mountains. It was while the Prince was raising a tweed cap in salute to the villagers that he noticed a flame on the remote summit of a peak. More flames burst on every mountain until there was a complete circle of them, which crept slowly down the mountainside. In one second each mountain erupted into eruption. Thousand of explosions threw the rock into the air and echoed twenty times in the valley before the fragments had rolled to rest on the mountainside. Blue smoke rising in columns joined the white clouds of the eruption.

The Prince sat silently in his motor car. He was crushing his cap into his hand. His eyes moved from bald "volcanoes" of a grey striped khaki to tree-capped mountains that were green and blue and frocked with gold, and while the roar of the explosions rose above the cheering, he crashed a flat into the palm of his hand, and said, "I have never seen anything more wonderful—never."

Four leading quarries had supplied the thousands of rock cannon of the most powerful kind that had roared a welcome from the mountains. Tons of powder that blazed up high had carried the explosions down the mountainside.

Over 100 different languages are spoken in India.

Would Drain Great Lakes

Four Chicago Plan For Drainage Striving Attention to the Fact That One of the Principal Outlets of the Great Lakes was Once by Way of the Mississippi River, Professor A. P. Coleman, Head of the Geological Department of the University of Toronto, told the members of the Empire Club at Toronto, that it was well within the realm of engineering skill to divert the waters of the great lakes back into their old southeastern channel, and so drain the whole of Canada's great inland seas above Lake Erie to a mere trickling stream.

"Chicago's fight for a drainage canal has a very direct relation to this matter," he declared. "They say that they will restrict its depth. That is all very well, but the public in reasonable and easily understood form the various points which they want stressed. They already have plans drawn up for a ship canal. It would be a comparatively simple matter for their engineers to construct these canals in such a way that the great lakes' levels of Canada would either be entirely eliminated or at least seriously lowered."

"And what would be the effect of this colossal steal on Ontario and Canada? need I do more than ask you to draw on your imaginations? We must get together on this matter, and fight Chicago to the last ditch."

Result of Cow-Testing

Improve Your Herd by Discarding Unprofitable Cows

A member of a cow-testing association in Quebec reported to the Dominion Dairy Commissioner that in the three years he has been testing, production in his herd of six cows has been increased from an average of 7,142 pounds milk and 372.3 pounds fat to 10,656 pounds of milk and 386.6 pounds fat. In 1920 his best cow produced 9,181 pounds milk and 359.2 pounds fat. In 1922 the best cow produced 14,741 pounds milk and 528.2 pounds fat. Compare this with the average of all the cows in Quebec milking eight months or longer in 1922, namely 5,010 pounds milk and 155.5 pounds fat. The improvement in the herd referred to was brought about by discarding unprofitable cows as indicated by the test, and replacing them by better ones. As the Dominion Commissioner says, such results are possible to all dairymen who will use cow-testing as a means of accurate information and weed, feed and breed accordingly.

More Children On Farms

U.S. Reports Two Million More Than in Cities

The child crop of the United States, no less than the food crops, comes mainly from the farms, says Dr. C. J. Golden, in charge of farm population studies for the United States Department of Agriculture. Of the 30,000,000 farm population in the United States as compared with the same number of urban population the number of children under 10 years of age on farms is approximately 2,600,000 more than in the cities. Dr. Golden points out: "Thus the burden of supporting and educating the young people falls on the farm population. After ten years of age the disparity diminishes, gradually until the children reach 20 years of age, when the figures begin to show more people of the producing age in cities than on farms."

A New Kind of Loan

A debtor, on being sued, acknowledged that he had borrowed the money, but declared that the plaintiff knew at the time that it was a Kathleen Mayvorne loan.

"A Kathleen Mayvorne loan" questioned, the magistrate with a puzzled look.

"That's it, your honor—one of the 'It may be for years, and it may be forever sort'."

A countryman on his first visit to New York came out of the Grand Central station into the confusion of 12nd street and after standing, somewhat bewildered for a few minutes, walked over to a traffic officer and said:

"Mister, I want to go to Central Park."

"All right," said the officer. "You can go this time, but don't you ever ask me again."—Everybody's.

Last summer Braggy-old Dorothy's aunt came to spend a week with them.

"Now, auntie," said Dorothy, "you must make yourself at home."

"How can I do that, darling? I've inquired her aunt."

"Why," answered Dorothy, "you can pitch in and help mamma work."

The average man's sense of humor is to work when the joke is on him.

W. N. U. 3592

TO THE TRADE

On December 18th we expect the arrival at our Pass Stores of a limited supply of Dressed

BUFFALO!

WHILE IT LASTS we will offer it to the trade at reasonable prices.

Kindly arrange to have your order in our hands as early as possible and avoid being disappointed.

P. BURNS & CO. LTD.

Blairmore Bellevue Hillcrest Coleman
Phone 46 12A 61A 53

TOMBOLA RESULTS

Following are the results of the Tombola held in connection with the St. Anne's bazaar at the opera house last week:

First prize—French ivory clock, gift of H. J. LaFramboise, won by A. Kubinec, Michel, B. C.

Second prize—\$5.00 in gold, gift of A. J. Kelly, won by R. Kelly, of Brighton, Mass.

Third prize—\$5.00 in gold, gift of M. Murphy, won by M. Panik, Blairmore.

Fourth prize—\$5.00 in gold, gift of J. P. O'Neill, won by J. H. Naylor, Frank.

Fifth prize—A pipe, gift of D. M. J. Conway, won by R. J. Moore, of Calgary.

Sixth prize—Sack of flour, gift of J. Brehler, won by Miss Pelly Cassarini.

Seventh prize—Ham, gift of J. Janostak, won by M. Leskowsky, Blairmore.

Eighth prize—Gold Safety razor, gift of Father Cosman, won by N. A. Pease, Ashmont, Mass.

Ninth prize—Safety razor, gift of Blairmore Wholesale Co., won by C. J. Tompkins, Frank.

Tenth prize—Box of chocolates,

gift of Joe You, won by Charlotte Fleming, Blairmore.

The ladies of St. Anne's church wish to thank one and all who helped, both by donations and patronage, to make the bazaar such a grand success. The net amount realized was over \$3000.00.

Special mention is due Mrs. Kidd, who donated the beautifully decorated cake. Also Mr. Tony Polino, who attended to all the booths, etc.

The raffles were drawn during the evening of the bazaar. The cake was won by Mrs. May, of Hillcrest. The doll was won by Miss Wintgens, of Frank. The dress was won by Mrs. Harry Barnes, of Blairmore.

The ladies also wish to state that the tickets being sold during the bazaar days for a yoke was not at all in connection with the bazaar, and that the little girl was not authorized by anyone connected with the bazaar, hence the proceeds of same did not enter the bazaar funds. This is mentioned by way of warning.

The new boundary bridge, east of Blairmore, is just about completed.

Unless a change takes place in a few days a move will likely be made to unseat the weatherman.

Mrs. Raoul Green is enjoying a few weeks visit with friends in Eastern Canada.

Two small keys, found at the opera house the day of the bazaar, can be had at the residence of Father Cosman.

Next year the Tourist Associations will boost the Sunshine Trail. It was never safe for them to travel the moonshine trail, while police were permitted to carry firearms.

The Alberta provincial Liberal-Conservative convention at its session in Edmonton on Friday last unanimously accepted as its choice for leader W. J. Blair, of Provost. R. B. Bennett was chosen president of the provincial association.

Owing to the extreme mild weather, the first lap of the Charbonnier Cup hockey series, billed for this week, had to be postponed. In this series, three teams are entitled to compete—Bellevue, Blairmore and Coleman.

Turtle Mountain Lodge No 15, Knights of Pythias, will hold their second annual ball in the Union hall at Hillcrest on the night of Tuesday, January 1st (New Year's Day). Prizes are offered for the best dressed lady and gent, and best comic lady and gent. See large, and attractive card posters, just executed from the office of The Enterprise.

WANTED—A Creature to operate a motor-driven rum chaser. Must be absolute lunatic and capable of driving car over Alberta roads at a speed of not less than 85 miles per hour. Also a machine gun operator, who must also be a lunatic and capable of operating a machine gun accurately while car is travelling at above speed and must guarantee to kill something with every shot. Remember, anyone holding similar position at the present time need not apply.

REASONABLE FARES FOR SEASONABLE TRIPS

EASTERN CANADA PACIFIC COAST

On Sale Daily To
January 5, 1924.

RETURN LIMIT THREE MONTHS.

A Real Travel Inducement

CENTRAL UNITED STATES

ON SALE DAILY TO JANUARY 5, 1924.

RETURN LIMIT THREE MONTHS

Any Agent will Gladly Give Full Information.

Plan Your Trip and Arrange All Details

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Men! Learn
Garage
Work
make more
Money

Be an Expert and get a Big-pay job or start in business for yourself. By the best Auto-Training Course, Electrical Master Mechanic in your district.

HEMPHILL Practical Trade Schools

Now for the beginners as well as the experienced mechanic. Trade Schools in principal cities from coast to coast. Life Insurance transfer privileges, free Employment Service. Or if you cannot come to a Hemphill School, Hemphill will come to you. New Home Study Course (by mail) makes it possible for you to learn right at home in your leisure hours. You earn while you learn. Take up the work as fast or as slow as you wish, then later on attend any one of the Hemphill Practical Schools.

Mail this Coupon

HEMPHILL TRADE SCHOOLS, LTD.
Headquarters:
550 MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG

Please send me free information of your Practical Trade Schools and your Home Study Course.

NAME _____

ADDRESS _____

New Plaza Cafe

—NOW OPEN FOR BUSINESS—

West of Orpheum Theatre

—Finest Cafe in the District—

—Best Service at All Hours—

D. Lewis, Prop.

Blairmore.

British Columbia will shortly take a vote on the sale of beer.

Mr. W. M. Bush, of the Blairmore Volcanism and Battery Station, is leaving this week end to spend Christmas with his son at Moose Jaw, and in his absence his shop will be closed for about a week.

READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS! THEY CONTAIN NEWS

IN LOVING MEMORY

Of our dear father and husband, William O. Evans, who passed away in Blairmore, December 23rd, 1922.

Softly the stars are gleaming
Over a silent grave,
Where one sleeps on, without dreaming.

One we loved, but could not save.
Fondly remembered by Mother and the Children.

THIS IS TO BE A JEWELRY CHRISTMAS

OUR STOCK OF CHRISTMAS GIFTS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, RINGS, NECKLACES AND TRINKETS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, INCLUDING GLASSWARE, IVORY SETS, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, ETC., IS THE MOST COMPLETE OUTSIDE OF THE CITIES, AND

WE SELL AT CITY PRICES

We have a limited quantity of High-Grade LADIES' WRIST WATCHES

In 15-jewel movements with gold-filled cases. These we are going to dispose of at \$12.00 each while they last!

GET ONE NOW!—for your lady friend, your wife or daughter. They make a lasting gift and one that is greatly appreciated.

RICHELIEU PEARLS—For Pearl Lovers. Finest reproductions of the genuine.

Look! Big Snaps!

—SPECIAL REDUCTION IN SILVERWARE—
"Holmes & Edwards" and "Old Dutch" for two days only—SATURDAY and MONDAY.

Musical Instruments

We are offering a splendid line of Violins, Accordions and Mouthorgans at Great Reduction.

NEW BRUNSWICK GRAND GRAMOPHONE—The very latest creation in Talking Machines. Come in and hear the latest records.

Also New! Newell Pencils with seven points of superiority which are—1. Will not clog or jam. 2. With-draws the lead. 3. Removable Eraser. 4. Easy to load. 5. Patented spring clip. 6. Larger magazine for extra leads. 7. Lightest Metal Pencil made. These make excellent gifts.

A large variety of French Ivory at a price that will make you sit up and take notice.

Other articles too numerous to mention. Come in and look them over.

GIFTS THAT LAST!

—WE CAN SATISFY YOU—

\$1.00—Cash Will Hold Any Article in the Shop—\$1.00

S. TRONO

Watchmaker and Jeweler

Blairmore Alberta

RICH IN VITAMINES



MAKE PERFECT BREAD

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The business of the League of Nations is to make it possible for governments to act in unity in accomplishing things and not to take governmental machinery into its own hands. Lord Robert Cecil told the council of the league.

No action by the department of labor is contemplated at the present time following the decision of the maintenance of way and railroad employees throughout Canada, to take a strike vote. Hon. James Murdoch, minister of labor, has stated.

Retail prices throughout Canada for November showed a very slight average advance over the previous month, and also an increase over the average for a year ago. These indications are that the postwar deflation has now exhausted itself.

S. A. Flory, a captain in the Swedish navy, who in June, 1922, attained an altitude of 19,268.8 feet in a hydro airplane with one passenger, will be recognized by the Swedish Aerial Club as holder of the world's altitude record for a hydroplane.

Measures to conserve British Columbia's fur-bearing animals from total extinction are contemplated by legislation by Hon. A. M. Manson, attorney-general. Under Mr. Manson's amendment to the game act, no license except bona fide farmers will be allowed to trap fur-bearing animals.

Mr. Gray Silver, of the American Farm Bureau Federation, declares that agriculture in the United States needs a strong foreign policy that will tend to open up new markets, a change in the tariff to prevent discrimination, and possible provision for international barter to open the German market.

Would You?

I wouldn't like to be a bear.
Round the time of the year.
Just think of lying dormant with
The Christmas season here!
Just think of sleeping calmly on—
"It's bet if I were him
I'd wake up long enough to hang
My stocking to a limb."

Girls! A Gleamy Mass Of Beautiful Hair

35-Cent "Dandarine" So Improves Lustrous, Neglected Hair

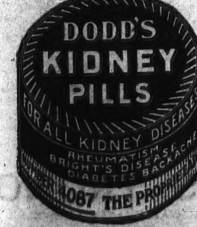
All abundance of luxuriant hair of gloss, gleams and lustrous. It is shortly followed a genuine toning up of neglected scalp with dependable "Dandarine" is delightful on the hair: Falling hair, itching scalp and the dandruff is corrected immediately. This dry, wispy or fading hair is quickly invigorated, taking on new strength, color and youthful beauty. "Dandarine" is delightful on the hair: a refreshing, stimulating tonic—not sticky or greasy!—Any drug store.

He's Different

Shop Foreman—You ain't one of them blokes who drop their tools and scoot as soon as the knock-of-blows are you?

Elsy White—Not me. Why, I often have to wait five minutes after I put my tools away before the whistle blows.—Sydney Bulletin.

Fortunate is the woman who is able to mend both her husband's clothes and his ways.



The Christmas Tree Industry

Woods of Canada Supply Christmas Trees for Homes in United States

Canada, with a considerable range between her winter and summer climates, has in consequence many industries which are purely seasonal in character. Among them is one of the briefest period of activity but which, for the few days of its operation, carries greater joy and pleasure into the world than any other pursuit, and is one of the few lines of commerce which the juvenile population would consider indispensable to the well-being of the country. This is the Christmas tree industry, which is responsible for putting the little spruce tree into the homes of the continent. For weeks past woodmen have been busy in the woods of Canada and cars of the little trees going down across the border to the cities and towns of the United States. The winter air of Canada will go into the homes of the entire continent though not all will know or recognize it.

The Christmas tree idea was continental in origin, though America with its deep-frozen valleys, its canyons, and catkins clad with spruce and pine would suggest itself at once as the home of the custom, and the institution might have been created expressly for the children of the American continent. The United States as she grew and expanded found she required her trees for less romantic and sentimental purposes and, it must be confessed, used them in a rather lavish and profigate manner, not always seeing that when a Christmas tree was cut down, it was somewhat like Christmas there was one planted in its place for a Christmas to come.

NOSE COLDS QUICKLY STOPPED

A neglected cold is the open gateway to Consumption. To quickly stop a cold, the best way is to treat the air passages of the nose and throat; free them of germs and let the healing vapor of CATARRHOLINE take effect.

A breath of CATARRHOLINE brings instant relief to your suffering nostrils. Hoarseness is relieved, throat and nose are cleared, inflamed bronchial tubes are healed, danger of Catarrh is prevented. Carry CATARRHOLINE Inhaler in your purse, in your vest pocket, and use it when the first shiver or sneeze comes. Complete outfit, One Dollar, small size 50c. At all drug stores. Refuse a substitute. By mail from The Catarrholine Co., Montreal.

The Grain Movement

Quantity of Grain Handled Justified Earlier Estimate of 500,000,000 Bushel Crop

A survey of the grain movement over western lines of the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National Railways shows that since the opening of the crop year, September 1, 281,790,955 bushels of grain, practically all wheat, was loaded up to Dec. 10th. This is a marked increase over the same period of last year, when 249,566,248 bushels were handled, and justifies the early estimates of a 500,000,000 bushel crop for Western Canada.

In Alberta, according to local reports, nearly the entire crop of the year to be marketed while Saskatchewan has 55 to 60 per cent. of the crop still on hand. Manitoba's crop was estimated at 40,000,000 bushels, and of this 70 per cent. has been marketed. The total yield for Saskatchewan and Alberta was estimated at 400,000,000 bushels, which leaves about 100,000,000 bushels unmarketed as yet. Each province, however, will retain large quantities of wheat for seed.

Murdered!

Put right out of business, a whole family not of good honest folks, but of Corn—no trouble some corn that will not grow. Putnam's Corn Extract is the only painless ear roller for corns, it never fails, 25c everywhere.

Christmas Eve

"Please mother, don't make any fire in our grate," begged little Bessie.

"Why, you'll freeze?"

"I don't mind being cold, just so long as Santa will be able to get down the chimney all right!"

Fast Eaters Save Money

Slow eaters are recalled in Germany. A diner starting to eat at 3 o'clock and finishing at 4 will find the prices have increased during the meal, following the new official mark quotation. The usual question asked, with each other nowadays is, "Will I pay the morning rate or the afternoon rate?"

A consistent vegetarian is one who don't risk eating chestnuts in the dark.

Minard's Liniment for Dietspore

On Christmas Day In The Morning

Let us go up to the House of God,
Fulfilling our Christian calling;
Walking in ways which the saints have told

And keeping our feet from falling;
Lighting our steps as we go along
With Heavenly words of warning
"Glory to God" was the angels' song
On Christmas Day in the morning.

Let us go forth with a merry noise,
As those who are holiday keeping;
Bidding the needy to share our joys,
And banish their night of weeping,
Bearing with weakness as we are strong—

Self-pleasing and suitless scorn;
"Peace upon earth!" was the angels' word
On Christmas Day in the morning.

Let us forgive though our brothers err
Till seventy times and seven;
Let the "good-will" of the newborn Word

Be done upon earth as in heaven!
"Glory to God" from the white-robed choir
Who wait for the Bride's adorning
"Peace upon earth!" was the angels' song
On Christmas Day in the morning.

The Last Asthma Attack may really be the last one if prompt measures are taken. Dr. J. D. Kollig's Asthma Remedy will subdue your cough, soothe your throat, and clear your lungs, and its continued use often has a permanent effect. Why not get this long-famous remedy to-day and commence its use? Inhaled smoke or vapor it is equally effective.

Saskatchewan Live Stock Convention

Big Convention to be Held in Moose Jaw Will Have Features

Every year the Saskatchewan Live Stock Convention has been becoming bigger, better and more interesting, and the best gathering yet is expected when the convention meets in Moose Jaw, January 22nd, 23rd and 24th, 1924.

All the provincial clubs and associations interested in live stock will meet at that time. Including the annual meetings of the Saskatchewan Horse Breeders' Association, Saskatchewan Cattle Breeders' Association, Saskatchewan Sheep Breeders' Association, Saskatchewan Swine Breeders' Association, and the Saskatchewan Poultry Breeders' Association. The various breed clubs will also hold their meetings at that time, such as the Short-horn, Hereford and Angus Clubs, the Clydesdale, Percheron and Belgian Clubs and several others.

Several interesting speakers will be on the programme, including men from both Western and Eastern Canada and from the United States. Plenty of time will be set aside for discussions of the many serious problems facing the live stock men at the present time.

One of the big features of the convention will be the Boys' and Girls' Stock Judging Competition. This has grown in popularity from year to year, and last year there were 41 teams of 125 boys and girls in the contest at Saskatoon, and this year the prize list is larger and better than it was a year ago. Classes in dairy cattle and classes in poultry have been added this year for the first time.

The Saskatchewan Poultry Breeders' Association is offering some fine prizes for the boys and girls who pick out the best hens. The prize list includes live birds, medals and cash prizes.

It is expected that there will be a large attendance and that quite a number will stop over for the opening meetings of the Grain Growers' Convention which comes immediately after the live stock men have completed their sessions.

Special rates will be given on the railways and anyone wanting further information regarding either the convention or the Boys' and Girls' Judging Contest should write to J. G. Robertson, Secretary, at Regina, Saskatchewan.

Many people are almost crippled with corns. But it is needless suffering which can be speedily ended with Holloway's Corn Remover.

Canadian Grown Apples
The Canadian Macintosh red apple, a native of Ontario, first propagated by John Macintosh, of Dundas County, is the champion dessert apple in the British Empire, so the judges at the Imperial Fruit Show which was held at Manchester recently decided. They also stated that Cox's orange pippins from British Columbia are on the whole the best of the 16 exhibits from overseas.

When pouring fat into a basin, clarity by adding a tablespoonful of boiling water, which will send all foreign matter to the bottom, and the dripping will set quite clear.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 23

THE UNIVERSAL REIGN OF CHRIST

Theme: The Meaning of Christ's Reign

Lesson—Isa. 9: 6, 7; 11: 1-10; Ps. 2: 1-2

GOLDEN TEXT—Ask for me, and I shall give thee the heathen for thine inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for thy possession.—Ps. 2: 8.

The Lesson Setting
When—Isaiah, 8th century B. C.
Psalm 2, about 1040 B. C.

Questions on the Lesson Text

What passage do we study as our Christmas lesson? Who does Isaiah foretell in this passage? Of what line shall he be a successor? Whose spirit shall rest upon the Messiah, and by whose knowledge shall he reign? After what manner shall the judgments of the Messiah be made? What consideration shall the poor receive under the reign of the Messiah? What shall become the part of the meek? In what manner shall he deal with the wicked and the unrighteous? What great changes shall take place in the world after the reign of the Messiah? How shall the world be ruled? By what features does the prophet foretell this condition? What spirit shall reign in all the world? To whom shall the Messiah be a beacon light and a help?

The Lesson Story

Last week we studied with Paul at Troas and saw with him the vision of the man from Macedonia and heard the words of the angel who called him of the journey to Philippi of the meeting by the river side, of the conversion of the Gentiles. It always reminds me of the work which he had been able to do under the guidance of God and by the help of his Spirit. Today, let our Christmas lesson, we study the passage from Isaiah where he foretells the coming of the Messiah out of the line of David, and we hear him tell that the Spirit of the Lord shall rest upon this branch of the house of Jesse, the Messiah for whom the Jews were looking. And we learn that the Messiah shall be quick in his understanding and knowledge of the Lord, that he shall judge justly and with righteousness. We learn that the words of his mouth shall correct evil in the world, and that with his breath he shall slay the wicked. Righteousness and truthfulness shall be the watchwords of his reign, and hatred and contention shall be made to cease. Enmity shall become a thing unknown and brotherliness and helpfulness shall be the order of the day. His kingdom shall be a kingdom of peace and light to all the nations, and to it shall all the heathen be drawn for rest and guidance. Our message from Isaiah 9: 6, 7, 11: 1-10, and Psalm 2: 1-2, we learn that Jehovah has promised to give to Christ all the legacy of the world, and that the earth shall look to the Messiah for guidance.

CHILDHOOD CONSTIPATION

Constipated children can find prompt relief through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which never fail to regulate the bowels and stomach, thus driving out constipation and inducing "colicky" children to sleep peacefully. Concerning them Mrs. Gaudet, Dain, Que., writes: "My child, a little boy, who was suffering from constipation and indigestion, was relieved by them and now he is in the best of health." The Tablets are sold by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Christmas the World Over

Christmas Celebrated on Same Date This Year the World Over For First Time Since 1751

It is pointed out that the adoption of the Gregorian calendar by the Russian Orthodox Church through a recent proclamation by Archbishop Tikhon means that the entire Christian world will celebrate Christmas this year on the same date for the first time since 1751. The Russian and Greek churches for centuries followed the Julian, which caused them to celebrate Christmas from ten to thirteen days after the rest of the Christian churches. So are coming literally the prophetic words of the poet: Son over half the earth
In every temple men shall kneel again
To celebrate his birth
Who brought the message of good will to men.
—Buffalo Express

The end of colonization, it is estimated, will be reached in about 200 years' time.

A Thousand Cooking Uses.

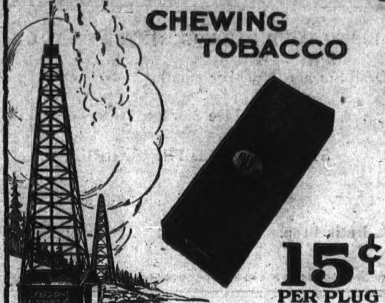
For soups, sauces, gravies, savory dishes, meat jellies, beef tea, and restoring the flavor to old dishes.

Alberta Butter Goes to England
The first butter shipped in cold storage from Vancouver to England has arrived in very good shape, according to advices received. The butter was from Alberta and totaled nearly 150,000 pounds.

Minard's Liniment for Coughs

CUBES
In boxes of 10, 20 and 100.

BIG CHEWING TOBACCO



"Chew a Chewer's Chew"
Manufactured by Imperial Tobacco Company of Canada Limited

Leading Bankers Review Important Developments

An opportunity of obtaining a thorough knowledge of present conditions, as well as to gauge the outlook for the next year in Canada was afforded at the annual meeting of the Bank of Montreal.

Sir Vincent Meredith Hart, the President, and Sir Frederick Williams-Taylor, the General Manager, in their addresses to the shareholders of the Bank referred in most interesting manner to the important developments that had occurred during the past year and which the country had been able to meet them.

Sir Vincent dealt more particularly with the outstanding features of the country itself, touching on such important questions as business in Canada, agricultural conditions, immigration, the burden of taxation and reviewing the situation both in Great Britain and the United States.

Sir Frederick also expressed the opinion that Canada cannot progress as she should until the cost of living in this country and taxation are less than across the line in the United States. The remedy, however, he pointed out, is in our hands and is practicable.

Burden of Taxation
Sir Vincent Meredith Hart, President, in his address to shareholders, said, in part:—

"I make no apology for stressing again the desirability of our meeting even the impecuniousness of moderating public taxation, federal, provincial and municipal, in order to lighten the load pressing upon business and deterring development of resources. The margin of profit in all business is seriously curtailed by the accumulation of taxation, a condition

Electricity and Life

Boston Scientist Claims Electricity Can Furnish Nourishment for the Body

Have you had your electrical shock dinner today?
That's the way our grandchildren may be greeting each other in a few years if the prediction of Dr. Francis A. Cave, Boston scientist, is fulfilled.

He predicted that electrical vibrations will compose the main part of the diet. Addressing the Middle States Society of Electronic Medicine, he said the time is coming when humans will attach to their bodies apparatus connected with electric wires and absorb electric vibrations instead of food.

This will eliminate all the genuine pleasure of eating, but it will provide plenty of nourishment, Dr. Cave declared.

For many years scientists have pondered over the electricity of the body and have endeavored to discover the connection and relation between life and electricity. It is known that there is a close connection between light waves, heat waves and electric waves, and that these waves have a direct influence upon the body.

Settlers From U.S.
According to information obtained at the Immigration offices the number of settlers to come into Western Canada from the United States through port of entry between Port Arthur, Ont., and Kingsgate B.C. during the first ten months of the current year was 7,767 and they brought in wealth amounting to \$1,757,444, while the value of the effects they brought to \$438,616.

It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Cook's Regulating Compound
A Safe Reliable regulating medicine.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION NO. 1
THERAPION NO. 2
THERAPION NO. 3

Minard's Liniment for Coughs

The Blairmore Garage

BRING YOUR CAR FOR WINTER STORAGE

Dead Storage, \$5.00 per month.

Live Storage, \$10.00 per month.

STEAM HEATED THROUGHOUT

L. Dutil, Prop. Phone 64 Blairmore

REMOVAL NOTICE

THE BLAIRMORE FURNITURE STORE announce that they have moved to the new FAZIO STORE, FIRST DOOR EAST OF KING GEORGE CAFE, where for a few weeks special bargains will be offered in all lines.

Blairmore Furniture Store

Joseph Montalbetti, Proprietor

Blairmore, — Alberta



DO YOU LOOK FOR FOOD VALUES IN THE FOODS YOU BUY? You should.

You cannot be happy unless you are healthy and you cannot be healthy unless you eat food with real nourishment in it.

Bread is the food of fools, because it's flour and milk and compressed yeast combined into a loaf that has an appetite satisfaction in every slice.

Bread is your Best Food—Eat more of it.

MOTHER'S BREAD

—is always pure

Bellevue Bakery

Phone 74-d — BELLEVUE

Toys

At mail order house prices.

CUT GLASS, FANCY VASES AND DISHES

W. L. EVANS

—New and Second-Hand Furniture—BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA

WREATHS AND SPRAYS artistically arranged and at prices that are moderate. Phone 222, Scott's. We guarantee satisfaction. —Jly 26-f.

SIGHT SPECIALIST

J. F. MILLER

Alberta Sight Specialist, will be at

THE BLAIRMORE PHARMACY On THURSDAY, DECEMBER 20th.

R. B. HARRISON

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

Specializing in Repair Work

Your Patronage Solicited

Next Door to Drug Store

BLAIRMORE,

— ALBERTA



SUITABLE GIFTS

Hood and Radiator Covers, all cars. Anti-Freeze for Radiators. Electric Vaporizer, guaranteed to start your car in cold weather. Exhaust Heaters. Bumpers and Snubbers. Motor-Meters and Bar Caps. Windshield Wipers. Windshield Vizards. Tool Kits and Wrenches. Spot Lights. Tires and Tubes. Tire Covers. Spark Plugs. Luggage Carriers. Tire Chains. Wire Wheels and Disc Wheels

The Crows' Nest Pass Motors

Dealers in CHEVROLET and STUDEBAKER Cars BLAIRMORE Phone 105

Local and General Items

Good Apples, per crate, \$1.50 at F. M. Thompson's.

Stores will remain open till 9 p.m. Friday, Saturday and Monday nights.

For funeral flowers phone 212, Crows' Nest Pass Undertaking Co.

It isn't the rattled sword that menaces the world now, but rattled statesmen.

J. W. McDonald, K.C., of Macleod, was in town yesterday on legal business.

We sometimes wonder why some folks don't wear clothes instead of powder.

Miss Annie Penman will arrive home from Calgary tomorrow for the Christmas holiday.

Mr. L. H. Putnam, solicitor, has returned from a business visit to Edmonton and Calgary.

Hon. W. S. Fielding, federal minister of finance, is reported seriously ill at his home in Ottawa.

A session of Court in Chambers was held here last evening, presided over by Judge McDonald, of Macleod.

According to the papers it must be permissible for lawyers only to make an impression in the courts with the fist punch.

Because two miners went on strike at Lundbreck a few days ago, some local miners felt that the three thousand miners in this district should come out in sympathy.

Record Exchange, Winnipeg. Used records exchanged twenty for dollar, also new records for old. Record catalogue free. Records in twenty foreign languages.

It is suggested that after the end of the present year the liquor act may be enforced by women and that more arduous duties will be assigned male police officers.

All hockey players are requested to call at The Enterprise office to have their pictures taken. Our cartoonist is now busy getting out cuts, which will represent everything from the sublime to the ridiculous.

This Alberta liquor act enforcement business is now down to such a fine point that when a party is to be avoided he is notified by some means some 24 to 48 hours ahead of a proposed search. No doubt, for such a kind act the officials are well repaid.

The booze charge preferred against Joe Lombard, of Coleman, was heard before Judge Gresham last evening. J. W. McDonald, K.C., of Macleod, defended the accused. Evidence proved that although the charge laid was for "having liquor in other than a private dwelling," the liquor found by the police was outside the premises of the accused, and the case was dismissed.

Twenty buffalo from the Wainwright Park, on the main line of the Canadian National Railway, are to be shipped to the Yukon to form the nucleus of a herd which that territory will build up in a game preserve which is being laid out in Central Yukon, according to Robert Lowe, of White Pass, N.T., who has just returned from Ottawa, where he made arrangements for the shipment of the animals.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

The local schools close tomorrow for the Christmas holidays.

"Blue Goose" Oranges, the best grown, at 40c to \$1.00 per dozen at Thompson's.

Mr. E. J. Garland, M.P., states that Canada's banking system is the most insane in the world.

Mr. H. M. Smith, former trainmaster on this division, has been transferred to Moose Jaw.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

Miss Elizabeth Patterson will arrive from Calgary Sunday morning to spend Christmas with her parents.

Read the ad of the F. M. Thompson Co. on the front page for your Xmas wants.

A million dollars will be spent on the highways of British Columbia within the next five years.

Miss "Buddie" Baird was admitted to hospital last week to undergo an operation for appendicitis.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

Fur coats will be worn longer this year and pants will be worn longer by the husbands who buy the coats.

During the first week in December a robin's nest was found in Newfoundland containing three perfectly fresh eggs.

Inspector and Mrs. C. Junget, of Lethbridge, are rejoicing over the arrival of a new daughter. Congratulations.

The baby child of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Patterson met with a painful accident on Tuesday, when she upset a pan of boiling water over her neck.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

Mayor Archie McLeod returned from Ottawa on Sunday last. Report on his mission to the capital city will be given to the council at the first meeting of that body in January.

The appeal on behalf of James B. McLachlan, deposed secretary of District 26, United Mine Workers of America, now serving a two-year term of imprisonment, was to be heard in Nova Scotia this week.

A new disease called caucus has broken out in Alberta. At present all are sufficiently strong physically and mentally to ward off the dread disease with the exception of a few former members of the Alberta government.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

It is said that Home Bank depositors will soon receive a consolation fee of 25 per cent. of their interest.

NOTICE RE COAL

On account of trouble of some kind in the Patton mine at Lundbreck, I was unable to get the car of lump coal last week and also not for some time. I beg to say, though, that I will have a car of Lethbridge stove coal in about the first of the new year. This is the very best coal obtainable for the range or furnace and would ask that you phone your orders as soon as possible. Phone 298—W.M. BUSH.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

A Merry Christmas

—A few last suggestions to help make it so.—

Moir's Fruit Cake, rich fruit, per lb 55c
Moir's Sultana Cake, per lb 55c
Plum Pudding, Shelly's or Wagstaff's, each 75c

Christmas Crackers, per box 45c, 60c, 75c
Spanish Table Raisins, per lb pkg. 45c
Spanish Grapes, per lb 40c
Cranberries, per lb 25c; 2 lbs for 45c
Grape Fruit, Bananas, Head and Leaf Lettuce, Hot House Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Green Onions, Celery, Cauliflower, Etc.

Holly, per lb. \$1.00. Nuts, Candy, Fruit, all kinds
XMAS ORANGES—Fancy Xmas Oranges. Each Orange has a Merry Xmas seal and wrapper. at per dozen 50c, 60c, 70c
Sunkist Oranges, at per dozen 45c, 55c, 65c
SPECIAL—150 dozen "Sunkist" Oranges, doz. . 25c
—These will not last long at this price—

Scott's

Phone 222

Blairmore

WHY YOUR TROUSERS



should be made by us to measure. Ill-fitting trousers spoil the entire effect of a suit no matter whether the coat and vest fit all right. Besides, there's your comfort to consider. Waist too tight or too loose, seat the same, pinching crotch, ungraceful legs, awkward draping give you a sorry appearance. Try us on your next trousers and see the vast difference tailoring makes.

J. E. UPTON.

Tailor to The People of The Crows' Nest Pass

Phone 85

Blairmore

CAKE AND PUDDING SUPPLIES—

Currants, fine flavored, large and juicy, 5lbs for \$1.
Seedless Raisins, best quality, mealy and uniform in size, lb 25c, 2 for 45c, or 5 lbs for \$1.00
Candied Peel — Citron 65c lb. Lemon 50c lb. Orange 50c lb. New imported from best makers.
Seeded Raisins, luscious new stock, clean, perfect fruit, pkt 20c, 2 for 35c.
Walnuts, shelled 50c lb Almonds, shelled, 60c b. We have the best in Spices, Flavoring, Etc. Everything in fact to ensure your cake being a success. Make your choice now from our fine stock. Phone orders receive prompt and courteous attention.

MINERS' GROCERY

T. PONDELICEK & SON, PROPS.

P.O. Box 188

BLAIRMORE

Phone 79

MUSIC

Lessons in Piano and Theory for any number of pupils. Apply to MRS. BOND, Phone 301, State Street, Blairmore.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.

John Patterson, of Peter, was taken suddenly ill on Monday evening last and is confined to his bed with a slight pneumonia attack. His sister, Mrs. Campbell, of Nelson, arrived last night to nurse him.

The days of great discoveries are with us and we noticed a few days ago where some great adventurer found liquor in other than a private dwelling in the city of Lethbridge. Terrible! Who'd ever believe it?

The third degree was conferred on a class of candidates at the regular meeting of Blairmore Lodge No. 68, I.O.O.F., on Tuesday night. Following the meeting refreshments were served.

Save your "Blue Goose" wrappers.



WE RAISE ON HIGH

our voices and proclaim the merits of our fine new stock of jewelry. This being the "present" season, it seems reasonable to present our attractions for your approval.

GEMS AND JEWELRY

are here the most stylish, and in the most excellent workmanship. We are showing new designs in gold and silver watches, chains, charms, lockets, brooches, bracelets, cardrings, rings, sleeve buttons, etc.

S. TRONO

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

BLAIRMORE ALBERTA

J. R. GRESHAM, Commission Agent

ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE

Agent for Confederation Life Association

Office Phone 236

Blairmore, Alberta



DAY DREAMS
From the painting by Florence Culp

YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

Buying Christmas gifts ought to be an enjoyable undertaking because it is done with the idea of giving pleasure to others. Unfortunately, however, it often resolves itself into a tiring, nerve-racking business. When this happens it is usually because the shopping has not been carefully planned beforehand. Unless a list is made of the persons for whom you intend to purchase presents, and some idea indicated of the amount of money you wish to spend on each one and the kind of article you mean to buy, chaos and disappointment are sure to result. Few women have unlimited money to spend, and, there-

fore, they have to see how they can make the most of what they have, to study the shop windows, catalogues, and advertisements so that they will have some idea of values and prices. Once the list is made it is a good idea to carry it about with you in your purse, so that if you happen unexpectedly to see something that will just suit your husband or one of your children or your friends, you can buy it right away and triumphantly cross the name off the list. A gift that is chosen as the result of observation, and, therefore, fills a need or gratifies a wish, is always the most appreciated—even though its monetary worth may be slight.

When possible it is advisable to write down alternative suggestions on your list, as by so doing you may save yourself time and trouble.

Another time-saving notion is to group together on your list all the articles that would be obtained in the same department or the same shop.

"Shop early" is a slogan of the Christmas shopping season, and one which is worth putting into practice. By so doing you avoid rush, receive the best attention, a wider choice of goods, and can accomplish twice as much in half the time.

Prosperity in the New
A Merry Christmas and
Health, Happiness and
Year is the wish of

C. H. ERICSON

Carpenter & Builder Cabinet Maker

To My Friends and Patrons
The Best Wishes of the
Season.

E. M. NEVILLE

Men's Clothes Specialist
Blairmore

THE SEASON'S
GREETINGS TO ALL

CRYSTAL DAIRY

OLIVER BROS.
Phone 96 Blairmore

To Our Patrons
THE SEASON'S
GREETINGS

KING GEORGE CAFE

Joe You, Prop. Blairmore

Wishing You All A Merry
Xmas and a Happy
New Year.

L. DENOTARIS

Shoemaker. Blairmore

LEE LING

Blairmore Steam Laundry

Wishes the People of Blair-
more the best of the
Season's Greetings.

The Season's Greetings

To All

L. H. PUTNAM

Barrister, Etc.

Blairmore

Wishing One and All

The Season's Greetings

S. L. TUSTIAN

Blacksmith & Woodworker, Blairmore

A Happy Christmas and a
Bright and Prosperous
New Year to all.

UNION MEAT MARKET

Henry Zak, Prop.

Blairmore

—The Blairmore Bakery—

Wishes all its Patrons The
Season's Greetings

JIM NASTASI, PROP.

Wishing All a Happy Xmas
and Prosperous New Year

E. HINDS

Phone 149 —DRAYING— Blairmore

R. F. BARNES

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary

Coleman, Alberta

IS THERE A SANTA CLAUS?

IT is the same eternal question. And how often will it be asked? Just as long and as often as Christmas comes. You will be asked and thousands more, and little children will be answered and reassured and made happy just as was the little girl who put her question to the great editor, Charles A. Dana. She sought high authority when some one had caused her faith in childhood's patron saint to fall, and this is what the famous editor wrote her. It is the best answer that we know:

"Virginia, your little friends are wrong. They have been affected by the skepticism of a skeptical age. They do not believe except they see. They think that nothing can be which is not comprehensible to their little minds. All minds, Virginia, whether they be men's or children, are little. In this great universe of ours man is a mere insect, an ant, in his intellect, as compared with the boundless world about him, as measured by the intelligence capable of grasping the whole of truth and knowledge. Yes, Virginia, there is a Santa Claus. He exists as certainly as love and generosity and devotion exist, and you know that they abound and give to your life its highest beauty and joy. Alas! how dreary would be the world if there were no Santa Claus! It would be like a picture of a landscape without a horizon, or a book of stories without an ending. There would be no childlike faith then, no poetry, no romance, to make tolerable this existence. We should have no enjoyment except in sense and sight. The eternal light with which childhood fills the world would be extinguished. Not believe in Santa Claus? You might as well not believe in fairies! You might get your papa to hire men to watch in all the chimneys on Christmas Eve to catch Santa Claus, but that is no sign that there is no Santa Claus. The most real things in the world are those that neither children nor men can see. Did you ever see fairies dancing on the lawn? Of course not. But that's no proof that they are not there. Nobody can conceive or imagine all the wonders there are unseen and

ununderstandings, grudges or quarrels rob him of his own peace; but now, as he puts away these differences as unfit for the season of good-will, the peace arrives.

That is the paradox of Christianity. He who seeks peace does not find it. He who gives peace finds it returning to him again. He who hoards his life loses it, and he who spends it finds it—

"Not what we give, but what we share,
For the gift without the giver is bare;
Who gives himself with his alma feeds three,—
Himself, his hungry neighbor, and me."

That is the sweet and lingering echo of the angel's song

CHRISTMAS IN THE FAMILY

At this time of year all the family pick out father for the wherewithal to buy Christmas presents and so; by a circuitous route, father buys his own present but someone else gives it to him.

He lives under a nervous strain and when he sees a member of the family approaching him with a steady glitter in their eye he puts his hand in his pocket and says automatically—"How much?"

No matter how long and carefully prepared your list is, some unexpected person is sure to present you with something and once in a while you get badly twisted, and give the perfectly useless present one of the relatives gave you last year, back to her with much love!

And afterwards, Brother Bob could swim in a sea of handkerchiefs but he got a lot more and Sister Mary (who has a bilious complexion) got two yellow blouses!

Mother (who never goes anywhere but to church) got a pink feather fan! and Dad (a home body) a pair of opera glasses! Father gave mother a double boiler and mother gave father a new shovel for the furnace!



HAPPY MOMENTS

This reproduction is from the original by the late Philip Boileau, who was born in Quebec, and became famous after studying in France and later in New York, where many of his works of art were used by the large art publishers of the United States.

unseeable in the world. You may tear apart the baby's rattle and see what makes the noise inside, but there is a veil covering the unseen world which not the strongest man, nor even the united strength of all the strongest men that ever lived, could tear apart. Only faith, fancy, poetry, love, romance, can push aside that curtain and view and picture the supernal beauty and glory beyond. Is it real? Ah, Virginia, in all this world there is nothing else real and abiding. No Santa Claus? Thank God! he lives and he lives forever. A thousand years from now, Virginia, nay, ten times ten thousand years from now, he will continue to make glad the heart of childhood."

PEACE AND GOOD WILL

We are beginning to feel already the sweep of life that hurries us all along to the keeping of the Christmas season; our music already takes on a Christmas tone, and we begin to hear the song of the angels which seemed to the Evangelists to give the human birth of Jesus a fit accompaniment in the harmonies of heaven.

This song of the angels, as we have been used to reading it, was a threefold message; of glory to God, peace on earth, and good-will among men; but the better scholarship of the Revised Version now reads in the verse a twofold message. First, there is a glory to God, and then there is peace on earth to the men of good-will. Those, that is to say, who have the good-will in themselves are the ones who will find peace on earth. Their unselfishness brings them their personal happiness. They give themselves in good-will, and so they obtain peace. That is the true spirit of the Christmas season. It is the good-will which brings the peace. Over and over again in these months of feverish scrambling for personal gain, men have sought for peace and have not found it; and now, when they turn to this generous good-will, the peace they sought comes of itself. Many a man in the past year has had his

Uncle Henry (who wears a wig) was presented with a handsome bottle of hair tonic! and Cousin James who "never touches the filthy weed" two boxes of cigars and a cuspidor!

The home brew that father had made specially for the festive season unfortunately turned into vinegar and cast a gloom over some of the male members, otherwise the Christmas celebration is bound to be a huge success.

And 11 p.m. Christmas night!

Mother: "Father! have you seen the castor oil bottle anywhere lately? Willie seems to have a pain."

Willie sitting limply in his chair sees a vision of two helpings of turkey, peas, potatoes, salad, plum pudding, mince pie, nuts and raisins and candy passing before him.

Willie: "Mother, it's not 'actly a pain, it's only I'm just too rounded out!"

Family Chorus: "No, it's not a pain, it's just we're too rounded out." (deep sighs).

DICKENS AND CHRISTMAS

Christmas! A well-known public man once said that: "Charles Dickens, to a great extent, made the keeping of Christmas what it is." There is little doubt that the Master-Author's Christmas stories infused into the World that Christmas spirit which is so prevalent to-day—the Spirit of Love and Charity. Charles Dickens' works are as popular to-day as they were fifty years ago. Branches of the Dickens Fellowship Society are established in many towns on both sides of the Atlantic, and their membership is increasing yearly. Charles Dickens will never be forgotten. The millions of his readers speak for that, and he will be always especially remembered at Christmas time.

It is more than half a century since all that was left of the great heart and brain was deposited in Westminster Abbey. Yet the magic of Charles Dickens still touches our lives, and the manhood of the whole Anglo-Saxon race is covered by those hours of our boyhood when we laughed at Sam Weller, hated Jonas Chuzzlewit, and Carver, loved little Nell, and trembled at Quilp.

Wishing All the
COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON

J. R. GRESHAM

AGENT FOR ALL CLASSES OF INSURANCE

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

Wishing All A Happy Christmas and a
Glad and Prosperous New Year

BLAIRMORE HARDWARE CO.

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

To Our Patrons
A HAPPY CHRISTMAS AND
PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR

P. BURNS & CO., LTD.

BLAIRMORE

HILLCREST

BELLEVUE

THE SEASON'S BEST WISHES FROM

MAR POY

—Xmas Candles—Cigars—Novelties—Restaurant—

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

We take this opportunity to thank our Customers
for their Patronage in the past and wish one and all
THE SEASON'S BEST GREETINGS

CROWS' NEST FLOUR & FEED STORE

BLAIRMORE,

MARTIN KUBIK, PROP.

ALBERTA

—THE SEASON'S BEST WISHES—

KNAPMAN PLUMBING & HEATING CO.

BLAIRMORE,

ALBERTA

The Season's Best Wishes from

THE ORPHEUM THEATRE

BLAIRMORE,

P. UBERTINO, PROP.

ALBERTA

We extend to the People of Blairmore and District
Our Heartiest Greetings and assure them of our
continued desire to be of service.

PALM CAFE, LIMITED

Confectionery, Fruits, Novelties, Etc.

BLAIRMORE

Wishing the People of The Crows' Nest Pass
THE COMPLIMENTS OF THE SEASON

THE EMPIRE HOTEL

J. A. McDONALD, PROP.

COLEMAN

THE SEASON'S GREETINGS TO ALL

LACH & MICHALSKY

GROCERIES AND MEATS.

BLAIRMORE, ALBERTA